

KD-Validated Anti-YWHAG Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Rabbit polyclonal antibody
Catalog # AGI2133**Specification****KD-Validated Anti-YWHAG Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	P61981
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	Predicted, 28 kDa, observed, 28 kDa kDa
Gene Name	YWHAG
Aliases	YWHAG; Tyrosine 3-Monooxygenase/Tryptophan 5-Monooxygenase Activation Protein Gamma; 14-3-3GAMMA; PPP1R170; Tyrosine 3-Monooxygenase/Tryptophan 5-Monooxygenase Activation Protein, Gamma Polypeptide; Protein Phosphatase 1, Regulatory Subunit 170; Protein Kinase C Inhibitor Protein 1; 14-3-3 Protein Gamma; KCIP-1; 14-3-3 Gamma; 14-3-3γ; 14-3-3G; EIEE56; DEE56
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human 14-3-3 gamma

KD-Validated Anti-YWHAG Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID	7532
Other Names	
14-3-3 protein gamma, Protein kinase C inhibitor protein 1, KCIP-1, 14-3-3 protein gamma, N-terminally processed, YWHAG (HGNC:12852)	

KD-Validated Anti-YWHAG Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**Name** YWHAG ([HGNC:12852](#))**Function**

Adapter protein implicated in the regulation of a large spectrum of both general and specialized signaling pathways (PubMed:15696159, PubMed:16511572, PubMed:36732624). Binds to a large number of partners, usually by recognition of a phosphoserine or phosphothreonine motif (PubMed:15696159, PubMed:16511572, PubMed:36732624).

[16511572](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16511572), PubMed: [36732624](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36732624)). Binding generally results in the modulation of the activity of the binding partner (PubMed: [16511572](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16511572)). Promotes inactivation of WDR24 component of the GATOR2 complex by binding to phosphorylated WDR24 (PubMed: [36732624](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36732624)). Participates in the positive regulation of NMDA glutamate receptor activity by promoting the L-glutamate secretion through interaction with BEST1 (PubMed: [29121962](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29121962)). Reduces keratinocyte intercellular adhesion, via interacting with PKP1 and sequestering it in the cytoplasm, thereby reducing its incorporation into desmosomes (PubMed: [29678907](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29678907)). Plays a role in mitochondrial protein catabolic process (also named MALM) that promotes the degradation of damaged proteins inside mitochondria (PubMed: [22532927](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22532927)).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytosol. Mitochondrion matrix. Note=Translocates to the mitochondrial matrix following induction of MALM (mitochondrial protein catabolic process).

Tissue Location

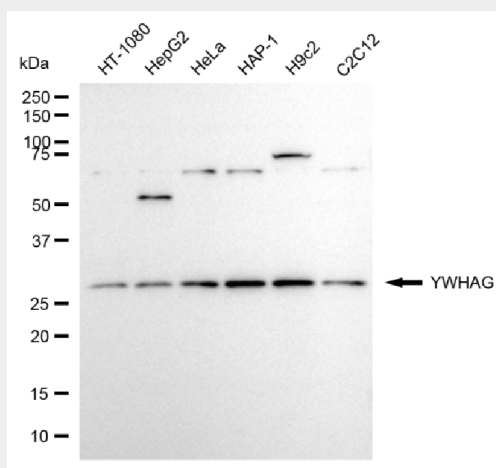
Highly expressed in brain, skeletal muscle, and heart.

KD-Validated Anti-YWHAG Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

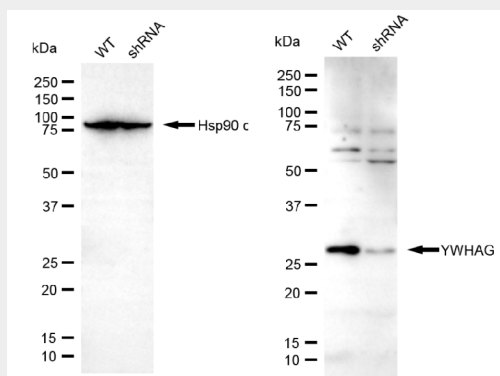
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

KD-Validated Anti-YWHAG Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody - Images



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from various cell lines were loaded and separated by SDS-PAGE. The blot was incubated with anti-YWHAG antibody (Cat#AGI2133, 1:2,500) and HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody respectively.



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Western blotting analysis using anti-YWHAG antibody (Cat#AGI2133). YWHAG expression in wild-type (WT) and YWHAG shRNA knockdown (KD) HeLa cells with 20 µg of total cell lysates. Hsp90 α serves as a loading control. The blot was incubated with anti-YWHAG antibody (Cat#AGI2133, 1:2,500) and HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody respectively.