

## Goat Anti-VMAT2 / SLC18A2 Antibody

Peptide-affinity purified goat antibody Catalog # AF2148a

# **Specification**

## Goat Anti-VMAT2 / SLC18A2 Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, IHC, E
Primary Accession Q05940

Other Accession NP 003045, 6571, 214084 (mouse), 25549 (rat)

Reactivity Huma

Predicted Mouse, Rat, Pig, Dog

Host Goat
Clonality Polyclonal
Concentration 100ug/200ul

Isotype IgG Calculated MW 55713

# Goat Anti-VMAT2 / SLC18A2 Antibody - Additional Information

### **Gene ID 6571**

## **Other Names**

Synaptic vesicular amine transporter, Monoamine transporter, Solute carrier family 18 member 2, Vesicular amine transporter 2, VAT2, SLC18A2, SVMT, VMAT2

#### **Dilution**

WB~~1:1000 IHC~~1:100~500

E~~N/A

#### **Format**

0.5 mg lgG/ml in Tris saline (20mM Tris pH7.3, 150mM NaCl), 0.02% sodium azide, with 0.5% bovine serum albumin

#### **Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

## **Precautions**

Goat Anti-VMAT2 / SLC18A2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### Goat Anti-VMAT2 / SLC18A2 Antibody - Protein Information

Name SLC18A2

Synonyms SVMT, VMAT2



#### **Function**

Electrogenic antiporter that exchanges one cationic monoamine with two intravesicular protons across the membrane of secretory and synaptic vesicles. Uses the electrochemical proton gradient established by the V-type proton-pump ATPase to accumulate high concentrations of monoamines inside the vesicles prior to their release via exocytosis. Transports a variety of catecholamines such as dopamine, adrenaline and noradrenaline, histamine, and indolamines such as serotonin (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23363473" target=" blank">23363473</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37914936" target="blank">37914936</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38081299" target="blank">38081299</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38517752" target="\_blank">38517752</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8643547" target=" blank">8643547</a>). Regulates the transvesicular monoaminergic gradient that determines the quantal size. Mediates somatodendritic dopamine release in hippocampal neurons, likely as part of a regulated secretory pathway that integrates retrograde synaptic signals (By similarity). Acts as a primary transporter for striatal dopamine loading ensuring impulse-dependent release of dopamine at the synaptic cleft (By similarity). Responsible for histamine and serotonin storage and subsequent corelease from mast cell granules (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8860238" target=" blank">8860238</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasmic vesicle, secretory vesicle, synaptic vesicle membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q01827}; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cytoplasmic vesicle, secretory vesicle membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q01827}; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell projection, axon {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q01827} Cell projection, dendrite {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q01827}. Note=Sorted to large dense core granules in neuroendocrine cells, presumably at the level of the trans-Golgi network. In neurons it is predominantly detected in somatodendritic tubulovesicular membranes, a distinct population of secretory vesicles that undergo calcium-dependent exocytosis in axons and dendrites upon depolarization. Localized at synaptic vesicles in axons. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q01827}

### **Tissue Location**

Expressed in neuronal and neuroendocrine tissues. Detected in central and peripheral nervous system in particular in axonal and dendritic processes in dopaminergic cells of substantia nigra, histaminergic neuronal cell bodies of substantia nigra and tuberomammillary nucleus, in ganglion cells of sympathetic glia and in peripheral sympathetic nerve terminals in stomach and duodenum (at protein level). Highly expressed in chromaffin cells of the adrenal medulla and histamine-storing enterochromaffin-like cells of oxyntic mucosa (at protein level).

#### Goat Anti-VMAT2 / SLC18A2 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

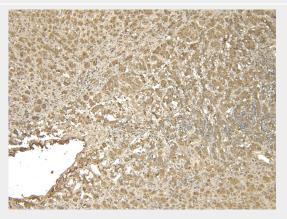
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# Goat Anti-VMAT2 / SLC18A2 Antibody - Images

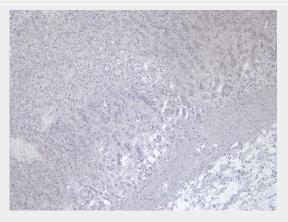




EB06558 ( $2\mu g/ml$ ) staining of Human Adrenal Gland lysate ( $35\mu g$  protein in RIPA buffer). Detected by chemiluminescence.



EB06558 (6μg/ml) staining of paraffin embedded Human Adrenal Gland. Heat induced antigen retrieval with citrate buffer pH 6, HRP-staining.



EB06558 Negative Control showing staining of paraffin embedded Human Adrenal Gland, with no primary antibody.

# Goat Anti-VMAT2 / SLC18A2 Antibody - Background

The vesicular monoamine transporter acts to accumulate cytosolic monoamines into synaptic vesicles, using the proton gradient maintained across the synaptic vesicular membrane. Its proper function is essential to the correct activity of the monoaminergic systems that have been





implicated in several human neuropsychiatric disorders. The transporter is a site of action of important drugs, including reserpine and tetrabenazine (Peter et al., 1993 [PubMed 7905859]). See also SLC18A1 (MIM 193002).

## Goat Anti-VMAT2 / SLC18A2 Antibody - References

An approach based on a genome-wide association study reveals candidate loci for narcolepsy. Shimada M, et al. Hum Genet, 2010 Oct. PMID 20677014.

Association study of 182 candidate genes in anorexia nervosa. Pinheiro AP, et al. Am | Med Genet B Neuropsychiatr Genet, 2010 Jul. PMID 20468064.

Personalized smoking cessation: interactions between nicotine dose, dependence and guit-success genotype score. Rose JE, et al. Mol Med, 2010 Jul-Aug. PMID 20379614.

High regulatability favors genetic selection in SLC18A2, a vesicular monoamine transporter essential for life. Lin Z, et al. FASEB J, 2010 Jul. PMID 20181938.

In vivo measurement of vesicular monoamine transporter type 2 density in Parkinson disease with (18)F-AV-133. Okamura N, et al. | Nucl Med, 2010 Feb. PMID 20080893.