

KD-Validated Anti-Enolase 1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody Rabbit monoclonal antibody Catalog # AGI1301

Specification

KD-Validated Anti-Enolase 1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Clonality Isotype Calculated MW Gene Name Aliases	WB, FC, ICC <u>P06733</u> Rat, Human, Mouse Monoclonal Rabbit IgG Predicted, 47 kDa; observed, 47 kDa KDa ENO1 ENO1; Enolase 1; Alpha-Enolase; ENO1L1; MBP-1; MPB1; PPH; ENO1 Intronic Transcript 1 (Non-Protein Coding); 2-Phospho-D-Glycerate Hydro-Lyase; Plasminogen-Binding Protein; ENO1 Intronic Transcript 1; Phosphopyruvate Hydratase; Enolase 1, (Alpha); Non-Neural Enolase; EC 4.2.1.11; ENO1-IT1; NNE; Epididymis Secretory Protein Li 17; C-Myc Promoter-Binding Protein-1; MYC Promoter-Binding Protein 1; C-Myc Promoter-Binding Protein 1; C-Myc Promoter-Binding Protein; Alpha Enolase Like 1; Tau-Crystallin; Enolase-Alpha; HEL-S-17; EC 4.2.1; MBPB1; MPB-1
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human ENO1

KD-Validated Anti-Enolase 1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 2023 Other Names Alpha-enolase, 4.2.1.11, 2-phospho-D-glycerate hydro-lyase, C-myc promoter-binding protein, Enolase 1, MBP-1, MPB-1, Non-neural enolase, NNE, Phosphopyruvate hydratase, Plasminogen-binding protein, ENO1, ENO1L1, MBPB1, MPB1

KD-Validated Anti-Enolase 1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name ENO1

Synonyms ENO1L1, MBPB1, MPB1

Function

Glycolytic enzyme the catalyzes the conversion of 2- phosphoglycerate to phosphoenolpyruvate (PubMed:1369209, PubMed:29775581).



In addition to glycolysis, involved in various processes such as growth control, hypoxia tolerance and allergic responses (PubMed:10802057, PubMed:12666133, PubMed:2005901, PubMed:2005901, PubMed:29775581). May also function in the intravascular and pericellular fibrinolytic system due to its ability to serve as a receptor and activator of plasminogen on the cell surface of several cell-types such as leukocytes and neurons (PubMed:12666133). Stimulates immunoglobulin production (PubMed:1369209).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Cell membrane. Cytoplasm, myofibril, sarcomere, M line. Note=Can translocate to the plasma membrane in either the homodimeric (alpha/alpha) or heterodimeric (alpha/gamma) form. ENO1 is localized to the M line

Tissue Location

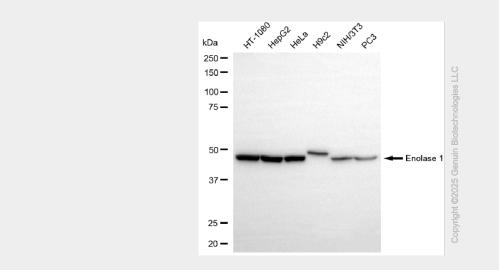
The alpha/alpha homodimer is expressed in embryo and in most adult tissues. The alpha/beta heterodimer and the beta/beta homodimer are found in striated muscle, and the alpha/gamma heterodimer and the gamma/gamma homodimer in neurons

KD-Validated Anti-Enolase 1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

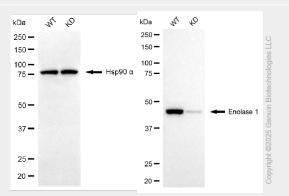
KD-Validated Anti-Enolase 1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images



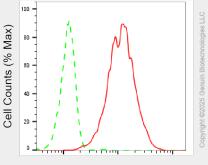
Western blotting analysis using anti-enolase 1 antibody (Cat#AGI1301). Total cell lysates (30 µg) from various cell lines were loaded and separated by SDS-PAGE. The blot was incubated with



anti-enolase 1 antibody (Cat#AGI1301, 1:5,000) and HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody respectively.

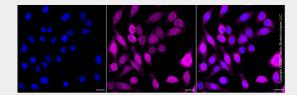


Western blotting analysis using anti-enolase 1 antibody (Cat#AGI1301). Enolase 1 expression in wild-type (WT) and enolase 1 (ENO1) knockdown (KD) 293T cells with 20 μ g of total cell lysates. Hsp90 α serves as a loading control. The blot was incubated with anti-enolase 1 antibody (Cat#AGI1301, 1:5,000) and HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody respectively.



Enolase 1-Alexa Fluor® 647

Flow cytometric analysis of Enolase 1 expression in HepG2 cells using anti-Enolase 1 antibody (Cat#AGI1301, 1:2,000). Green, isotype control; red, Enolase 1.



Immunocytochemical staining of HepG2 cells with anti-Enolase 1 antibody (Cat#AGI1301, 1:1,000). Nuclei were stained blue with DAPI; Enolase 1 was stained magenta with Alexa Fluor® 647. Images were taken using Leica stellaris 5. Protein abundance based on laser Intensity and smart gain: Medium. Scale bar, 20 μ m.