

PSGL-1 Antibody

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ABV11209

Specification

PSGL-1 Antibody - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession 014242

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW 43201

PSGL-1 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 6404

Positive Control Western blot: Jurkat Cell lysate

Application & Usage Western blot: 1-4 μg/ml.

Other Names

PSGL, CD162, SELPLG, CLA, CD162, PSGL1, Selectin P ligand.

Target/Specificity

PSGL-1

Antibody Form

Liquid

Appearance

Colorless liquid

Formulation

 $100~\mu g$ or $30~\mu g$ (0.5 mg/ml) of antibody in PBS pH 7.2 containing 0.01 % BSA, 0.01 % thimerosal, and 50~% glycerol.

Handling

The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Reconstitution & Storage

-20 °C

Background Descriptions

Precautions

PSGL-1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

PSGL-1 Antibody - Protein Information



Name SELPLG

Function

A SLe(x)-type proteoglycan, which through high affinity, calcium-dependent interactions with E-, P- and L-selectins, mediates rapid rolling of leukocytes over vascular surfaces during the initial steps in inflammation. Critical for the initial leukocyte capture.

Cellular Location

Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein.

Tissue Location

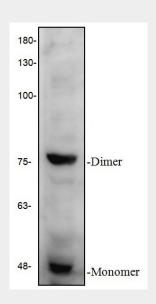
Expressed on neutrophils, monocytes and most lymphocytes

PSGL-1 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

PSGL-1 Antibody - Images



Western blot of PSGL-1/CD162 antibody with Jurkat cell lysate.

PSGL-1 Antibody - Background

PSGL-1 (P-Selectin glycoprotein ligand, also designated CD162), exists as a disulfide-linked homodimer. PSGL-1 is a type 1 membrane protein that localizes on the tips of microvilli of leukocytes. Its extracellular domain is rich in serines, threonines and prolines, and includes a series of 15 and 16 decameric repeats in HL-60 and U-937 cells, and human leukocytes, respectively.





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Although PSGL-1 appears to be the sole receptor for P-Selectin on human hematopoietic cells, it also interacts with E-Selectin through a unique binding site. In order to bind PSGL-1 to either E-Selectin or P-Selectin, PSGL-1 must be sialylated and fucosylated. PSLG-1 is a mucin-like molecule, much like leukosialin (CD43), CD164 and CD34. These proteins belong to an emerging family of cell adhesion receptors called sialomucins, which transduce negative signals in hematopoietic cells.