

KD-Validated Anti-ATG7 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
Rabbit monoclonal antibody
Catalog # AGI1030**Specification****KD-Validated Anti-ATG7 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, FC, ICC
Primary Accession	O95352
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	Predicted, 78 kDa, observed, 70 kDa kDa
Gene Name	ATG7
Aliases	ATG7; Autophagy Related 7; Ubiquitin-Activating Enzyme E1-Like Protein; Ubiquitin-Like Modifier-Activating Enzyme ATG7; ATG12-Activating Enzyme E1 ATG7; APG7L; HAGP7; ATG7 Autophagy Related 7 Homolog (S. Cerevisiae); APG7 Autophagy 7-Like (S. Cerevisiae); Autophagy-Related Protein 7; APG7 Autophagy 7-Like; APG7-LIKE; APG7-Like; GSA7
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human ATG7

KD-Validated Anti-ATG7 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID	10533
Other Names	Ubiquitin-like modifier-activating enzyme ATG7, ATG12-activating enzyme E1 ATG7, Autophagy-related protein 7, APG7-like, hAGP7, Ubiquitin-activating enzyme E1-like protein, ATG7 (http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene_symbol_report?hgnc_id=16935 target="_blank">HGNC:16935), APG7L

KD-Validated Anti-ATG7 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information**Name** ATG7 ([HGNC:16935](#))**Synonyms** APG7L**Function**

E1-like activating enzyme involved in the 2 ubiquitin-like systems required for cytoplasm to vacuole transport (Cvt) and autophagy. Activates ATG12 for its conjugation with ATG5 as well as the ATG8 family proteins for their conjugation with phosphatidylethanolamine. Both systems are needed for the ATG8 association to Cvt vesicles and autophagosomes membranes. Required for autophagic death induced by caspase-8 inhibition. Facilitates LC3-I lipidation with phosphatidylethanolamine to form LC3-II which is found on autophagosomal membranes

(PubMed:34161705). Required for mitophagy which contributes to regulate mitochondrial quantity and quality by eliminating the mitochondria to a basal level to fulfill cellular energy requirements and preventing excess ROS production. Modulates p53/TP53 activity to regulate cell cycle and survival during metabolic stress. Also plays a key role in the maintenance of axonal homeostasis, the prevention of axonal degeneration, the maintenance of hematopoietic stem cells, the formation of Paneth cell granules, as well as in adipose differentiation. Plays a role in regulating the liver clock and glucose metabolism by mediating the autophagic degradation of CRY1 (clock repressor) in a time-dependent manner (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Preautophagosomal structure. Note=Also localizes to discrete punctae along the ciliary axoneme and to the base of the ciliary axoneme

Tissue Location

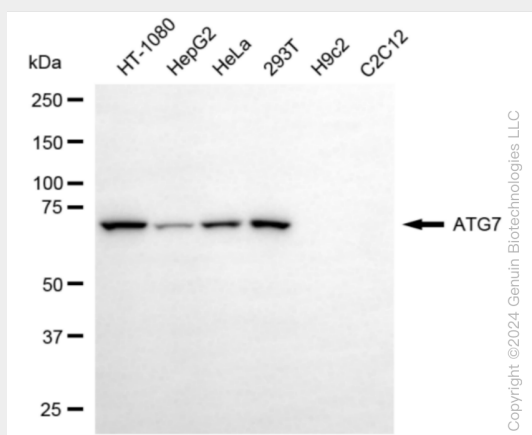
Widely expressed, especially in kidney, liver, lymph nodes and bone marrow.

KD-Validated Anti-ATG7 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

KD-Validated Anti-ATG7 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images



Western blotting analysis using anti-ATG7 antibody (Cat#AGI1030). Total cell lysates (30 µg) from various cell lines were loaded and separated by SDS-PAGE. The blot was incubated with anti-ATG7 antibody (Cat#AGI1030, 1:50,000) and HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody respectively.

