

BIK Antibody

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ABV10536

Specification

BIK Antibody - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Reactivity

Host Clonality Isotype

Calculated MW

WB

Q13323

Human, Mouse, Rat

Rabbit Polyclonal Rabbit IgG 18016

BIK Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 638

Application & Usage

Western blotting (2-6 μ g/ml). However, the optimal conditions should be determined individually. Jurkat cell lysate can be used as positive controls. The antibody detects a \sim 17 kDa BIK in samples from human, mouse, and rat origins. A \sim 15 kDa cleavage fragment can also be detected

Other Names

BCL2 interacting killer, Apoptosis inducer NBK, BIP 1, BIP, bik

Target/Specificity

BIK

Antibody Form

Liquid

Appearance

Colorless liquid

Formulation

 $100 \mu g$ (0.5 mg/ml) Protein A affinity purified rabbit anti-BIK polyclonal antibody in phosphate buffered saline (PBS), pH 7.2, containing 30% glycerol, 0.5% BSA, 0.01% thimerosal.

Handling

The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Reconstitution & Storage

-20 °C

Background Descriptions



Precautions

BIK Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

BIK Antibody - Protein Information

Name BIK

Synonyms NBK

Function

Accelerates programmed cell death. Association to the apoptosis repressors Bcl-X(L), BHRF1, Bcl-2 or its adenovirus homolog E1B 19k protein suppresses this death-promoting activity. Does not interact with BAX.

Cellular Location

Endomembrane system; Single-pass membrane protein. Mitochondrion membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Note=Around the nuclear envelope, and in cytoplasmic membranes

BIK Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

BIK Antibody - Images

BIK Antibody - Background

BIK is a member of Pro-apoptotic Bcl-2 family proteins. Altho µgh Bik lacks Bcl-2 homologus region, BH1 and BH2, BIK interacts with Bcl-2 and Bcl-xL. BIK has been shown to induce apoptosis by activating caspase-9.