

Goat Anti-SNX15 Antibody

Peptide-affinity purified goat antibody Catalog # AF2013a

Specification

Goat Anti-SNX15 Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Concentration Isotype Calculated MW WB, E <u>Q9NRS6</u> <u>NP_680086</u>, <u>29907</u> Human Goat Polyclonal 100ug/200ul IgG 38291

Goat Anti-SNX15 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 29907

Other Names Sorting nexin-15, SNX15

Dilution WB~~1:1000 E~~N/A

Format

0.5 mg lgG/ml in Tris saline (20mM Tris pH7.3, 150mM NaCl), 0.02% sodium azide, with 0.5% bovine serum albumin

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions Goat Anti-SNX15 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Goat Anti-SNX15 Antibody - Protein Information

Name SNX15

Function

May be involved in several stages of intracellular trafficking. Overexpression of SNX15 disrupts the normal trafficking of proteins from the plasma membrane to recycling endosomes or the TGN.



Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Cytoplasmic vesicle membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side

Tissue Location Widely expressed..

Goat Anti-SNX15 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

Goat Anti-SNX15 Antibody - Images



AF2013a staining (0.5 μ g/ml) of 293 lysate (RIPA buffer, 30 μ g total protein per lane). Primary incubated for 1 hour. Detected by western blot using chemiluminescence.

Goat Anti-SNX15 Antibody - Background

This gene encodes a member of the sorting nexin family. Members of this family contain a phox (PX) domain, which is a phosphoinositide binding domain, and are involved in intracellular trafficking. Overexpression of this gene results in a decrease in the processing of insulin and hepatocyte growth factor receptors to their mature subunits. This decrease is caused by the mislocalization of furin, the endoprotease responsible for cleavage of insulin and hepatocyte growth factor receptors. This protein is involved in endosomal trafficking from the plasma membrane to recycling endosomes or the trans-Golgi network. This gene encodes two transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms.

Goat Anti-SNX15 Antibody - References



Towards a proteome-scale map of the human protein-protein interaction network. Rual JF, et al. Nature, 2005 Oct 20. PMID 16189514.

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