

FRS2 Antibody

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ABV10647

Specification

FRS2 Antibody - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Other Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality

Isotype Calculated MW WB Q8WU20 NP_006645.3

Human, Mouse, Rat Rabbit Polyclonal Rabbit IgG 57029

FRS2 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 10818

Application & Usage

Western blotting (0.5-4 μ g/ml). However, the optimal concentrations should be determined individually.

Other Names

FRS2, FRS2A, FRS2alpha, SNT, SNT-1, SNT

Target/Specificity

FRS2

Antibody Form

Liquid

Appearance

Colorless liquid

Formulation

 $100 \mu g$ (0.5 mg/ml) affinity purified rabbit polyclonal antibody in phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) containing 30% glycerol, 0.5% BSA, and 0.01% thimerosal.

Handling

The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Reconstitution & Storage

-20 °C

Background Descriptions

Precautions

FRS2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.



FRS2 Antibody - Protein Information

Name FRS2

Function

Adapter protein that links activated FGR and NGF receptors to downstream signaling pathways. Plays an important role in the activation of MAP kinases and in the phosphorylation of PIK3R1, the regulatory subunit of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase, in response to ligand-mediated activation of FGFR1. Modulates signaling via SHC1 by competing for a common binding site on NTRK1.

Cellular Location

Endomembrane system. Note=Cytoplasmic, membrane- bound

Tissue Location

Highly expressed in heart, brain, spleen, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney and testis

FRS2 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

FRS2 Antibody - Images

FRS2 Antibody - Background

Fibroblast growth factor receptor substrate 2 (FRS2) is a 70-90kDA member of the FSR family of lipid-anchored docking protein. FRS2 contains Grb2 binding sites, a myristylation sequence and a PTP domain. Activation of FGFR leads to tyrosine phosphorylation of FRS2 and the binding of phosphorylated FRS2 to GRB2/SOS complexes. Once phosphorylated, FRS2 recruits SH2 domain-containing proteins including Grb2 and SHP-2 mediating downstream signalling. FRS2 thus, acts as an intermediary between FGF and Trk receptors that links receptor tyrosine kinase to Ras/MAPK signaling pathway.