

## **ATRX Antibody (internal region)**

Peptide-affinity purified goat antibody Catalog # AF2513a

## **Specification**

## ATRX Antibody (internal region) - Product Information

Application

Primary Accession P46100

Other Accession NP\_000480.2, NP\_612114.1, NP\_612115.1, 546

Predicted Human, Dog

Host Goat Clonality Polyclonal Concentration 0.5 mg/ml

Isotype IgG
Calculated MW 282587

# ATRX Antibody (internal region) - Additional Information

#### Gene ID 546

### **Other Names**

Transcriptional regulator ATRX, 3.6.4.12, ATP-dependent helicase ATRX, X-linked helicase II, X-linked nuclear protein, XNP, Znf-HX, ATRX, RAD54L, XH2

#### **Format**

0.5 mg/ml in Tris saline, 0.02% sodium azide, pH7.3 with 0.5% bovine serum albumin

## Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Precautions**

ATRX Antibody (internal region) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## ATRX Antibody (internal region) - Protein Information

### **Name ATRX**

Synonyms RAD54L, XH2

#### **Function**

Involved in transcriptional regulation and chromatin remodeling. Facilitates DNA replication in multiple cellular environments and is required for efficient replication of a subset of genomic loci. Binds to DNA tandem repeat sequences in both telomeres and euchromatin and in vitro binds DNA quadruplex structures. May help stabilizing G-rich regions into regular chromatin structures by remodeling G4 DNA and incorporating H3.3-containing nucleosomes. Catalytic component of the



chromatin remodeling complex ATRX:DAXX which has ATP-dependent DNA translocase activity and catalyzes the replication-independent deposition of histone H3.3 in pericentric DNA repeats outside S-phase and telomeres, and the in vitro remodeling of H3.3-containing nucleosomes. Its heterochromatin targeting is proposed to involve a combinatorial readout of histone H3 modifications (specifically methylation states of H3K9 and H3K4) and association with CBX5. Involved in maintaining telomere structural integrity in embryonic stem cells which probably implies recruitment of CBX5 to telomeres. Reports on the involvement in transcriptional regulation of telomeric repeat-containing RNA (TERRA) are conflicting; according to a report, it is not sufficient to decrease chromatin condensation at telomeres nor to increase expression of telomeric RNA in fibroblasts (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24500201" target="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24500201" tar

target="\_blank">24500201</a>). May be involved in telomere maintenance via recombination in ALT (alternative lengthening of telomeres) cell lines. Acts as a negative regulator of chromatin incorporation of transcriptionally repressive histone MACROH2A1, particularily at telomeres and the alpha-globin cluster in erythroleukemic cells. Participates in the allele-specific gene expression at the imprinted IGF2/H19 gene locus. On the maternal allele, required for the chromatin occupancy of SMC1 and CTCTF within the H19 imprinting control region (ICR) and involved in esatblishment of histone tails modifications in the ICR. May be involved in brain development and facial morphogenesis. Binds to zinc-finger coding genes with atypical chromatin signatures and regulates its H3K9me3 levels. Forms a complex with ZNF274, TRIM28 and SETDB1 to facilitate the deposition and maintenance of H3K9me3 at the 3' exons of zinc-finger genes (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27029610" target="blank">27029610</a>/a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Chromosome, telomere. Nucleus, PML body. Note=Associated with pericentromeric heterochromatin during interphase and mitosis, probably by interacting with CBX5/HP1 alpha. Colocalizes with histone H3.3, DAXX, HIRA and ASF1A at PML-nuclear bodies Colocalizes with cohesin (SMC1 and SMC3) and MECP2 at the maternal H19 ICR (By similarity).

Tissue Location Ubiquitous.

### ATRX Antibody (internal region) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## ATRX Antibody (internal region) - Images

### ATRX Antibody (internal region) - Background

This antibody is expected to recognise all three reported isoforms (NP\_000480.2, NP\_612114.1, NP\_612115.1).

# ATRX Antibody (internal region) - References

Mutation in the 5' alternatively spliced region of the XNP/ATR-X gene causes Chudley-Lowry syndrome. Abidi FE, Cardoso C, Lossi AM, Lowry RB, Depetris D, Mattei MG, Lubs HA, Stevenson RE, Fontes M, Chudley AE, Schwartz CE. Eur J Hum Genet. 2005 Feb;13(2):176-83. PMID: 15508018