

KD-Validated Anti-GOT1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Rabbit polyclonal antibody Catalog # AGI2121

Specification

KD-Validated Anti-GOT1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession P17174

Reactivity
Clonality
Polyclonal
Isotype
Rat, Human, Mouse
Polyclonal
Rabbit IgG

Calculated MW Predicted, 46 kDa, observed, 41 kDa KDa

Gene Name GO

Aliases

GOT1; Glutamic-Oxaloacetic Transaminase
1; Glutamate Oxaloacetate Transaminase
1; AST1; SGOT; AST; Glutamic-Oxaloacetic

Transaminase 1, Soluble; Aspartate Aminotransferase, Cytoplasmic; Cysteine Aminotransferase, Cytoplasmic; Cysteine Transaminase, Cytoplasmic; Aspartate

Aminotransferase 1; Aspartate
Transaminase 1; Transaminase A; EC

2.6.1.1; CAspAT; CCAT;

Glutamic-Oxaloacetic Transaminase 1, Soluble (Aspartate Aminotransferase 1); Testis Secretory Sperm-Binding Protein Li 196a; Growth-Inhibiting Protein 18; EC

2.6.1.3; ASTQTL1; GIG18

Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human

GOT1

KD-Validated Anti-GOT1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID **2805**

Other Names

Aspartate aminotransferase, cytoplasmic, cAspAT, 2.6.1.1, 2.6.1.3, Cysteine aminotransferase, cytoplasmic, Cysteine transaminase, cytoplasmic, cCAT, Glutamate oxaloacetate transaminase 1, Transaminase A, GOT1 (HGNC:4432)

KD-Validated Anti-GOT1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name GOT1 (HGNC:4432)

Function

Biosynthesis of L-glutamate from L-aspartate or L-cysteine (PubMed:21900944). Important



regulator of levels of glutamate, the major excitatory neurotransmitter of the vertebrate central nervous system. Acts as a scavenger of glutamate in brain neuroprotection. The aspartate aminotransferase activity is involved in hepatic glucose synthesis during development and in adipocyte glyceroneogenesis. Using L-cysteine as substrate, regulates levels of mercaptopyruvate, an important source of hydrogen sulfide. Mercaptopyruvate is converted into H(2)S via the action of 3-mercaptopyruvate sulfurtransferase (3MST). Hydrogen sulfide is an important synaptic modulator and neuroprotectant in the brain. In addition, catalyzes (2S)-2- aminobutanoate, a by-product in the cysteine biosynthesis pathway (PubMed:http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27827456">http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27827456">http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27827456">http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27827456">http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27827456">http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27827456">http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27827456">http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27827456">http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27827456">http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27827456">http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27827456">http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27827456">http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27827456

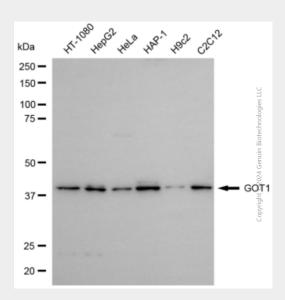
Cellular Location Cytoplasm.

KD-Validated Anti-GOT1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

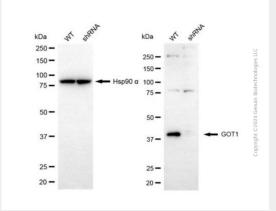
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

KD-Validated Anti-GOT1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody - Images



Western blotting analysis using anti-GOT1 antibody (Cat#AGI2121). Total cell lysates (30 µg) from various cell lines were loaded and separated by SDS-PAGE. The blot was incubated with anti-GOT1 antibody (Cat#AGI2121, 1:2,500) and HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody respectively.





Western blotting analysis using anti-GOT1 antibody (Cat #AGI2121). GOT1 expression in wild-type (WT) and GOT1 shRNA knockdown (KD) HeLa cells with 20 μ g of total cell lysates. Hsp90 α serves as a loading control. The blot was incubated with anti-GOT1 antibody (Cat #AGI2121, 1:2,500) and HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody respectively.