

**ATP5C1 Antibody (C-Term)**  
**Peptide-affinity purified goat antibody**  
**Catalog # AF4112a****Specification**

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**ATP5C1 Antibody (C-Term) - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P36542</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">NP_005165.1</a> , <a href="#">NP_001001973.1</a> , <a href="#">509</a> , <a href="#">11949</a> (mouse), <a href="#">116550</a> (rat)
Reactivity	Human, Rat
Predicted	Mouse, Dog, Cow
Host	Goat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Concentration	0.5 mg/ml
Isotype	IgG
Calculated MW	32996

**ATP5C1 Antibody (C-Term) - Additional Information****Gene ID** 509**Other Names**

ATP synthase subunit gamma, mitochondrial, F-ATPase gamma subunit, ATP5C1, ATP5C, ATP5CL1

**Format**

0.5 mg/ml in Tris saline, 0.02% sodium azide, pH7.3 with 0.5% bovine serum albumin

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

ATP5C1 Antibody (C-Term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**ATP5C1 Antibody (C-Term) - Protein Information****Name** ATP5F1C ([HGNC:833](#))**Function**

Mitochondrial membrane ATP synthase (F(1)F(0) ATP synthase or Complex V) produces ATP from ADP in the presence of a proton gradient across the membrane which is generated by electron transport complexes of the respiratory chain. F-type ATPases consist of two structural domains, F(1) - containing the extramembraneous catalytic core, and F(0) - containing the membrane proton channel, linked together by a central stalk and a peripheral stalk. During catalysis, ATP synthesis in the catalytic domain of F(1) is coupled via a rotary mechanism of the central stalk

subunits to proton translocation. Part of the complex F(1) domain and the central stalk which is part of the complex rotary element. The gamma subunit protrudes into the catalytic domain formed of alpha(3)beta(3). Rotation of the central stalk against the surrounding alpha(3)beta(3) subunits leads to hydrolysis of ATP in three separate catalytic sites on the beta subunits.

#### Cellular Location

Mitochondrion inner membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P05631}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P05631}; Matrix side {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P05631}

#### Tissue Location

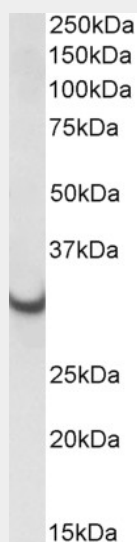
Isoform Heart is expressed specifically in the heart and skeletal muscle, which require rapid energy supply. Isoform Liver is expressed in the brain, liver and kidney. Isoform Heart and Isoform Liver are expressed in the skin, intestine, stomach and aorta

### ATP5C1 Antibody (C-Term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### ATP5C1 Antibody (C-Term) - Images



AF4112a (0.01 µg/ml) staining of Rat Heart lysate (35 µg protein in RIPA buffer). Primary incubation was 1 hour. Detected by chemiluminescence.

### ATP5C1 Antibody (C-Term) - Background

This antibody is expected to recognize both reported isoforms (NP\_005165.1; NP\_001001973.1).

### ATP5C1 Antibody (C-Term) - References

Mechanically driven ATP synthesis by F1-ATPase. Itoh H, Takahashi A, Adachi K, Noji H, Yasuda R, Yoshida M, Kinosita K. Nature 2004 Jan 427 (6973): 465-8. PMID: 14749837