

# Thrombospondin (internal) Antibody (internal region)

Peptide-affinity purified goat antibody Catalog # AF2629a

# **Specification**

# Thrombospondin (internal) Antibody (internal region) - Product Information

Application WB, E
Primary Accession P07996

Other Accession <u>NP\_003237.2</u>, <u>7057</u>

Reactivity
Predicted
Host
Clonality
Concentration

Human
Mouse, Rat
Goat
Polyclonal
O.5 mg/ml

Isotype IgG
Calculated MW 129383

# Thrombospondin (internal) Antibody (internal region) - Additional Information

**Gene ID 7057** 

# **Other Names**

Thrombospondin-1, THBS1, TSP, TSP1

### **Dilution**

WB~~1:1000

 $E \sim N/A$ 

#### **Format**

0.5 mg/ml in Tris saline, 0.02% sodium azide, pH7.3 with 0.5% bovine serum albumin

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

### **Precautions**

Thrombospondin (internal) Antibody (internal region) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# Thrombospondin (internal) Antibody (internal region) - Protein Information

Name THBS1 (HGNC:11785)

Synonyms TSP, TSP1

### **Function**

Adhesive glycoprotein that mediates cell-to-cell and cell-to- matrix interactions (PubMed: <a

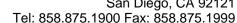


href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15014436" target=" blank">15014436</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18285447" target="blank">18285447</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2430973" target="\_blank">2430973</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/6489349" target="\_blank">6489349</a>). Multifunctional, involved in inflammation, angiogenesis, wound healing, reactive oxygen species (ROS) signaling, nitrous oxide (NO) signaling, apoptosis, senescence, aging, cellular self-renewal, stemness, and cardiovascular and metabolic homeostasis (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10613822" target=" blank">10613822</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11134179" target="blank">11134179</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1371676" target="\_blank">1371676</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14568985" target=" blank">14568985</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24511121" target="blank">24511121</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29042481" target=" blank">29042481</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32679764" target="blank">32679764</a>). Negatively modulates dendritic cell activation and cytokine release, as part of an autocrine feedback loop, contributing to the resolution of inflammation and immune homeostasis (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14568985" target=" blank">14568985</a>). Ligand for receptor CD47 (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19004835" target=" blank">19004835</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8550562" target=" blank">8550562</a>). Modulates nitrous oxide (NO) signaling via CD47, hence playing a role as a pressor agent, supporting blood pressure (By similarity). Plays a role in endothelial cell senescence, acting via CD47, by increasing the abundance and activation of NADPH oxidase NOX1, and so generating excess ROS (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29042481" target=" blank">29042481</a>). Inhibits stem cell self-renewal, acting via CD47 signaling, probably by regulation of the stem cell transcription factors POU5F1/OCT4, SOX2, MYC/c-Myc and KLF4 (By similarity). Negatively modulates wound healing, acting via CD47 (By similarity). Ligand for receptor CD36 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10613822" target=" blank">10613822</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11134179" target="blank">11134179</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1371676" target=" blank">1371676</a>). Involved in inducing apoptosis in podocytes in response to elevated free fatty acids, acting via CD36 (By similarity). Plays a role in suppressing angiogenesis, acting, depending on context, via CD36 or CD47 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10613822" target=" blank">10613822</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11134179" target="blank">11134179</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1371676" target=" blank">1371676</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32679764" target="\_blank">32679764</a>). Promotes cellular senescence in a TP53-CDKN1A-RB1 signaling-dependent manner (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29042481" target=" blank">29042481</a>). Ligand for immunoglobulin-like cell surface receptor SIRPA (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24511121" target="\_blank">24511121</a>). Involved in ROS signaling in non- phagocytic cells, stimulating NADPH oxidase-derived ROS production, acting via interaction with SIRPA (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24511121" target=" blank">24511121</a>). Plays a role in metabolic dysfunction in diet-induced obesity, perhaps acting by exacerbating adipose inflammatory activity; its effects may be mediated, at least in part, through enhanced adipocyte proliferation (By similarity). Plays a role in ER stress response, via its interaction with the activating transcription factor 6 alpha (ATF6) which produces adaptive ER stress response factors (By similarity). May be involved in age-related conditions, including metabolic dysregulation, during normal aging (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29042481" target=" blank">29042481</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32679764" target=" blank">32679764</a>).

# **Cellular Location**

Secreted. Cell surface. Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix. Endoplasmic reticulum {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P35441}. Sarcoplasmic reticulum {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P35441}. Note=Secreted by thrombin-activated platelets and binds to the cell surface in the presence of extracellular Ca(2+) (PubMed:101549, PubMed:6777381). Incorporated into the extracellular







matrix (ECM) of fibroblasts (PubMed:6341993). The C- terminal region in trimeric form is required for retention in the ECM (PubMed:18285447). Also detected in the endoplasmic reticulum and sarcoplasmic reticulum where it plays a role in the ER stress response (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P35441, ECO:0000269|PubMed:6341993, ECO:0000269|PubMed:6777381}

#### **Tissue Location**

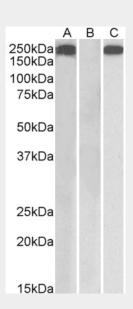
Expressed by platelets (at protein level) (PubMed:101549). Expressed by monocyte-derived immature and mature dendritic cells (at protein level) (PubMed:14568985)

# Thrombospondin (internal) Antibody (internal region) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# Thrombospondin (internal) Antibody (internal region) - Images



HEK293 lysate (10ug protein in RIPA buffer) overexpressing Human THBS1 with C-terminal MYC tag probed with AF2629a (1ug/ml) in Lane A and probed with anti-MYC Tag (1/1000) in lane C. Mock-transfected HEK293 probed with AF2629a (1ug/ml) in Lane B. Primary incubations were for 1 hour. Detected by chemiluminescence.

# Thrombospondin (internal) Antibody (internal region) - References

Identification of ular genes targeted by KSHV-encoded microRNAs. Samols MA, Skalsky RL, Maldonado AM, Riva A, Lopez MC, Baker HV, Renne R, PLoS Pathog, 2007 May 11:3(5):e65, PMID: 17500590