

## PRDM9 Antibody (internal region)

Peptide-affinity purified goat antibody Catalog # AF2943a

## **Specification**

## PRDM9 Antibody (internal region) - Product Information

Application

Primary Accession <u>O9NOV7</u>

Other Accession <u>NP\_064612.2</u>, <u>56979</u>

Predicted Human
Host Goat
Clonality Polyclonal
Concentration 0.5 mg/ml

Isotype IgG
Calculated MW 103376

## PRDM9 Antibody (internal region) - Additional Information

## **Gene ID** 56979

## **Other Names**

Histone-lysine N-methyltransferase PRDM9, 2.1.1.43, PR domain zinc finger protein 9, PR domain-containing protein 9, PRDM9, PFM6

#### **Format**

0.5 mg/ml in Tris saline, 0.02% sodium azide, pH7.3 with 0.5% bovine serum albumin

## Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

### **Precautions**

PRDM9 Antibody (internal region) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## PRDM9 Antibody (internal region) - Protein Information

Name PRDM9 (HGNC:13994)

## Synonyms PFM6

### **Function**

Histone methyltransferase that sequentially mono-, di-, and tri-methylates both 'Lys-4' (H3K4) and 'Lys-36' (H3K36) of histone H3 to produce respectively trimethylated 'Lys-4' (H3K4me3) and trimethylated 'Lys-36' (H3K36me3) histone H3 and plays a key role in meiotic prophase by determining hotspot localization thereby promoting meiotic recombination (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24634223" target="\_blank">24634223</a>, PubMed:<a



href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24095733" target=" blank">24095733</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26833727" target="\_blank">26833727</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27129774" target="blank">27129774</a>). Can also methylate all four core histones with H3 being the best substrate and the most highly modified (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24095733" target=" blank">24095733</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24634223" target=" blank">24634223</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26833727" target=" blank">26833727</a>). Is also able, on one hand, to mono and di-methylate H4K20 and on other hand to trimethylate H3K9 with the di-methylated H3K9 as the best substrate (By similarity). During meiotic prophase, binds specific DNA sequences through its zinc finger domains thereby determining hotspot localization where it promotes local H3K4me3 and H3K36me3 enrichment on the same nucleosomes through its histone methyltransferase activity (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26833727" target=" blank">26833727</a>). Thereby promotes double-stranded breaks (DSB) formation, at this subset of PRDM9-binding sites, that initiates meiotic recombination for the proper meiotic progression (By similarity). During meiotic progression hotspot-bound PRDM9 interacts with several complexes; in early leptonema binds CDYL and EHMT2 followed by EWSR1 and CXXC1 by the end of leptonema. EWSR1 joins PRDM9 with the chromosomal axis through REC8 (By similarity). In this way, controls the DSB repair pathway, pairing of homologous chromosomes and sex body formation (By similarity). Moreover plays a central role in the transcriptional activation of genes during early meiotic prophase thanks to H3K4me3 and H3K36me3 enrichment that represents a specific tag for epigenetic transcriptional activation (By similarity). In addition performs automethylation (By similarity). Acetylation and phosphorylation of histone H3 attenuate or prevent histone H3 methylation (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q96EQ9}. Chromosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q96EQ9}. Note=Localizes in nuclei of pre-leptotene, leptotene, and early to mid-zygotene spermatocytes {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q96EQ9}

## PRDM9 Antibody (internal region) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# PRDM9 Antibody (internal region) - Images

# PRDM9 Antibody (internal region) - References

Two single nucleotide polymorphisms in PRDM9 (MEISETZ) gene may be a genetic risk factor for Japanese patients with azoospermia by meiotic arrest. Miyamoto T, Koh E, Sakugawa N, Sato H, Hayashi H, Namiki M, Sengoku K. Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics 25 (11-12): 553-7 (2008). PMID: 18941885