

NONO Antibody
Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # ABV10572**Specification**

NONO Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, IP
Primary Accession	Q15233
Other Accession	NP_031389.3
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	54232

NONO Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 4841

Application & Usage	Western blotting (1:500 - 1:2000) and Immunoprecipitation. However, the optimal concentrations should be determined individually. The antibody recognizes the human NONO. Reactivity to other species has not been tested.
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Other Names

NONO, Non-POU Domain Containing, Octamer-binding, NRB54, P54NRB, Nuclear RNA-binding protein, 54kD, NMT54

Target/Specificity

NONO

Antibody Form

Liquid

Appearance

Colorless liquid

Formulation

100 µl affinity purified rabbit polyclonal antibody in phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) containing 30% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.01% thimerosal.

Handling

The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Reconstitution & Storage

-20 °C

Background Descriptions

Precautions

NONO Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

NONO Antibody - Protein Information

Name NONO {ECO:0000303|PubMed:9393982, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:7871}

Function

DNA- and RNA binding protein, involved in several nuclear processes (PubMed:11525732, PubMed:12403470, PubMed:26571461). Binds the conventional octamer sequence in double-stranded DNA (PubMed:11525732, PubMed:12403470, PubMed:26571461). Also binds single- stranded DNA and RNA at a site independent of the duplex site (PubMed:11525732, PubMed:12403470, PubMed:26571461). Involved in pre- mRNA splicing, probably as a heterodimer with SFPQ (PubMed:11525732, PubMed:12403470, PubMed:26571461). Interacts with U5 snRNA, probably by binding to a purine-rich sequence located on the 3' side of U5 snRNA stem 1b (PubMed:12403470). Together with PSPC1, required for the formation of nuclear paraspeckles (PubMed:22416126). The SFPQ-NONO heteromer associated with MATR3 may play a role in nuclear retention of defective RNAs (PubMed:11525732). The SFPQ-NONO heteromer may be involved in DNA unwinding by modulating the function of topoisomerase I/TOP1 (PubMed:10858305). The SFPQ-NONO heteromer may be involved in DNA non-homologous end joining (NHEJ) required for double-strand break repair and V(D)J recombination and may stabilize paired DNA ends (PubMed:15590677). In vitro, the complex strongly stimulates DNA end joining, binds directly to the DNA substrates and cooperates with the Ku70/G22P1-Ku80/XRCC5 (Ku) dimer to establish a functional preligation complex (PubMed:15590677). NONO is involved in transcriptional regulation. The SFPQ-NONO-NR5A1 complex binds to the CYP17 promoter and regulates basal and cAMP-dependent transcriptional activity (PubMed:11897684). NONO binds to an enhancer element in long terminal repeats of endogenous intracisternal A particles (IAPs) and activates transcription (By similarity). Regulates the circadian clock by repressing the transcriptional activator activity of the CLOCK-BMAL1 heterodimer (By similarity). Important for the functional organization of GABAergic synapses (By similarity). Plays a specific and important role in the regulation of synaptic RNAs and GPHN/gephyrin scaffold structure, through the regulation of GABRA2 transcript (By similarity). Plays a key role during neuronal differentiation by recruiting TET1 to genomic loci and thereby regulating 5-hydroxymethylcytosine levels (By similarity). Plays a role in the regulation of DNA virus-mediated innate immune response by assembling into the HDP-RNP complex, a complex that serves as a platform for IRF3 phosphorylation and subsequent innate immune response activation through the cGAS-STING pathway (PubMed:28712728, PubMed:30270045). Promotes

activation of the cGAS-STING pathway in response to HIV-2 infection: acts by interacting with HIV-2 Capsid protein p24, thereby promoting detection of viral DNA by CGAS, leading to CGAS-mediated immune activation (PubMed:30270045). In contrast, the weak interaction with HIV-1 Capsid protein p24 does not allow activation of the cGAS-STING pathway (PubMed:30270045).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Nucleus, nucleolus. Nucleus speckle. Chromosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q99K48}. Note=Detected in punctate subnuclear structures often located adjacent to splicing speckles, called paraspeckles.

Tissue Location

Heart, brain, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney and pancreas. Also found in a number of breast tumor cell lines.

NONO Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

NONO Antibody - Images**NONO Antibody - Background**

Non-POU-domain-containing octamer binding protein (NONO) is a member of the DBHS (drosophila behavior, human splicing) domain-containing family and is an RNA- and DNA- binding protein. NONO and other DBHS domain-containing proteins are multifunctional and are reported to be involved in transcriptional regulation, mRNA processing, and DNA non-homologous end joining (NHEJ). NONO functions as a coregulator of the androgen receptor (AR) and also regulates cAMP transcriptional activity by interacting with gene promoter elements. NONO is also involved in pre-mRNA splicing through an interaction with U5 snRNA and can stimulate DNA nonhomologous end joining (NHEJ) through the interaction with ku70/G22p and ku80/XRCC5 dimers.