



### **Annexin A1**

Rabbit Monoclonal antibody(Mab)
Catalog # AD80052

## **Specification**

### **Annexin A1 - Product info**

Application IHC-P
Primary Accession P04083
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Monoclonal
Calculated MW 38714

#### Annexin A1 - Additional info

Gene ID 301
Gene Name ANXA1

**Other Names** 

Annexin A1, Annexin I, Annexin-1, Calpactin II, Calpactin-2, Chromobindin-9, Lipocortin I, Phospholipase A2 inhibitory protein, p35, Annexin Ac2-26, ANXA1, ANX1, LPC1

**Dilution** 

IHC-P~~Ready-to-use

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C

Precautions Annexin A1 Antibody is for research use

only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

# **Annexin A1 - Protein Information**

Name ANXA1

Synonyms ANX1, LPC1

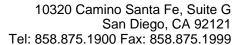
Function Plays important roles in the innate immune response as effector of

glucocorticoid-mediated responses and regulator of the inflammatory process. Has

anti-inflammatory activity

(PubMed:<u>8425544</u>). Plays a role in

glucocorticoid-mediated down- regulation of the early phase of the inflammatory response (By similarity). Promotes resolution of inflammation and wound healing (PubMed:25664854). Functions at least in part by activating the formyl peptide receptors and downstream





Cellular Location

signaling cascades (PubMed: 15187149, PubMed:25664854). Promotes chemotaxis of granulocytes and monocytes via activation of the formyl peptide receptors (PubMed: 15187149). Contributes to the adaptive immune response by enhancing signaling cascades that are triggered by Tcell activation, regulates differentiation and proliferation of activated T-cells (PubMed: 17008549). Promotes the differentiation of T-cells into Th1 cells and negatively regulates differentiation into Th2 cells (PubMed: 17008549). Has no effect on unstimulated T cells (PubMed:17008549), Promotes rearrangement of the actin cytoskeleton, cell polarization and cell migration (PubMed: 15187149). Negatively regulates hormone exocytosis via activation of the formyl peptide receptors and reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton (PubMed: 19625660). Has high affinity for Ca(2+) and can bind up to eight Ca(2+) ions (By similarity). Displays Ca(2+)-dependent binding to phospholipid membranes (PubMed: 2532504, PubMed:8557678). Plays a role in the formation of phagocytic cups and phagosomes. Plays a role in phagocytosis by mediating the Ca(2+)-dependent interaction between phagosomes and the actin cytoskeleton (By similarity). Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Cell projection, cilium {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P46193}. Cell membrane. Membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Endosome membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P07150}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P07150}. Basolateral cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P51662}. Apical cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P10107}. Lateral cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P10107}. Secreted. Secreted, extracellular space. Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Extracellular side. Secreted, exosome. Cytoplasmic vesicle, secretory vesicle lumen. Cell projection, phagocytic cup {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P10107}. **Early endosome** {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P19619}. Cytoplasmic vesicle membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P19619}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P19619}.



Tissue Location

### **Annexin A1 - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# Annexin A1 - Images

activation (PubMed:17008549). Neutrophil adhesion to endothelial cells stimulates secretion via gelatinase granules, but foreign particle phagocytosis has no effect (PubMed:10772777). Colocalizes with actin fibers at phagocytic cups (By similarity). Displays calcium- dependent binding to phospholipid membranes (PubMed:2532504, PubMed:8557678). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P10107, ECO:0000269|PubMed:10772777, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17008549, ECO:0000269|PubMed:2532504, ECO:0000269|PubMed:25664854, ECO:0000269|PubMed:8557678} **Detected in resting neutrophils** (PubMed:10772777). Detected in peripheral blood T-cells (PubMed:17008549). Detected in extracellular vesicles in blood serum from patients with inflammatory bowel disease, but not in serum from healthy donors (PubMed:25664854). Detected in placenta (at protein level) (PubMed:2532504). **Detected** in liver

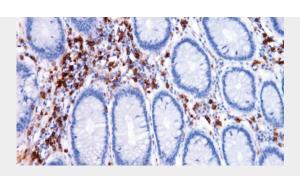
Note=Secreted, at least in part via exosomes and other secretory vesicles.

inflammation (PubMed:25664854). Secretion is increased upon T-cell

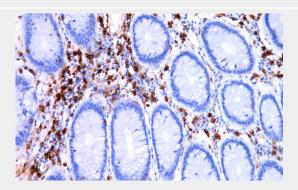
extracellular vesicles (PubMed:25664854). Detected in gelatinase granules in resting neutrophils (PubMed:10772777) Secretion is increased in response to wounding and

**Detected in exosomes and other** 





## Colon cancer



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded colorectal carcinoma; tissue using AD80052 performed on the Abcarta® FAIP-30 Fully automated IHC platform. Tissue was fixed with formaldehyde at room temperature, antigen retrieval was by heat mediation with a Citrate buffer (pH6. 0). Samples were incubated with primary antibody (Ready-to-use) for 15 min at room temperature. AmpSeeTM Detection Systems Abcepta: AR005 was used as the secondary antibody.