

KD-Validated Anti-PLSCR1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Rabbit polyclonal antibody
Catalog # AGI2141**Specification****KD-Validated Anti-PLSCR1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	O15162
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	Predicted, 35 kDa, observed, 31 kDa
Gene Name	PLSCR1
Aliases	PLSCR1; Phospholipid Scramblase 1; MMTRA1B; Ca(2+)-Dependent Phospholipid Scramblase 1; Erythrocyte Phospholipid Scramblase; Mg(2+)-Dependent Nuclease; PL Scramblase 1; EC 3.1.-.- ; MmTRA1b
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human PLSCR1

KD-Validated Anti-PLSCR1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID	5359
Other Names	Phospholipid scramblase 1, PL scramblase 1, Ca(2+)-dependent phospholipid scramblase 1, Erythrocyte phospholipid scramblase, Mg(2+)-dependent nuclease, 3.1.-.-, MmTRA1b, PLSCR1

KD-Validated Anti-PLSCR1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**Name** PLSCR1**Function**

Catalyzes calcium-induced ATP-independent rapid bidirectional and non-specific movement of phospholipids (lipid scrambling or lipid flip-flop) between the inner and outer leaflet of the plasma membrane resulting in collapse of the phospholipid asymmetry which leads to phosphatidylserine externalization on the cell surface (PubMed: [10770950](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10770950), PubMed: [18629440](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18629440), PubMed: [23590222](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23590222), PubMed: [23659204](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23659204), PubMed: [24343571](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24343571), PubMed: [24648509](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24648509), PubMed: [29748552](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29748552), PubMed: [32110987](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32110987), PubMed: [8663431](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8663431), PubMed: [9218461](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9218461), PubMed: [9485382](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9485382), PubMed: [9572851](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9572851))

target="_blank">9572851). Mediates calcium-dependent phosphatidylserine externalization and apoptosis in neurons via its association with TRPC5 (By similarity). Also exhibits magnesium-dependent nuclease activity against double-stranded DNA and RNA but not single-stranded DNA and can enhance DNA decatenation mediated by TOP2A (PubMed:17567603, PubMed:27206388). Negatively regulates FcR-mediated phagocytosis in differentiated macrophages (PubMed:26745724). May contribute to cytokine-regulated cell proliferation and differentiation (By similarity). May play a role in the antiviral response of interferon (IFN) by amplifying and enhancing the IFN response through increased expression of select subset of potent antiviral genes (PubMed:15308695). Inhibits the functions of viral transactivators, including human T-cell leukemia virus (HTLV)-1 protein Tax, human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)-1 Tat, human hepatitis B virus (HBV) HBx, Epstein-Barr virus (EBV) BZLF1 and human cytomegalovirus IE1 and IE2 proteins through direct interactions (PubMed:22789739, PubMed:23501106, PubMed:25365352, PubMed:31434743, PubMed:35138119). Also mediates the inhibition of influenza virus infection by preventing nuclear import of the viral nucleoprotein/NP (PubMed:29352288, PubMed:35595813). Plays a crucial role as a defense factor against SARS-CoV-2 independently of its scramblase activity by directly targeting nascent viral vesicles to prevent virus-membrane fusion and the release of viral RNA into the host-cell cytosol (PubMed:37438530).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type II membrane protein. Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor; Cytoplasmic side. Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, perinuclear region Note=Localizes to the perinuclear region in the presence of RELT (PubMed:22052202). Palmitoylation regulates its localization to the cell membrane or the nucleus; trafficking to the cell membrane is dependent upon palmitoylation whereas in the absence of palmitoylation, localizes to the nucleus (PubMed:12564925)

Tissue Location

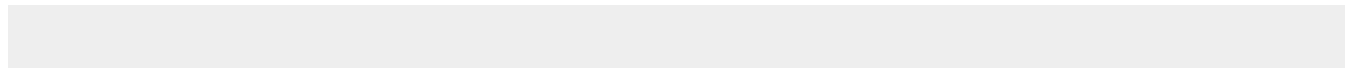
Expressed in platelets, erythrocyte membranes, lymphocytes, spleen, thymus, prostate, testis, uterus, intestine, colon, heart, placenta, lung, liver, kidney and pancreas. Not detected in brain and skeletal muscle.

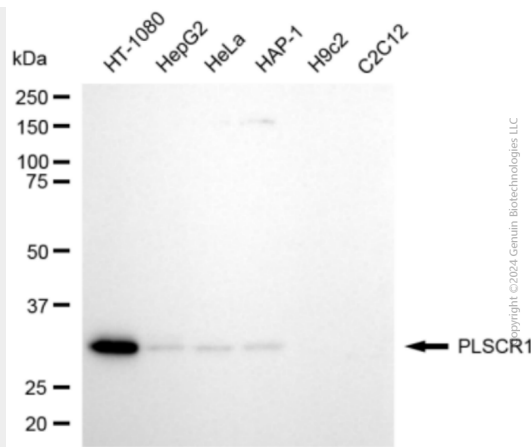
KD-Validated Anti-PLSCR1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

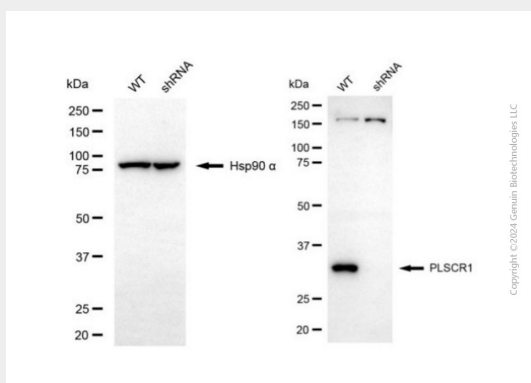
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

KD-Validated Anti-PLSCR1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody - Images





Western blotting analysis using anti-PLSCR1 antibody (Cat#AGI2141). Total cell lysates (30 µg) from various cell lines were loaded and separated by SDS-PAGE. The blot was incubated with anti-PLSCR1 antibody (Cat#AGI2141, 1:2,500) and HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody respectively.



Western blotting analysis using anti-PLSCR1 antibody (Cat #AGI2141). PLSCR1 expression in wild-type (WT) and PLSCR1 shRNA knockdown (KD) HeLa cells with 20 µg of total cell lysates. Hsp90 α serves as a loading control. The blot was incubated with anti-PLSCR1 antibody (Cat #AGI2141, 1:2,500) and HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody respectively.