

Goat Anti-SOCS7 Antibody

Peptide-affinity purified goat antibody Catalog # AF2021a

Specification

Goat Anti-SOCS7 Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Concentration Isotype Calculated MW WB <u>O14512</u> <u>NP_055413</u>, <u>30837</u> Human Goat Polyclonal 100ug/200ul IgG 62969

Goat Anti-SOCS7 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 30837

Other Names

Suppressor of cytokine signaling 7, SOCS-7, Nck, Ash and phospholipase C gamma-binding protein, Nck-associated protein 4, NAP-4, SOCS7, NAP4, SOCS6

Format

0.5 mg lgG/ml in Tris saline (20mM Tris pH7.3, 150mM NaCl), 0.02% sodium azide, with 0.5% bovine serum albumin

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Goat Anti-SOCS7 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Goat Anti-SOCS7 Antibody - Protein Information

Name SOCS7 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:16127460, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:29846}

Function

Substrate-recognition component of a cullin-5-RING E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase complex (ECS complex, also named CRL5 complex), which mediates the ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation of target proteins, such as DAB1 and IRS1 (PubMed:16127460). Specifically recognizes and binds phosphorylated proteins via its SH2 domain, promoting their ubiquitination (By similarity). The ECS(SOCS7) complex acts as a key regulator of reelin signaling by mediating



ubiquitination and degradation of phosphorylated DAB1 in the cortical plate of the developing cerebral cortex, thereby regulating neuron positioning during cortex development (By similarity). Functions in insulin signaling and glucose homeostasis through IRS1 ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation (PubMed:16127460). Also inhibits prolactin, growth hormone and leptin signaling by preventing STAT3 and STAT5 activation, sequestering them in the cytoplasm and reducing their binding to DNA (PubMed:15677474).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Note=Mostly cytoplasmic, but shuttles between the cytoplasm and the nucleus (PubMed:17803907). Rapidly relocalizes to the nucleus after UV irradiation (PubMed:17803907) Cytoplasmic location depends upon SEPT7 presence (PubMed:17803907)

Tissue Location Expressed in brain and leukocytes (PubMed:9344857). Also in fetal lung fibroblasts and fetal brain (PubMed:9344857)

Goat Anti-SOCS7 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- <u>Blocking Peptides</u>
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

Goat Anti-SOCS7 Antibody - Images

	250kDa 150kDa 100kDa
	75kDa
1	50kDa
	37kDa
-	25kDa
	20kDa
	15kDa

AF2021a (1 μ g/ml) staining of Daudi lysate (35 μ g protein in RIPA buffer). Primary incubation was 1 hour. Detected by chemiluminescence.

Goat Anti-SOCS7 Antibody - References

Higher expression levels of SOCS 1,3,4,7 are associated with earlier tumour stage and better clinical outcome in human breast cancer. Sasi W, et al. BMC Cancer, 2010 Apr 30. PMID 20433750. Hepatitis C virus core protein genotype 3a increases SOCS-7 expression through PPAR-{gamma} in



Huh-7 cells. Pazienza V, et al. J Gen Virol, 2010 Jul. PMID 20357037.

Septins regulate actin organization and cell-cycle arrest through nuclear accumulation of NCK mediated by SOCS7. Kremer BE, et al. Cell, 2007 Sep 7. PMID 17803907.

DNA sequence of human chromosome 17 and analysis of rearrangement in the human lineage. Zody MC, et al. Nature, 2006 Apr 20. PMID 16625196.

Deletion of SOCS7 leads to enhanced insulin action and enlarged islets of Langerhans. Banks AS, et al. J Clin Invest, 2005 Sep. PMID 16127460.