

**CD47/MER6 Polyclonal Antibody**  
**Rabbit Anti Human Polyclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog # ABV11723****Specification**

---

**CD47/MER6 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	FC, IHC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q08722</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	35214

**CD47/MER6 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information****Gene ID 961**

Positive Control	IHC, FC
Application & Usage	IHC-P~~1:100~1:500 FC~~1:20~1:100
<b>Other Names</b>	
IAP; OA3; MER6; Leukocyte surface antigen CD47; Antigenic surface determinant protein OA3; Integrin-associated protein; Protein MER6; CD47	

**Target/Specificity**  
CD47**Antibody Form**  
Liquid**Appearance**  
Colorless liquid**Formulation**  
0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glycerol**Handling**  
The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.**Reconstitution & Storage**  
-20 °C**Background Descriptions****Precautions**  
CD47/MER6 Polyclonal Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## CD47/MER6 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

**Name** CD47

**Synonyms** MER6

### Function

Adhesive protein that mediates cell-to-cell interactions (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11509594" target="\_blank">11509594</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15383453" target="\_blank">15383453</a>). Acts as a receptor for thrombospondin THBS1 and as modulator of integrin signaling through the activation of heterotrimeric G proteins (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19004835" target="\_blank">19004835</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8550562" target="\_blank">8550562</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7691831" target="\_blank">7691831</a>). Involved in signal transduction, cardiovascular homeostasis, inflammation, apoptosis, angiogenesis, cellular self-renewal, and immunoregulation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27742621" target="\_blank">27742621</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19004835" target="\_blank">19004835</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8550562" target="\_blank">8550562</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11509594" target="\_blank">11509594</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7691831" target="\_blank">7691831</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32679764" target="\_blank">32679764</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15383453" target="\_blank">15383453</a>). Plays a role in modulating pulmonary endothelin EDN1 signaling (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27742621" target="\_blank">27742621</a>). Modulates nitrous oxide (NO) signaling, in response to THBS1, hence playing a role as a pressor agent, supporting blood pressure (By similarity). Plays an important role in memory formation and synaptic plasticity in the hippocampus (By similarity). Receptor for SIRPA, binding to which prevents maturation of immature dendritic cells and inhibits cytokine production by mature dendritic cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11509594" target="\_blank">11509594</a>). Interaction with SIRPG mediates cell-cell adhesion, enhances superantigen-dependent T-cell-mediated proliferation and costimulates T-cell activation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15383453" target="\_blank">15383453</a>). Positively modulates FAS-dependent apoptosis in T-cells, perhaps by enhancing FAS clustering (By similarity). Plays a role in suppressing angiogenesis and may be involved in metabolic dysregulation during normal aging (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32679764" target="\_blank">32679764</a>). In response to THBS1, negatively modulates wound healing (By similarity). Inhibits stem cell self-renewal, in response to THBS1, probably by regulation of the stem cell transcription factors POU5F1/OCT4, SOX2, MYC/c-Myc and KLF4 (By similarity). May play a role in membrane transport and/or integrin dependent signal transduction (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7691831" target="\_blank">7691831</a>). May prevent premature elimination of red blood cells (By similarity).

### Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

### Tissue Location

Very broadly distributed on normal adult tissues, as well as ovarian tumors, being especially abundant in some epithelia and the brain

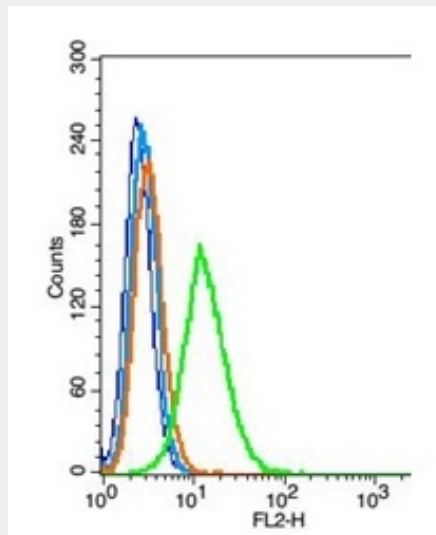
## CD47/MER6 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

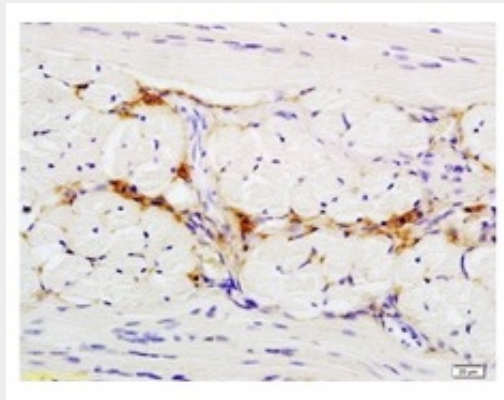
- [Western Blot](#)

- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### CD47/MER6 Polyclonal Antibody - Images



RSC96 cells probed with CD47 polyclonal antibody, Unconjugated at 1:100 for 30 minutes followed by incubation with a PE conjugated secondary(green) for 30 minutes compared to control cells(blue), secondary only(light blue) and isotype control(organge).



Formalin-fixed and paraffin embedded Rat tongue tissue labeled with anti-CD47 polyclonal antibody.

### CD47/MER6 Polyclonal Antibody - Background

Has a role in both cell adhesion by acting as an adhesion receptor for THBS1 on platelets, and in the modulation of integrins. Plays an important role in memory formation and synaptic plasticity in the hippocampus (By similarity). Receptor for SIRPA, binding to which prevents maturation of immature dendritic cells and inhibits cytokine production by mature dendritic cells. Interaction with SIRPG mediates cell-cell adhesion, enhances superantigen-dependent T-cell-mediated proliferation and costimulates T-cell activation. May play a role in membrane transport and/or integrin dependent signal transduction. May prevent premature elimination of red blood cells. May be

involved in membrane permeability changes induced following virus infection.