

## Goat anti-LAG3 / CD223 Antibody

Peptide-affinity purified goat antibody Catalog # AF4463a

## **Specification**

## Goat anti-LAG3 / CD223 Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, Pep-ELISA
Primary Accession P18627
Other Accession NP\_002277.4
Reactivity Human
Host Goat
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 57449

## Goat anti-LAG3 / CD223 Antibody - Additional Information

**Gene ID 3902** 

### **Other Names**

LAG3; lymphocyte activating 3; CD223; lymphocyte-activation gene 3

## **Dilution**

WB~~1:1000 Pep-ELISA~~N/A

#### **Format**

Supplied at 0.5 mg/ml in Tris saline, 0.02% sodium azide, pH7.3 with 0.5% bovine serum albumin. Aliquot and store at -20°C. Minimize freezing and thawing.

#### **Immunogen**

This antibody is expected to recognize the extra-cellular domain.

## **Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Precautions**

Goat anti-LAG3 / CD223 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Goat anti-LAG3 / CD223 Antibody - Protein Information

Name LAG3 (HGNC:6476)

**Synonyms FDC** 

**Function** 



Lymphocyte activation gene 3 protein: Inhibitory receptor on antigen activated T-cells (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20421648" target=" blank">20421648</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7805750" target="\_blank">7805750</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8647185" target="\_blank">8647185</a>). Delivers inhibitory signals upon binding to ligands, such as FGL1 (By similarity). FGL1 constitutes a major ligand of LAG3 and is responsible for LAG3 T-cell inhibitory function (By similarity). Following TCR engagement, LAG3 associates with CD3-TCR in the immunological synapse and directly inhibits T-cell activation (By similarity). May inhibit antigen-specific T-cell activation in synergy with PDCD1/PD-1, possibly by acting as a coreceptor for PDCD1/PD-1 (By similarity). Negatively regulates the proliferation, activation, effector function and homeostasis of both CD8(+) and CD4(+) T-cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20421648" target=" blank">20421648</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7805750" target="blank">7805750</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8647185" target="blank">8647185</a>). Also mediates immune tolerance: constitutively expressed on a subset of regulatory T-cells (Tregs) and contributes to their suppressive function (By similarity). Also acts as a negative regulator of plasmacytoid dendritic cell (pDCs) activation (By similarity). Binds MHC class II (MHC-II); the precise role of MHC-II-binding is however unclear (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8647185" target="blank">8647185</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

[Lymphocyte activation gene 3 protein]: Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

# **Tissue Location**

Primarily expressed in activated T-cells and a subset of natural killer (NK) cells.

# Goat anti-LAG3 / CD223 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Goat anti-LAG3 / CD223 Antibody - Images