

KD Validated Anti-Phospho-p53 (S33) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
Rabbit monoclonal antibody
Catalog # AGI1118**Specification****KD Validated Anti-Phospho-p53 (S33) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, FC
Primary Accession	P04637
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	Predicted, 44 kDa, observed, 53 kDa kDa
Gene Name	TP53
Aliases	TP53; Tumor Protein P53; P53; LFS1; Cellular Tumor Antigen P53; Phosphoprotein P53; Antigen NY-CO-13; Transformation-Related Protein 53; Mutant Tumor Protein 53; Li-Fraumeni Syndrome; Tumor Suppressor P53; Tumor Suppressor P53; Tumor Protein 53; BMFS5; TRP53; BCC7
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human Phospho-p53 (S33)

KD Validated Anti-Phospho-p53 (S33) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID	7157
Other Names	Cellular tumor antigen p53, Antigen NY-CO-13, Phosphoprotein p53, Tumor suppressor p53, TP53, P53

KD Validated Anti-Phospho-p53 (S33) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name TP53

Synonyms P53

Function

Multifunctional transcription factor that induces cell cycle arrest, DNA repair or apoptosis upon binding to its target DNA sequence (PubMed: [11025664](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11025664) target="_blank">11025664, PubMed: [12524540](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12524540) target="_blank">12524540, PubMed: [12810724](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12810724) target="_blank">12810724, PubMed: [15186775](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15186775) target="_blank">15186775, PubMed: [15340061](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15340061) target="_blank">15340061, PubMed: [17317671](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17317671) target="_blank">17317671, PubMed: [17349958](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17349958) target="_blank">17349958, PubMed: [19556538](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19556538) target="_blank">19556538)

target="_blank">19556538, PubMed:20673990, PubMed:20959462, PubMed:22726440, PubMed:24051492, PubMed:24652652, PubMed:35618207, PubMed:36634798, PubMed:38653238, PubMed:9840937). Acts as a tumor suppressor in many tumor types; induces growth arrest or apoptosis depending on the physiological circumstances and cell type (PubMed:11025664, PubMed:12524540, PubMed:12810724, PubMed:15186775, PubMed:15340061, PubMed:17189187, PubMed:17317671, PubMed:17349958, PubMed:19556538, PubMed:20673990, PubMed:20959462, PubMed:22726440, PubMed:24051492, PubMed:24652652, PubMed:38653238, PubMed:9840937). Negatively regulates cell division by controlling expression of a set of genes required for this process (PubMed:11025664, PubMed:12524540, PubMed:12810724, PubMed:15186775, PubMed:15340061, PubMed:17317671, PubMed:17349958, PubMed:19556538, PubMed:20673990, PubMed:20959462, PubMed:22726440, PubMed:24051492, PubMed:24652652, PubMed:9840937). One of the activated genes is an inhibitor of cyclin-dependent kinases. Apoptosis induction seems to be mediated either by stimulation of BAX and FAS antigen expression, or by repression of Bcl-2 expression (PubMed:12524540, PubMed:17189187). Its pro-apoptotic activity is activated via its interaction with PPP1R13B/ASPP1 or TP53BP2/ASPP2 (PubMed:12524540). However, this activity is inhibited when the interaction with PPP1R13B/ASPP1 or TP53BP2/ASPP2 is displaced by PPP1R13L/iASPP (PubMed:12524540). In cooperation with mitochondrial PPIF is involved in activating oxidative stress-induced necrosis; the function is largely independent of transcription. Induces the transcription of long intergenic non-coding RNA p21 (lincRNA-p21) and lincRNA-Mkn1. LincRNA-p21 participates in TP53-dependent transcriptional repression leading to apoptosis and seems to have an effect on cell-cycle regulation. Implicated in Notch signaling cross-over. Prevents CDK7 kinase activity when associated to CAK complex in response to DNA damage, thus stopping

cell cycle progression. Isoform 2 enhances the transactivation activity of isoform 1 from some but not all TP53-inducible promoters. Isoform 4 suppresses transactivation activity and impairs growth suppression mediated by isoform 1. Isoform 7 inhibits isoform 1-mediated apoptosis. Regulates the circadian clock by repressing CLOCK-BMAL1-mediated transcriptional activation of PER2 (PubMed:24051492).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Nucleus, PML body. Endoplasmic reticulum. Mitochondrion matrix. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome Note=Recruited into PML bodies together with CHEK2 (PubMed:12810724) Translocates to mitochondria upon oxidative stress (PubMed:22726440) Translocates to mitochondria in response to mitomycin C treatment (PubMed:27323408). Competitive inhibition of TP53 interaction with HSPA9/MOT-2 by UBXN2A results in increased protein abundance and subsequent translocation of TP53 to the nucleus (PubMed:24625977) [Isoform 2]: Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Note=Localized mainly in the nucleus with minor staining in the cytoplasm [Isoform 4]: Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Note=Predominantly nuclear but translocates to the cytoplasm following cell stress [Isoform 8]: Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Note=Localized in both nucleus and cytoplasm in most cells. In some cells, forms foci in the nucleus that are different from nucleoli

Tissue Location

Ubiquitous. Isoforms are expressed in a wide range of normal tissues but in a tissue-dependent manner. Isoform 2 is expressed in most normal tissues but is not detected in brain, lung, prostate, muscle, fetal brain, spinal cord and fetal liver. Isoform 3 is expressed in most normal tissues but is not detected in lung, spleen, testis, fetal brain, spinal cord and fetal liver. Isoform 7 is expressed in most normal tissues but is not detected in prostate, uterus, skeletal muscle and breast. Isoform 8 is detected only in colon, bone marrow, testis, fetal brain and intestine. Isoform 9 is expressed in most normal tissues but is not detected in brain, heart, lung, fetal liver, salivary gland, breast or intestine

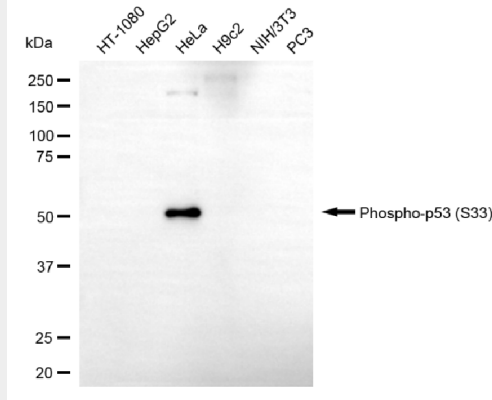
KD Validated Anti-Phospho-p53 (S33) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

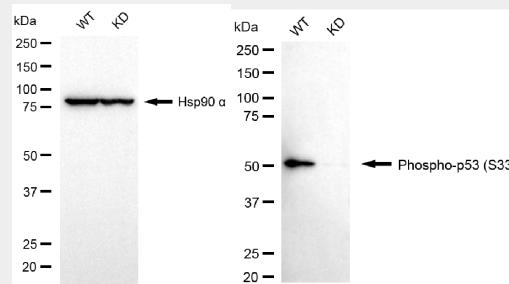
KD Validated Anti-Phospho-p53 (S33) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images





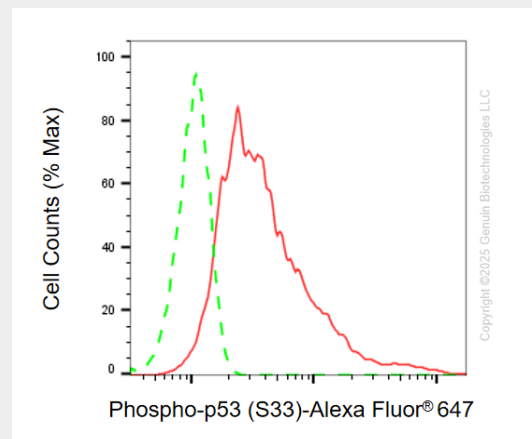
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Western blotting analysis using anti-phospho-p53 (S33) antibody (Cat#61265). Total cell lysates (30 µg) from various cell lines were loaded and separated by SDS-PAGE. The blot was incubated with anti-phospho-p53 (S33) antibody (Cat#61265, 1:5,000) and HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody (Cat#201, 1:20,000) respectively. Image was developed using FeQ™ ECL Substrate Kit (Cat#226).



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Western blotting analysis using anti-phospho-p53 (S33) antibody (Cat#61265). Phospho-p53 (S33) expression in wild type (WT) and TP53 knockdown (KD) HSHC cells with 20 µg of total cell lysates. Hsp90 α serves as a loading control. The blot was incubated with anti-phospho-p53 (S33) antibody (Cat#61265, 1:5,000) and HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody (Cat#201, 1:20,000) respectively. Image was developed using FeQ™ ECL Substrate Kit (Cat#226).



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Flow cytometric analysis of Phospho-p53 (S33) expression in HeLa cells using anti-Phospho-p53 (S33) antibody (Cat# 61265, 1:2,000). Green, isotype control; red, Phospho-p53 (S33).