

KD-Validated Anti-UBE2L3 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody Rabbit monoclonal antibody Catalog # AGI1759

Specification

KD-Validated Anti-UBE2L3 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Clonality Isotype Calculated MW Gene Name Aliases	WB, FC, ICC <u>P68036</u> Rat, Human, Mouse Monoclonal Rabbit IgG Predicted, 18 kDa, observed, 17 kDa KDa UBE2L3 UBE2L3; Ubiquitin Conjugating Enzyme E2 L3; UBCH7; Ubiquitin-Conjugating Enzyme E2 L3; E2 Ubiquitin-Conjugating Enzyme L3; Ubiquitin-Conjugating Enzyme E2-F1; Ubiquitin Carrier Protein L3; Ubiquitin-Protein Ligase L3; L-UBC; Ubiquitin-Conjugating Enzyme E2L 3; Ubiquitin-Conjugating Enzyme E2L 3; Ubiquitin-Conjugating Enzyme UBCH7; EC 2.3.2.23; EC 6.3.2.19; E2-F1; UbcM4; UDC57: Ubc447
Immunogen	UBCE7; UbcH7 A synthesized peptide derived from human UBE2L3

KD-Validated Anti-UBE2L3 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 7332 Other Names Ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2 L3, 2.3.2.23, E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme L3, L-UBC, UbcH7, Ubiquitin carrier protein L3, Ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2-F1, Ubiquitin-protein ligase L3, UBE2L3, UBCE7, UBCH7

KD-Validated Anti-UBE2L3 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name UBE2L3

Synonyms UBCE7, UBCH7

Function

Ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2 that specifically acts with HECT-type and RBR family E3 ubiquitin-protein ligases. Does not function with most RING-containing E3 ubiquitin-protein ligases because it lacks intrinsic E3-independent reactivity with lysine; in contrast, it has activity with the RBR family E3 enzymes, such as PRKN, RNF31 and ARIH1, that function like RING-HECT hybrids. Accepts ubiquitin from the E1 complex and catalyzes its covalent attachment to other proteins. Mediates ubiquitination by the CUL9-RBX1 complex (PubMed:<a



href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38605244" target="_blank">38605244). In vitro catalyzes 'Lys-11'-linked polyubiquitination. Involved in the selective degradation of short-lived and abnormal proteins. Down- regulated during the S-phase it is involved in progression through the cell cycle. Regulates nuclear hormone receptors transcriptional activity. May play a role in myelopoiesis.

Cellular Location Nucleus. Cytoplasm

Tissue Location Ubiquitous, with highest expression in testis.

KD-Validated Anti-UBE2L3 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

KD-Validated Anti-UBE2L3 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images



Western blotting analysis using anti-UBE2L3 antibody (Cat#AGI1759). Total cell lysates (5 µg) from various cell lines were loaded and separated by SDS-PAGE. The blot was incubated with anti-UBE2L3 antibody (Cat#AGI1759, 1:5,000) and HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody respectively.



Western blotting analysis using anti-UBE2L3 antibody (Cat#AGI1759). UBE2L3 expression in wild-type (WT) and UBE2L3 shRNA knockdown (KD) HeLa cells with 20 μ g of total cell lysates. β -Tubulin serves as a loading control. The blot was incubated with anti-UBE2L3 antibody (Cat#AGI1759, 1:5,000) and HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody respectively.



Flow cytometric analysis of UBE2L3 expression in HepG2 cells using anti-UBE2L3 antibody (Cat#AGI1759, 1:2,000). Green, isotype control; red, UBE2L3.



Immunocytochemical staining of HepG2 cells with anti-UBE2L3 antibody (Cat#AGI1759, 1:1,000). Nuclei were stained blue with DAPI; UBE2L3 was stained magenta with Alexa Fluor® 647. Images were taken using Leica stellaris 5. Protein abundance based on laser Intensity and smart gain: Medium. Scale bar: 20 µm.