

**Goat Anti-PCSK9 (C Terminus) Antibody**  
Peptide-affinity purified goat antibody  
Catalog # AF1799a

### Specification

#### Goat Anti-PCSK9 (C Terminus) Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC, E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q8NBP7</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">NP_777596</a> , <a href="#">255738</a>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Goat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Concentration	100ug/200ul
Isotype	IgG
Calculated MW	74286

#### Goat Anti-PCSK9 (C Terminus) Antibody - Additional Information

**Gene ID** 255738

#### Other Names

Proprotein convertase subtilisin/kexin type 9, 3.4.21.-, Neural apoptosis-regulated convertase 1, NARC-1, Proprotein convertase 9, PC9, Subtilisin/kexin-like protease PC9, PCSK9, NARC1

#### Dilution

WB~~1:1000  
IHC~~1:100~500  
E~~N/A

#### Format

0.5 mg IgG/ml in Tris saline (20mM Tris pH7.3, 150mM NaCl), 0.02% sodium azide, with 0.5% bovine serum albumin

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### Precautions

Goat Anti-PCSK9 (C Terminus) Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### Goat Anti-PCSK9 (C Terminus) Antibody - Protein Information

**Name** PCSK9

**Synonyms** NARC1

## Function

Crucial player in the regulation of plasma cholesterol homeostasis. Binds to low-density lipid receptor family members: low density lipoprotein receptor (LDLR), very low density lipoprotein receptor (VLDLR), apolipoprotein E receptor (LRP1/APOER) and apolipoprotein receptor 2 (LRP8/APOER2), and promotes their degradation in intracellular acidic compartments (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18039658" target="\_blank">18039658</a>). Acts via a non- proteolytic mechanism to enhance the degradation of the hepatic LDLR through a clathrin LDLRAP1/ARH-mediated pathway. May prevent the recycling of LDLR from endosomes to the cell surface or direct it to lysosomes for degradation. Can induce ubiquitination of LDLR leading to its subsequent degradation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17461796" target="\_blank">17461796</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18197702" target="\_blank">18197702</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18799458" target="\_blank">18799458</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22074827" target="\_blank">22074827</a>). Inhibits intracellular degradation of APOB via the autophagosome/lysosome pathway in a LDLR-independent manner. Involved in the disposal of non-acetylated intermediates of BACE1 in the early secretory pathway (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18660751" target="\_blank">18660751</a>). Inhibits epithelial Na(+) channel (ENaC)-mediated Na(+) absorption by reducing ENaC surface expression primarily by increasing its proteasomal degradation. Regulates neuronal apoptosis via modulation of LRP8/APOER2 levels and related anti-apoptotic signaling pathways.

## Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Secreted. Endosome. Lysosome. Cell surface. Endoplasmic reticulum. Golgi apparatus. Note=Autocatalytic cleavage is required to transport it from the endoplasmic reticulum to the Golgi apparatus and for the secretion of the mature protein Localizes to the endoplasmic reticulum in the absence of LDLR and colocalizes to the cell surface and to the endosomes/lysosomes in the presence of LDLR. The sorting to the cell surface and endosomes is required in order to fully promote LDLR degradation

## Tissue Location

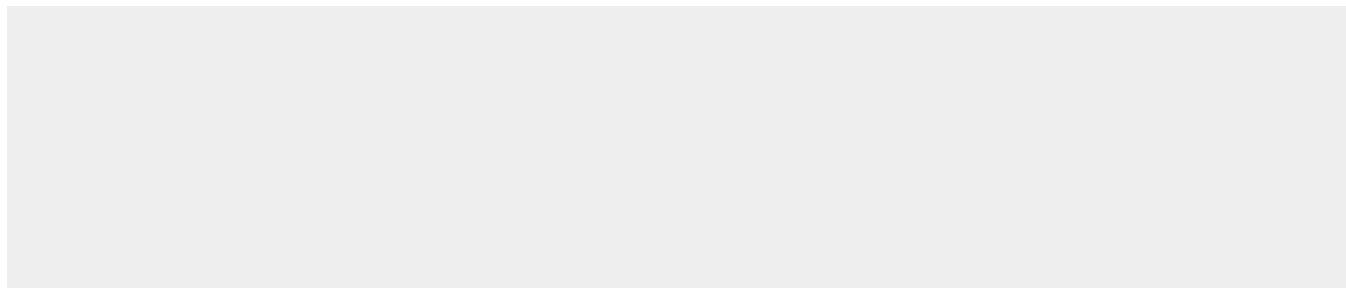
Expressed in neuro-epithelioma, colon carcinoma, hepatic and pancreatic cell lines, and in Schwann cells

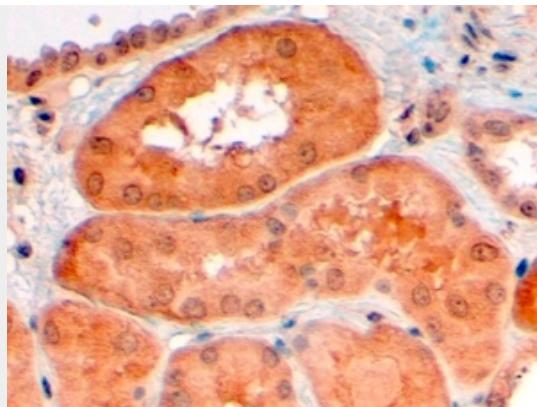
## Goat Anti-PCSK9 (C Terminus) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

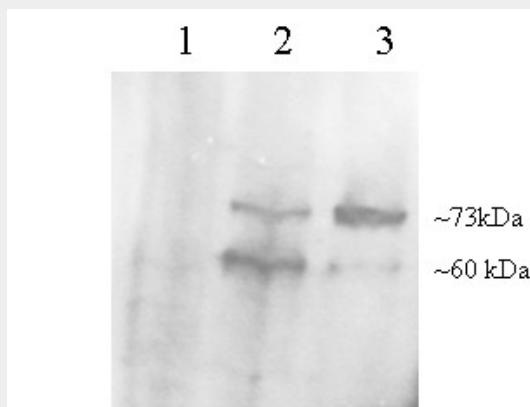
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## Goat Anti-PCSK9 (C Terminus) Antibody - Images





AF1799a (4 µg/ml) staining of paraffin embedded Human Kidney. Steamed antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9, HRP-staining.



AF1799a staining (0.2 µg/ml) of McA cell lysates: untransfected (1), transfected with wild type human pcsk9 (2), transfected with S127R human pcsk9 (3). Data kindly provided by Dr. X-M Sun, Hammersmith Hospital, London.



AF1799a (0.3 µg/ml) staining of Human Adipose lysate (35 µg protein in RIPA buffer). Primary incubation was 1 hour. Detected by chemiluminescence.

#### Goat Anti-PCSK9 (C Terminus) Antibody - Background

This gene encodes a proprotein convertase belonging to the proteinase K subfamily of the secretory subtilase family. The encoded protein is synthesized as a soluble zymogen that undergoes autocatalytic intramolecular processing in the endoplasmic reticulum. The protein may function as a proprotein convertase. This protein plays a role in cholesterol homeostasis and may have a role in the differentiation of cortical neurons. Mutations in this gene have been associated

with a third form of autosomal dominant familial hypercholesterolemia (HCHOLA3).

#### **Goat Anti-PCSK9 (C Terminus) Antibody - References**

Pharmacogenetic analysis of lipid responses to rosuvastatin in Chinese patients. Hu M, et al. Pharmacogenet Genomics, 2010 Oct. PMID 20679960.

An approach based on a genome-wide association study reveals candidate loci for narcolepsy. Shimada M, et al. Hum Genet, 2010 Oct. PMID 20677014.

Variation at the NFATC2 Locus Increases the Risk of Thiazolidinedione-Induced Edema in the Diabetes REduction Assessment with ramipril and rosiglitazone Medication (DREAM) Study. Bailey SD, et al. Diabetes Care, 2010 Jul 13. PMID 20628086.

PCSK9 R46L, low-density lipoprotein cholesterol levels, and risk of ischemic heart disease: 3 independent studies and meta-analyses. Benn M, et al. J Am Coll Cardiol, 2010 Jun 22. PMID 20579540.

Evaluating the discriminative power of multi-trait genetic risk scores for type 2 diabetes in a northern Swedish population. Fontaine-Bisson B, et al. Diabetologia, 2010 Oct. PMID 20571754.