

**Cathepsin L Antibody**  
**Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog # ABV11220****Specification**

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**Cathepsin L Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P07711</a>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	37564

**Cathepsin L Antibody - Additional Information****Gene ID** 1514

Positive Control  
Application & Usage  
**Other Names**  
CTSL, CTSL1

**Western Blot: Recombinant protein**  
**Western blot: 1-4 µg/ml.**

**Target/Specificity**  
Cathepsin L

**Antibody Form**  
Liquid

**Appearance**  
Colorless liquid

**Formulation**  
100 µg (0.5 mg/ml) of antibody in PBS pH 7.2 containing 0.01 % BSA, 0.01 % thimerosal, and 50 % glycerol.

**Handling**  
The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

**Reconstitution & Storage**  
-20 °C

**Background Descriptions**

**Precautions**  
Cathepsin L Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Cathepsin L Antibody - Protein Information

**Name** CTSL ([HGNC:2537](#))

**Synonyms** CTSL1

### Function

Thiol protease important for the overall degradation of proteins in lysosomes (Probable). Plays a critical for normal cellular functions such as general protein turnover, antigen processing and bone remodeling. Involved in the solubilization of cross-linked TG/thyroglobulin and in the subsequent release of thyroid hormone thyroxine (T4) by limited proteolysis of TG/thyroglobulin in the thyroid follicle lumen (By similarity). In neuroendocrine chromaffin cells secretory vesicles, catalyzes the prohormone proenkephalin processing to the active enkephalin peptide neurotransmitter (By similarity). In thymus, regulates CD4(+) T cell positive selection by generating the major histocompatibility complex class II (MHCII) bound peptide ligands presented by cortical thymic epithelial cells. Also mediates invariant chain processing in cortical thymic epithelial cells (By similarity). Major elastin-degrading enzyme at neutral pH. Accumulates as a mature and active enzyme in the extracellular space of antigen presenting cells (APCs) to regulate degradation of the extracellular matrix in the course of inflammation (By similarity). Secreted form generates endostatin from COL18A1 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10716919" target="\_blank">10716919</a>). Critical for cardiac morphology and function. Plays an important role in hair follicle morphogenesis and cycling, as well as epidermal differentiation (By similarity). Required for maximal stimulation of steroidogenesis by TIMP1 (By similarity).

### Cellular Location

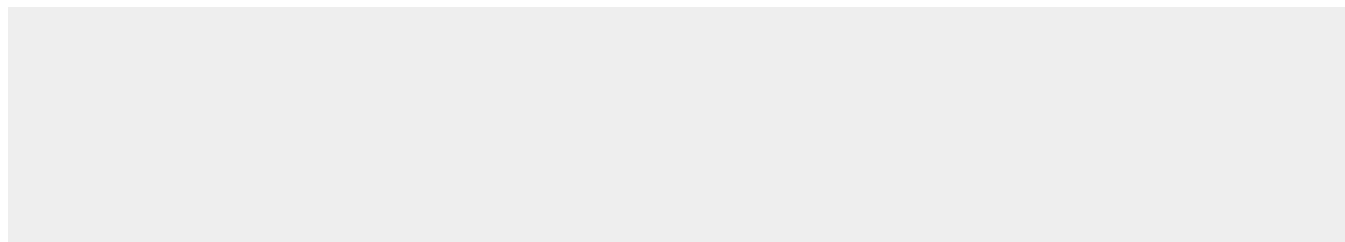
Lysosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P06797}. Apical cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P06797}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P06797}; Extracellular side {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P06797}. Cytoplasmic vesicle, secretory vesicle, chromaffin granule {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P25975}. Secreted, extracellular space {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P06797}. Secreted {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P06797}. Note=Localizes to the apical membrane of thyroid epithelial cells. Released at extracellular space by activated dendritic cells and macrophages {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P06797}

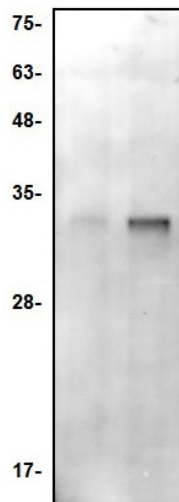
## Cathepsin L Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## Cathepsin L Antibody - Images





Western blot of rh-cathepsin L antibody. Lane 1: Recombinant rh-cathepsin L - 2 ng. Lane 2: Recombinant rh-cathepsin L - 10 ng

#### **Cathepsin L Antibody - Background**

Cathepsin L, a lysosomal endopeptidase expressed in most eukaryotic cells, is a member of the papain-like family of cysteine proteinases.<sup>1-3</sup> Cathepsin L plays a major role in antigen processing, tumor invasion and metastasis, bone resorption, and turnover of intracellular and secreted proteins involved in growth regulation.<sup>4-6</sup> Although commonly recognized as a lysosomal protease, cathepsin L is also secreted. This broad-spectrum protease is potent in degrading several extracellular proteins (laminins, fibronectin, collagens I and IV, elastin, and other structural proteins of basement membranes) as well as serum proteins and cytoplasmic and nuclear proteins.