

#### Anti-PD-1 (Nivolumab), Humanized Antibody Human Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # ABV12038

# Specification

# Anti-PD-1 (Nivolumab), Humanized Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype

E <u>Q02242</u> Human Human Monoclonal Human IgG4

## Anti-PD-1 (Nivolumab), Humanized Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 18566

Other Names Opdivo, PD-1

Target/Specificity PD-1

Antibody Form Liquid

Appearance Colorless liquid

Formulation In phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.6

Handling The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Reconstitution & Storage -20 °C

Background Descriptions

**Precautions** Anti-PD-1 (Nivolumab), Humanized Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Anti-PD-1 (Nivolumab), Humanized Antibody - Protein Information

Name Pdcd1 {ECO:0000312|MGI:MGI:104879}



## Function

Inhibitory receptor on antigen activated T-cells that plays a critical role in induction and maintenance of immune tolerance to self (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10485649" target="\_blank">10485649</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11698646" target="\_blank">11698646</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11209085" target="\_blank">11209085</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21300912" target="\_blank">21300912</a>). Delivers
inhibitory signals upon binding to ligands, such as CD274/PDCD1L1 and CD273/PDCD1LG2
(PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11015443" target="\_blank">11015443</a>,
PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11024527" target="\_blank">11015443</a>,
PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11224527" target="\_blank">2641383</a>,
PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22641383" target="\_blank">18287011</a>,
PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18287011" target="\_blank">18287011</a>,
PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18641123" target="\_blank">18641123</a>,
PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18287011" target="\_blank">18287011</a>,
PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18641123" target="\_blank">18641123</a>,
PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18641123" target="\_blank">18641123</a>,).
Following T-cell receptor (TCR) engagement, PDCD1 associates with CD3-TCR in the immunological
synapse and directly inhibits T-cell activation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uni

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22641383" target="\_blank">22641383</a>). Suppresses T-cell activation through the recruitment of PTPN11/SHP-2: following ligand-binding, PDCD1 is phosphorylated within the ITSM motif, leading to the recruitment of the protein tyrosine phosphatase PTPN11/SHP-2 that mediates dephosphorylation of key TCR proximal signaling molecules, such as ZAP70, PRKCQ/PKCtheta and CD247/CD3zeta (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11698646" target="\_blank">11698646</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22641383" target="\_blank">22641383</a>). The PDCD1-mediated inhibitory pathway is exploited by tumors to attenuate anti-tumor immunity and facilitate tumor survival (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

**Tissue Location** Thymus-specific..

## Anti-PD-1 (Nivolumab), Humanized Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- <u>Blocking Peptides</u>
- <u>Dot Blot</u>
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

## Anti-PD-1 (Nivolumab), Humanized Antibody - Images

## Anti-PD-1 (Nivolumab), Humanized Antibody - Background

Nivolumab, trade name Opdivo, is a medication used to treat cancer. It is used as a first line treatment for inoperable or metastatic melanoma in combination with ipilimumab if the cancer does not have a mutation in BRAF, as a second-line treatment following treatment with ipilimumab and if the cancer has a mutation in BRAF, with a BRAF inhibitor, as a second-line treatment for squamous non-small cell lung cancer, and as a second-line treatment for renal cell carcinoma.