

**Goat Anti-LIS1 / PAFAH1B1 Antibody**  
**Peptide-affinity purified goat antibody**  
**Catalog # AF1629a****Specification**

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**Goat Anti-LIS1 / PAFAH1B1 Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P43034</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">NP_000421</a> , <a href="#">5048</a>
Reactivity	Human, Rat
Predicted	Mouse, Pig, Dog
Host	Goat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Concentration	100ug/200ul
Isotype	IgG
Calculated MW	46638

**Goat Anti-LIS1 / PAFAH1B1 Antibody - Additional Information****Gene ID** 5048**Other Names**

Platelet-activating factor acetylhydrolase IB subunit alpha {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03141},  
Lissencephaly-1 protein {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03141}, LIS-1  
{ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03141}, PAF acetylhydrolase 45 kDa subunit  
{ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03141}, PAF-AH 45 kDa subunit  
{ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03141}, PAF-AH alpha {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03141},  
PAFAH alpha {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03141}, PAFAH1B1  
{ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03141}

**Dilution**WB~~1:1000  
E~~N/A**Format**

0.5 mg IgG/ml in Tris saline (20mM Tris pH7.3, 150mM NaCl), 0.02% sodium azide, with 0.5% bovine serum albumin

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

Goat Anti-LIS1 / PAFAH1B1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**Goat Anti-LIS1 / PAFAH1B1 Antibody - Protein Information**



**Name** LIS1**Function**

Regulatory subunit (beta subunit) of the cytosolic type I platelet-activating factor (PAF) acetylhydrolase (PAF-AH (I)), an enzyme that catalyzes the hydrolyze of the acetyl group at the sn-2 position of PAF and its analogs and participates in PAF inactivation. Regulates the PAF-AH (I) activity in a catalytic dimer composition- dependent manner (By similarity). Required for proper activation of Rho GTPases and actin polymerization at the leading edge of locomoting cerebellar neurons and postmigratory hippocampal neurons in response to calcium influx triggered via NMDA receptors (By similarity). Positively regulates the activity of the minus-end directed microtubule motor protein dynein. May enhance dynein-mediated microtubule sliding by targeting dynein to the microtubule plus end. Required for several dynein- and microtubule-dependent processes such as the maintenance of Golgi integrity, the peripheral transport of microtubule fragments and the coupling of the nucleus and centrosome. Required during brain development for the proliferation of neuronal precursors and the migration of newly formed neurons from the ventricular/subventricular zone toward the cortical plate. Neuronal migration involves a process called nucleokinesis, whereby migrating cells extend an anterior process into which the nucleus subsequently translocates. During nucleokinesis dynein at the nuclear surface may translocate the nucleus towards the centrosome by exerting force on centrosomal microtubules. May also play a role in other forms of cell locomotion including the migration of fibroblasts during wound healing. Required for dynein recruitment to microtubule plus ends and BICD2-bound cargos (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22956769" target="\_blank">22956769</a>). May modulate the Reelin pathway through interaction of the PAF-AH (I) catalytic dimer with VLDLR (By similarity).

**Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03141}. Nucleus membrane {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03141}. Note=Redistributes to axons during neuronal development. Also localizes to the microtubules of the manchette in elongating spermatids and to the meiotic spindle in spermatocytes (By similarity). Localizes to the plus end of microtubules and to the centrosome. May localize to the nuclear membrane.

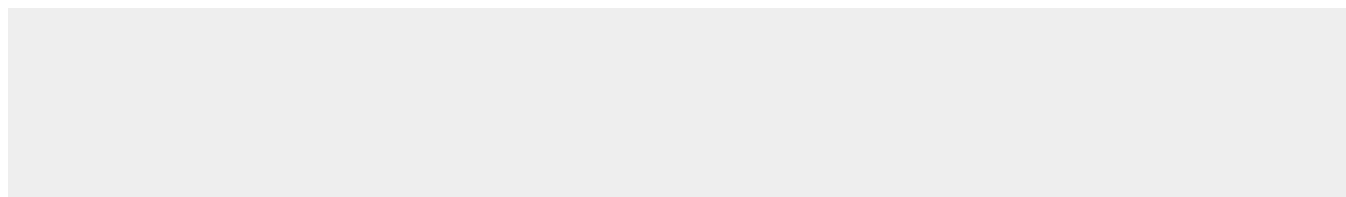
**Tissue Location**

Fairly ubiquitous expression in both the frontal and occipital areas of the brain

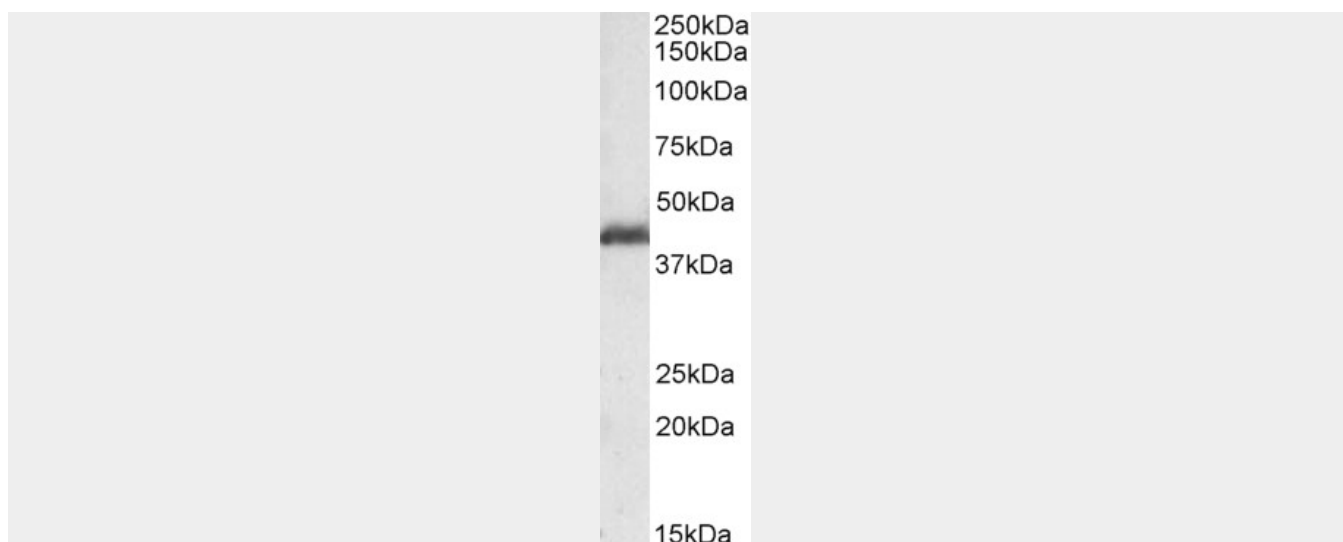
**Goat Anti-LIS1 / PAFAH1B1 Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

**Goat Anti-LIS1 / PAFAH1B1 Antibody - Images**





AF1629a (0.1 µg/ml) staining of Rat Ovary lysate (35 µg protein in RIPA buffer). Primary incubation was 1 hour. Detected by chemiluminescence.

#### **Goat Anti-LIS1 / PAFAH1B1 Antibody - Background**

This locus was identified as encoding a gene that when mutated or lost caused the lissencephaly associated with Miller-Dieker lissencephaly syndrome. This gene encodes the non-catalytic alpha subunit of the intracellular Ib isoform of platelet-activating factor acetylhydrolase, a heterotrimeric enzyme that specifically catalyzes the removal of the acetyl group at the SN-2 position of platelet-activating factor (identified as 1-O-alkyl-2-acetyl-sn-glycerol-3-phosphorylcholine). Two other isoforms of intracellular platelet-activating factor acetylhydrolase exist: one composed of multiple subunits, the other, a single subunit. In addition, a single-subunit isoform of this enzyme is found in serum.

#### **Goat Anti-LIS1 / PAFAH1B1 Antibody - References**

A genetic association study of maternal and fetal candidate genes that predispose to preterm prelabor rupture of membranes (PROM). Romero R, et al. Am J Obstet Gynecol, 2010 Jul 29. PMID 20673868.

Maternal genes and facial clefts in offspring: a comprehensive search for genetic associations in two population-based cleft studies from Scandinavia. Jugessur A, et al. PLoS One, 2010 Jul 9. PMID 20634891.

Variation at the NFATC2 Locus Increases the Risk of Thiazolidinedione-Induced Edema in the Diabetes REduction Assessment with ramipril and rosiglitazone Medication (DREAM) Study. Bailey SD, et al. Diabetes Care, 2010 Jul 13. PMID 20628086.

Study of association between genetic polymorphisms of phospholipase A2 enzymes and Alzheimer's disease. Cordeiro Q, et al. Arq Neuropsiquiatr, 2010 Apr. PMID 20464283.

Identification of fetal and maternal single nucleotide polymorphisms in candidate genes that predispose to spontaneous preterm labor with intact membranes. Romero R, et al. Am J Obstet Gynecol, 2010 May. PMID 20452482.