

Goat Anti-NKG2D / KLRK1 Antibody

Peptide-affinity purified goat antibody Catalog # AF1734a

Specification

Goat Anti-NKG2D / KLRK1 Antibody - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession P26718

Other Accession <u>NP_031386</u>, <u>22914</u>

Reactivity
Predicted
Host
Clonality
Concentration
Human
Mouse, Rat
Goat
Polyclonal
100ug/200ul

Isotype IgG Calculated MW 25304

Goat Anti-NKG2D / KLRK1 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 22914

Other Names

NKG2-D type II integral membrane protein, Killer cell lectin-like receptor subfamily K member 1, NK cell receptor D, NKG2-D-activating NK receptor, CD314, KLRK1, D12S2489E, NKG2D

Format

0.5~mg lgG/ml in Tris saline (20mM Tris pH7.3, 150mM NaCl), 0.02% sodium azide, with 0.5% bovine serum albumin

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Goat Anti-NKG2D / KLRK1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Goat Anti-NKG2D / KLRK1 Antibody - Protein Information

Name KLRK1

Synonyms D12S2489E, NKG2D

Function

Functions as an activating and costimulatory receptor involved in immunosurveillance upon binding to various cellular stress- inducible ligands displayed at the surface of autologous tumor cells and virus-infected cells. Provides both stimulatory and costimulatory innate immune



responses on activated killer (NK) cells, leading to cytotoxic activity. Acts as a costimulatory receptor for T-cell receptor (TCR) in CD8(+) T-cell-mediated adaptive immune responses by amplifying T-cell activation. Stimulates perforin-mediated elimination of ligand-expressing tumor cells. Signaling involves calcium influx, culminating in the expression of TNF-alpha. Participates in NK cell- mediated bone marrow graft rejection. May play a regulatory role in differentiation and survival of NK cells. Binds to ligands belonging to various subfamilies of MHC class I-related glycoproteins including MICA, MICB, RAET1E, RAET1G, RAET1L/ULBP6, ULBP1, ULBP2, ULBP3 (ULBP2>ULBP3) and ULBP4.

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type II membrane protein Note=Colocalized with HCST on the cell surface

Tissue Location

Expressed in natural killer (NK) cells, CD8(+) alpha-beta and gamma-delta T-cells. Expressed on essentially all CD56+CD3- NK cells from freshly isolated PBMC. Expressed in interferon- producing killer dendritic cells (IKDCs).

Goat Anti-NKG2D / KLRK1 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

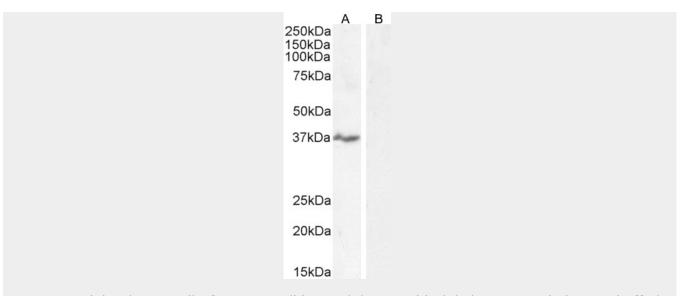
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Goat Anti-NKG2D / KLRK1 Antibody - Images



EB06839 staining (0.3μg/ml) of Human Spleen lysate (RIPA buffer, 35μg total protein per lane). Detected by chemiluminescence.





B06839 staining (0.5 μ g protein in RIPA buffer). Detected by chemiluminescence.

Goat Anti-NKG2D / KLRK1 Antibody - Background

Natural killer (NK) cells are lymphocytes that can mediate lysis of certain tumor cells and virus-infected cells without previous activation. They can also regulate specific humoral and cell-mediated immunity. NK cells preferentially express several calcium-dependent (C-type) lectins, which have been implicated in the regulation of NK cell function. This gene encodes a member of the NKG2 family, and the encoded transmembrane protein is characterized by a type II membrane orientation (extracellular C terminus) and the presence of a C-type lectin domain. The NKG2 gene family is located within the NK complex, a region that contains several C-type lectin genes preferentially expressed in NK cells.

Goat Anti-NKG2D / KLRK1 Antibody - References

Association of NKG2D genetic polymorphism with susceptibility to chronic hepatitis B in a Han Chinese population. Ma J, et al. J Med Virol, 2010 Sep. PMID 20648603.

Examination of genetic polymorphisms in newborns for signatures of sex-specific prenatal selection. Ucisik-Akkava E. et al. Mol Hum Reprod. 2010 Oct. PMID 20587610.

Intact NKG2D-independent function of NK cells chronically stimulated with the NKG2D ligand Rae-1. Champsaur M, et al. J Immunol, 2010 Jul 1. PMID 20530257.

Cutting edge: FcR-like 5 on innate B cells is targeted by a poxvirus MHC class I-like immunoevasin. Campbell JA, et al. J Immunol, 2010 Jul 1. PMID 20519648.

NKG2D costimulates human V gamma 9V delta 2 T cell antitumor cytotoxicity through protein kinase C theta-dependent modulation of early TCR-induced calcium and transduction signals. Nedellec S, et al. J Immunol, 2010 Jul 1. PMID 20511557.