

Anti-Rat IGF-1 Antibody Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ABV10842

### **Specification**

### **Anti-Rat IGF-1 Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<u>P08025</u>
Reactivity	Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	17079

#### **Anti-Rat IGF-1 Antibody - Additional Information**

Gene ID 24482

Positive Control Application & Usage Recombinant rat IGF-I The antibody can be used in Western Blot analysis (1-4  $\mu$ g/ml). However, the optimal conditions should be determined individually. Recombinant rat IGF-1 can be used as a positive control.

**Other Names** IGF-1, IGF 1, Insulin like growth factor-1, Insulin like growth factor 1, Somatomedin C

Target/Specificity IGF-I

Antibody Form Liquid

Appearance Colorless liquid

**Formulation** 100  $\mu$ g (0.5 mg/ml) affinity purified rabbit anti-IGF-1 polyclonal antibody in phosphate buffered saline (PBS), pH 7.2, containing 30% glycerol, 0.5% BSA, 5mM EDTA and 0.01% thimerosal.

Handling The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Reconstitution & Storage -20 °C

**Background Descriptions** 

Precautions



Anti-Rat IGF-1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# Anti-Rat IGF-1 Antibody - Protein Information

Name lgf1

Synonyms lgf-1

#### Function

The insulin-like growth factors, isolated from plasma, are structurally and functionally related to insulin but have a much higher growth-promoting activity. May be a physiological regulator of [1-14C]- 2-deoxy-D-glucose (2DG) transport and glycogen synthesis in osteoblasts. Stimulates glucose transport in bone-derived osteoblastic (PyMS) cells and is effective at much lower concentrations than insulin, not only regarding glycogen and DNA synthesis but also with regard to enhancing glucose uptake. May play a role in synapse maturation. Ca(2+)-dependent exocytosis of IGF1 is required for sensory perception of smell in the olfactory bulb. Acts as a ligand for IGF1R. Binds to the alpha subunit of IGF1R, leading to the activation of the intrinsic tyrosine kinase activity which autophosphorylates tyrosine residues in the beta subunit thus initiating a cascade of down-stream signaling events leading to activation of the PI3K-AKT/PKB and the Ras- MAPK pathways. Binds to integrins ITGAV:ITGB3 and ITGA6:ITGB4. Its binding to integrins and subsequent ternary complex formation with integrins and IGFR1 are essential for IGF1 signaling. Induces the phosphorylation and activation of IGFR1, MAPK3/ERK1, MAPK1/ERK2 and AKT1 (By similarity). As part of the MAPK/ERK signaling pathway, acts as a negative regulator of apoptosis in cardiomyocytes via promotion of STUB1/CHIP-mediated ubiquitination and degradation of ICER-type isoforms of CREM (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20724525" target="\_blank">20724525</a>).

Cellular Location Secreted {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P05017}.

#### Anti-Rat IGF-1 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- <u>Flow Cytomety</u>
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

#### Anti-Rat IGF-1 Antibody - Images

# Anti-Rat IGF-1 Antibody - Background

IGF-I (insulin-like Growth Factor-I) is a polypeptide growth factor that stimulates the proliferation of a wide range of cell types including muscle, bone, and cartilage tissue. Rat IGF-I is a 7.69 kDa protein.