

NRF2 (aa445-458) Antibody (internal region)
Peptide-affinity purified goat antibody
Catalog # AF3595a**Specification**

NRF2 (aa445-458) Antibody (internal region) - Product Information

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	Q16236
Other Accession	NP_006155.2 , NP_001138884.1 , NP_001138885.1 , 4780 , 18024 (mouse) , 83619 (rat)
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Mouse, Rat, Pig, Dog
Host	Goat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Concentration	0.5 mg/ml
Isotype	IgG
Calculated MW	67827

NRF2 (aa445-458) Antibody (internal region) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 4780**Other Names**

Nuclear factor erythroid 2-related factor 2, NF-E2-related factor 2, NFE2-related factor 2, HEBP1, Nuclear factor, erythroid derived 2, like 2, NFE2L2, NRF2

DilutionWB~~1:1000
E~~N/A**Format**

0.5 mg/ml in Tris saline, 0.02% sodium azide, pH7.3 with 0.5% bovine serum albumin

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

NRF2 (aa445-458) Antibody (internal region) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

NRF2 (aa445-458) Antibody (internal region) - Protein Information**Name** NFE2L2 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:29018201, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:7782}**Function**

Transcription factor that plays a key role in the response to oxidative stress: binds to antioxidant response (ARE) elements present in the promoter region of many cytoprotective genes, such as phase 2 detoxifying enzymes, and promotes their expression, thereby neutralizing reactive electrophiles (PubMed: [11035812](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11035812) PubMed: [19489739](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19489739) PubMed: [29018201](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29018201) PubMed: [31398338](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31398338)). In normal conditions, ubiquitinated and degraded in the cytoplasm by the BCR(KEAP1) complex (PubMed: [11035812](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11035812) PubMed: [15601839](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15601839) PubMed: [29018201](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29018201)). In response to oxidative stress, electrophile metabolites inhibit activity of the BCR(KEAP1) complex, promoting nuclear accumulation of NFE2L2/NRF2, heterodimerization with one of the small Maf proteins and binding to ARE elements of cytoprotective target genes (PubMed: [19489739](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19489739) PubMed: [29590092](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29590092)). The NFE2L2/NRF2 pathway is also activated in response to selective autophagy: autophagy promotes interaction between KEAP1 and SQSTM1/p62 and subsequent inactivation of the BCR(KEAP1) complex, leading to NFE2L2/NRF2 nuclear accumulation and expression of cytoprotective genes (PubMed: [20452972](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20452972)). The NFE2L2/NRF2 pathway is also activated during the unfolded protein response (UPR), contributing to redox homeostasis and cell survival following endoplasmic reticulum stress (By similarity). May also be involved in the transcriptional activation of genes of the beta-globin cluster by mediating enhancer activity of hypersensitive site 2 of the beta-globin locus control region (PubMed: [7937919](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7937919)). Also plays an important role in the regulation of the innate immune response and antiviral cytosolic DNA sensing. It is a critical regulator of the innate immune response and survival during sepsis by maintaining redox homeostasis and restraint of the dysregulation of pro-inflammatory signaling pathways like MyD88- dependent and -independent and TNF-alpha signaling (By similarity). Suppresses macrophage inflammatory response by blocking pro- inflammatory cytokine transcription and the induction of IL6 (By similarity). Binds to the proximity of pro-inflammatory genes in macrophages and inhibits RNA Pol II recruitment. The inhibition is independent of the NRF2-binding motif and reactive oxygen species level (By similarity). Represses antiviral cytosolic DNA sensing by suppressing the expression of the adapter protein STING1 and decreasing responsiveness to STING1 agonists while increasing susceptibility to infection with DNA viruses (PubMed: [30158636](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30158636)). Once activated, limits the release of pro-inflammatory cytokines in response to human coronavirus SARS-CoV-2 infection and to virus-derived ligands through a mechanism that involves inhibition of IRF3 dimerization. Also inhibits both SARS-CoV-2 replication, as well as the replication of several other pathogenic viruses including Herpes Simplex Virus-1 and-2, Vaccinia virus, and Zika virus through a type I interferon (IFN)- independent mechanism (PubMed: [33009401](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33009401)).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytosol. Nucleus {ECO:0000255|PROSITE-ProRule:PRU00978, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11035812, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15601839, ECO:0000269|PubMed:21196497, ECO:0000269|PubMed:29983246}. Note=Cytosolic under unstressed conditions: ubiquitinated and degraded by the BCR(KEAP1) E3 ubiquitin ligase complex (PubMed:15601839, PubMed:21196497). Translocates into the nucleus upon induction by electrophilic agents that inactivate the BCR(KEAP1) E3 ubiquitin ligase complex (PubMed:21196497)

Tissue Location

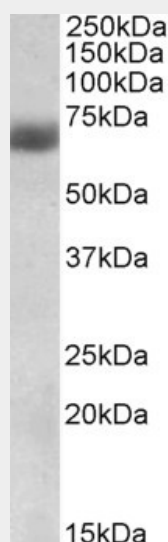
Widely expressed. Highest expression in adult muscle, kidney, lung, liver and in fetal muscle

NRF2 (aa445-458) Antibody (internal region) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

NRF2 (aa445-458) Antibody (internal region) - Images



AF3595a (0.3 µg/ml) staining of Human Lung lysate (35 µg protein in RIPA buffer). Primary incubation was 1 hour. Detected by chemiluminescence.

NRF2 (aa445-458) Antibody (internal region) - Background

This antibody is expected to recognize all reported isoforms (NP_006155.2; NP_001138884.1; NP_001138885.1).

NRF2 (aa445-458) Antibody (internal region) - References

Keap1 represses nuclear activation of antioxidant responsive elements by Nrf2 through binding to the amino-terminal Neh2 domain. Itoh K, Wakabayashi N, Katoh Y, Ishii T, Igarashi K, Engel JD, Yamamoto M. Genes Dev. 1999 Jan 1;13(1):76-86. PMID: 9887101