

KD-Validated Anti-DNA PKcs Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
Rabbit monoclonal antibody
Catalog # AGI1041**Specification****KD-Validated Anti-DNA PKcs Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, FC, ICC
Primary Accession	P78527
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	Predicted, 469 kDa , observed, 469 kDa
Gene Name	KDa
Aliases	PRKDC; Protein Kinase, DNA-Activated, Catalytic Subunit; DNPK1; P460; DNA-Dependent Protein Kinase Catalytic Subunit; DNA-PKcs; DNA-PKC; DNAPK; XRCC7; HYRC1; P350; HYRC; Protein Kinase, DNA-Activated, Catalytic Polypeptide; DNA-PK Catalytic Subunit; EC 2.7.11.1; DNAPKc; Hyper-Radiosensitivity Of Murine Scid Mutation, Complementing 1; DNA-PKCS; DNAPKC; IMD26
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human DNA-PKcs

KD-Validated Anti-DNA PKcs Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 5591**Other Names**

DNA-dependent protein kinase catalytic subunit, DNA-PK catalytic subunit, DNA-PKcs, 2.7.11.1, DNPK1, Ser-473 kinase, S473K, p460, PRKDC, HYRC, HYRC1

KD-Validated Anti-DNA PKcs Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information**Name** PRKDC**Synonyms** HYRC, HYRC1**Function**

Serine/threonine-protein kinase that acts as a molecular sensor for DNA damage (PubMed:11955432, PubMed:12649176, PubMed:14734805, PubMed:33854234). Involved in DNA non-homologous end joining (NHEJ) required for double-strand break (DSB) repair and V(D)J recombination (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11955432"

target="_blank">>11955432, PubMed:>12649176, PubMed:>14734805, PubMed:>33854234, PubMed:>34352203). Must be bound to DNA to express its catalytic properties (PubMed:>11955432). Promotes processing of hairpin DNA structures in V(D)J recombination by activation of the hairpin endonuclease artemis (DCLRE1C) (PubMed:>11955432). Recruited by XRCC5 and XRCC6 to DNA ends and is required to (1) protect and align broken ends of DNA, thereby preventing their degradation, (2) and sequester the DSB for repair by NHEJ (PubMed:>11955432, PubMed:>12649176, PubMed:>14734805, PubMed:>15574326, PubMed:>33854234). Acts as a scaffold protein to aid the localization of DNA repair proteins to the site of damage (PubMed:>11955432, PubMed:>12649176, PubMed:>14734805, PubMed:>15574326). The assembly of the DNA-PK complex at DNA ends is also required for the NHEJ ligation step (PubMed:>11955432, PubMed:>12649176, PubMed:>14734805, PubMed:>15574326). Found at the ends of chromosomes, suggesting a further role in the maintenance of telomeric stability and the prevention of chromosomal end fusion (By similarity). Also involved in modulation of transcription (PubMed:>11955432, PubMed:>12649176, PubMed:>14734805, PubMed:>15574326). As part of the DNA-PK complex, involved in the early steps of ribosome assembly by promoting the processing of precursor rRNA into mature 18S rRNA in the small-subunit processome (PubMed:>32103174). Binding to U3 small nucleolar RNA, recruits PRKDC and XRCC5/Ku86 to the small-subunit processome (PubMed:>32103174). Recognizes the substrate consensus sequence [ST]-Q (PubMed:>11955432, PubMed:>12649176, PubMed:>14734805, PubMed:>15574326). Phosphorylates 'Ser-139' of histone variant H2AX, thereby regulating DNA damage response mechanism (PubMed:>14627815, PubMed:>16046194). Phosphorylates ASF1A, DCLRE1C, c-Abi/ABL1, histone H1, HSPCA, c-jun/JUN, p53/TP53, PARP1, POU2F1, DHX9, FH, SRF, NHEJ1/XLF, XRCC1, XRCC4, XRCC5, XRCC6, WRN, MYC and RFA2 (PubMed:>10026262, PubMed:>10467406, PubMed:>11889123, PubMed:>12509254, PubMed:>14599745, PubMed:>14612514, PubMed:>14704337, PubMed:>15177042, PubMed:>1597196, PubMed:>16397295).

target="_blank">>16397295, PubMed:18644470, PubMed:2247066, PubMed:2507541, PubMed:26237645, PubMed:26666690, PubMed:28712728, PubMed:29478807, PubMed:30247612, PubMed:8407951, PubMed:8464713, PubMed:9139719, PubMed:9362500). Can phosphorylate C1D not only in the presence of linear DNA but also in the presence of supercoiled DNA (PubMed:9679063). Ability to phosphorylate p53/TP53 in the presence of supercoiled DNA is dependent on C1D (PubMed:9363941). Acts as a regulator of the phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase/protein kinase B signal transduction by mediating phosphorylation of 'Ser-473' of protein kinase B (PKB/AKT1, PKB/AKT2, PKB/AKT3), promoting their activation (PubMed:15262962). Contributes to the determination of the circadian period length by antagonizing phosphorylation of CRY1 'Ser-588' and increasing CRY1 protein stability, most likely through an indirect mechanism (By similarity). Plays a role in the regulation of DNA virus-mediated innate immune response by assembling into the HDP-RNP complex, a complex that serves as a platform for IRF3 phosphorylation and subsequent innate immune response activation through the cGAS-STING pathway (PubMed:28712728). Also regulates the cGAS-STING pathway by catalyzing phosphorylation of CGAS, thereby impairing CGAS oligomerization and activation (PubMed:33273464). Also regulates the cGAS-STING pathway by mediating phosphorylation of PARP1 (PubMed:35460603).

Cellular Location

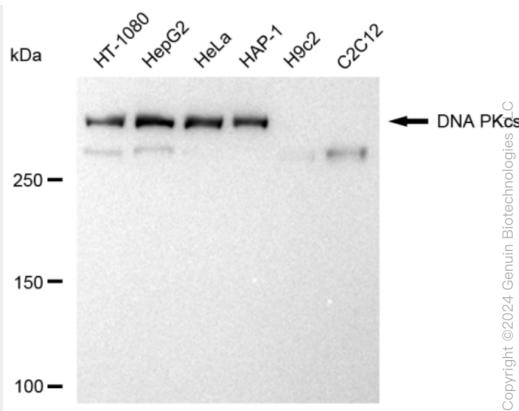
Nucleus. Nucleolus. Cytoplasm, cytosol

KD-Validated Anti-DNA PKcs Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

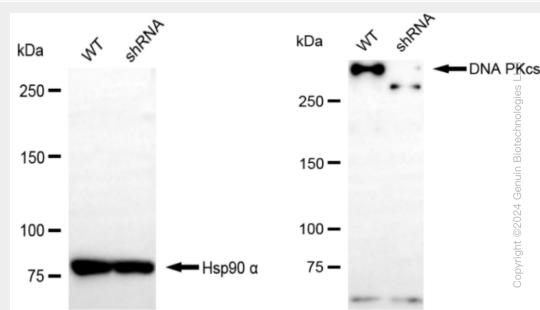
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

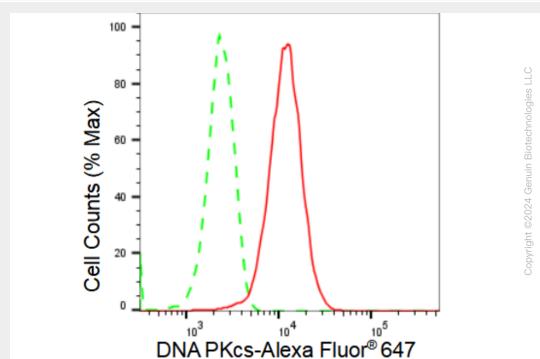
KD-Validated Anti-DNA PKcs Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images



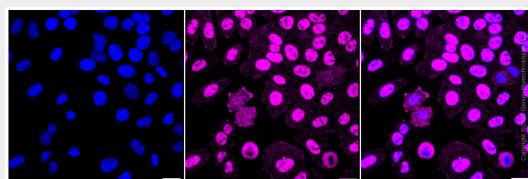
Western blotting analysis using anti-DNA PKcs antibody (Cat#AGI1041). Total cell lysates (30 µg) from various cell lines were loaded and separated by SDS-PAGE. The blot was incubated with anti-DNA PKcs antibody (Cat#AGI1041, 1:5,000) and HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody respectively.



Western blotting analysis using anti-DNA PKcs antibody (Cat#AGI1041). DNA PKcs expression in wild type (WT) and DNA PKcs shRNA knockdown (KD) HeLa cells with 30 µg of total cell lysates. Hsp90 α serves as a loading control. The blot was incubated with anti-DNA PKcs antibody (Cat#AGI1041, 1:5,000) and HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody respectively.



Flow cytometric analysis of DNA PKcs expression in HepG2 cells using DNA PKcs antibody (Cat#AGI1041, 1:2,000). Green, isotype control; red, DNA PKcs.



Immunocytochemical staining of HepG2 cells with DNA PKcs antibody (Cat#AGI1041, 1:1,000). Nuclei were stained blue with DAPI; DNA PKcs was stained magenta with Alexa Fluor® 647.

Images were taken using Leica stellaris 5. Protein abundance based on laser Intensity and smart gain: Medium. Scale bar: 20 µm.