

IGF-BP5 Antibody

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ABV11055

Specification

IGF-BP5 Antibody - Product Information

Application WB **Primary Accession** P24593 NP 000590 Other Accession Reactivity Human Host **Rabbit** Clonality **Polyclonal** Isotype Rabbit IgG Calculated MW 30570

IGF-BP5 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 3488

Application & Usage

Western blotting (0.5-4 μ g/ml). However, the optimal conditions should be determined individually. Recombinant human IGFBP-5 can be used as a positive control. Other applications have not been determined.

Other Names

IGFBP-5, IGFBP5, IGFBP 5, IGF-BP-5, IGF-BP 5

Target/Specificity

IGF-BP5

Antibody Form

Liquid

Appearance

Colorless liquid

Formulation

 $100~\mu g$ (0.5 mg/ml) affinity purified rabbit anti-human IGF-BP5 polyclonal antibody in phosphate buffered saline (PBS), pH 7.2, containing 30% glycerol and 0.01% thimerosal.

Handling

The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Reconstitution & Storage

-20 °C

Background Descriptions



Precautions

IGF-BP5 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

IGF-BP5 Antibody - Protein Information

Name IGFBP5

Synonyms IBP5

Function

IGF-binding proteins prolong the half-life of the IGFs and have been shown to either inhibit or stimulate the growth promoting effects of the IGFs on cell culture. They alter the interaction of IGFs with their cell surface receptors.

Cellular Location

Secreted.

Tissue Location

Osteosarcoma, and at lower levels in liver, kidney and brain

IGF-BP5 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

IGF-BP5 Antibody - Images

IGF-BP5 Antibody - Background

Human IGF-BP5 is a cysteine-rich secreted protein produced by vascular smooth muscle cells. It is the major IGF-binding protein present in bone tissue and helps potentiate the action of IGF-I on smooth muscle cells, fibroblasts or osteoblasts. Studies show that IGF-BP5 acts as a growth inhibitor and pro-apoptotic agent in breast cancer cells. IGF-BP5 overexpressing mice show an increase in neonatal mortality, reduced female fertility, whole body growth inhibition, and retarded muscle development.