

## Goat Anti-TDP-43 Antibody

Peptide-affinity purified goat antibody Catalog # AF2067a

### **Specification**

## **Goat Anti-TDP-43 Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB, E
Primary Accession O13148

Other Accession <u>NP\_031401</u>, <u>23435</u>, <u>230908 (mouse)</u>

Reactivity Human, Mouse Predicted Rat, Pig, Dog

Host Goat
Clonality Polyclonal
Concentration 100ug/200ul

Isotype IgG
Calculated MW 44740

# Goat Anti-TDP-43 Antibody - Additional Information

**Gene ID 23435** 

## **Other Names**

TAR DNA-binding protein 43, TDP-43, TARDBP, TDP43

#### **Dilution**

WB~~1:1000

E~~N/A

#### **Format**

0.5 mg lgG/ml in Tris saline (20mM Tris pH7.3, 150mM NaCl), 0.02% sodium azide, with 0.5% bovine serum albumin

# Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Precautions**

Goat Anti-TDP-43 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### Goat Anti-TDP-43 Antibody - Protein Information

Name TARDBP {ECO:0000303|PubMed:18396105, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:11571}

#### **Function**

RNA-binding protein that is involved in various steps of RNA biogenesis and processing (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23519609" target="\_blank">23519609</a>).



Preferentially binds, via its two RNA recognition motifs RRM1 and RRM2, to GU-repeats on RNA molecules predominantly localized within long introns and in the 3'UTR of mRNAs (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23519609" target="\_blank">23519609</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24240615" target="\_blank">24240615</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24464995" target="blank">24464995</a>). In turn, regulates the splicing of many non-coding and protein-coding RNAs including proteins involved in neuronal survival, as well as mRNAs that encode proteins relevant for neurodegenerative diseases (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21358640" target=" blank">21358640</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29438978" target=" blank">29438978</a>). Plays a role in maintaining mitochondrial homeostasis by regulating the processing of mitochondrial transcripts (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28794432" target=" blank">28794432</a>). Also regulates mRNA stability by recruiting CNOT7/CAF1 deadenylase on mRNA 3'UTR leading to poly(A) tail deadenylation and thus shortening (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30520513" target=" blank">30520513</a>). In response to oxidative insult, associates with stalled ribosomes localized to stress granules (SGs) and contributes to cell survival (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19765185" target=" blank">19765185</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23398327" target=" blank">23398327</a>). Also participates in the normal skeletal muscle formation and regeneration, forming cytoplasmic myo-granules and binding mRNAs that encode sarcomeric proteins (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30464263" target=" blank">30464263</a>). Plays a role in the maintenance of the circadian clock periodicity via stabilization of the CRY1 and CRY2 proteins in a FBXL3-dependent manner (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27123980" target=" blank">27123980</a>). Negatively regulates the expression of CDK6 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19760257" target=" blank">19760257</a>). Regulates the expression of HDAC6, ATG7 and VCP in a PPIA/CYPA-dependent manner (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25678563" target=" blank">25678563</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, Stress granule Mitochondrion. Note=Continuously travels in and out of the nucleus (PubMed:18957508). Localizes to stress granules in response to oxidative stress (PubMed:19765185). A small subset localizes in mitochondria (PubMed:28794432).

# **Tissue Location**

Ubiquitously expressed. In particular, expression is high in pancreas, placenta, lung, genital tract and spleen

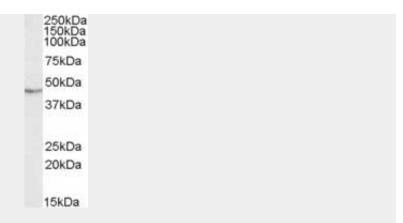
#### Goat Anti-TDP-43 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

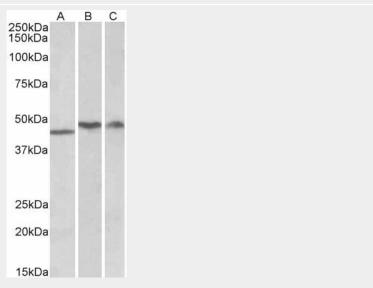
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# Goat Anti-TDP-43 Antibody - Images





AF2067a (0.3  $\mu$ g/ml) staining of Jurkat lysate (35  $\mu$ g protein in RIPA buffer). Primary incubation was 1 hour. Detected by chemiluminescence.



AF2067a (1 μg/ml) staining of Human Cer (A), Frontal Cotex (B) and Hippocampus (C) lysates (35 μg protein in RIPA buffer). Primary incubation was 1 hour. Detected by chemiluminescence.

#### Goat Anti-TDP-43 Antibody - Background

HIV-1, the causative agent of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS), contains an RNA genome that produces a chromosomally integrated DNA during the replicative cycle. Activation of HIV-1 gene expression by the transactivator Tat is dependent on an RNA regulatory element (TAR) located downstream of the transcription initiation site. The protein encoded by this gene is a transcriptional repressor that binds to chromosomally integrated TAR DNA and represses HIV-1 transcription. In addition, this protein regulates alternate splicing of the CFTR gene. A similar pseudogene is present on chromosome 20.

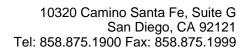
### Goat Anti-TDP-43 Antibody - References

TARDBP gene mutations among Chinese patients with sporadic amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. Huang R, et al. Neurobiol Aging, 2010 Aug 12. PMID 20708823.

Wild-type human TDP-43 expression causes TDP-43 phosphorylation, mitochondrial aggregation, motor deficits, and early mortality in transgenic mice. Xu YF, et al. J Neurosci, 2010 Aug 11. PMID 20702714.

Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis-frontotemporal lobar dementia in 3 families with p.Ala382Thr TARDBP mutations. Chi∏ A, et al. Arch Neurol, 2010 Aug. PMID 20697052.

Large-scale screening of TARDBP mutation in amyotrophic lateral sclerosis in Japanese. Iida A, et al. Neurobiol Aging, 2010 Jul 30. PMID 20675015.





TARDBP Mutations in Frontotemporal Lobar Degeneration: Frequency, Clinical Features, and Disease Course. Borroni B, et al. Rejuvenation Res, 2010 Jul 20. PMID 20645878.