

KD-Validated Anti-ATG5 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Rabbit polyclonal antibody Catalog # AGI2155

Specification

KD-Validated Anti-ATG5 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession Q9H1Y0
Reactivity Human
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG

Calculated MW Predicted, 32 kDa, observed, 55 kDa KDa

Gene Name ATG5

Aliases ATG5; Autophagy Related 5; ASP; HAPG5;

APG5L; APG5; Apoptosis-Specific Protein; Autophagy Protein 5; ATG5 Autophagy Related 5 Homolog (S. Cerevisiae); APG5 (Autophagy 5, S. Cerevisiae)-Like; APG5 Autophagy 5-Like (S. Cerevisiae); ATG5 Autophagy Related 5 Homolog; APG5 Autophagy 5-Like; APG5-LiKE; APG5-Like;

SCAR25

Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human

ATG5

KD-Validated Anti-ATG5 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 9474

Other Names

Autophagy protein 5, APG5-like, Apoptosis-specific protein, ATG5 (HGNC:589), APG5L, ASP

KD-Validated Anti-ATG5 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name ATG5 (HGNC:589)

Synonyms APG5L, ASP

Function

Involved in autophagic vesicle formation. Conjugation with ATG12, through a ubiquitin-like conjugating system involving ATG7 as an E1-like activating enzyme and ATG10 as an E2-like conjugating enzyme, is essential for its function. The ATG12-ATG5 conjugate acts as an E3- like enzyme which is required for lipidation of ATG8 family proteins and their association to the vesicle membranes. Involved in mitochondrial quality control after oxidative damage, and in subsequent cellular longevity. Plays a critical role in multiple aspects of lymphocyte development and is essential for both B and T lymphocyte survival and proliferation. Required for optimal processing and presentation of antigens for MHC II. Involved in the maintenance of axon morphology and



membrane structures, as well as in normal adipocyte differentiation. Promotes primary ciliogenesis through removal of OFD1 from centriolar satellites and degradation of IFT20 via the autophagic pathway. As part of the ATG8 conjugation system with ATG12 and ATG16L1, required for recruitment of LRRK2 to stressed lysosomes and induction of LRRK2 kinase activity in response to lysosomal stress (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Preautophagosomal structure membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Note=Colocalizes with nonmuscle actin. The conjugate detaches from the membrane immediately before or after autophagosome formation is completed (By similarity). Also localizes to discrete punctae along the ciliary axoneme and to the base of the ciliary axoneme. Under starved conditions, the ATG12-ATG5-ATG16L1 complex is translocated to phagophores driven by RAB33B (PubMed:32960676). {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000269|PubMed:32960676}

Tissue Location

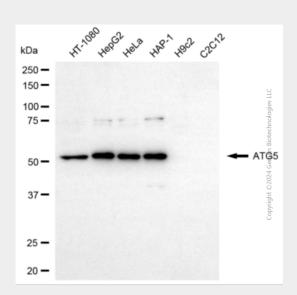
Ubiquitous. The mRNA is present at similar levels in viable and apoptotic cells, whereas the protein is dramatically highly expressed in apoptotic cells

KD-Validated Anti-ATG5 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

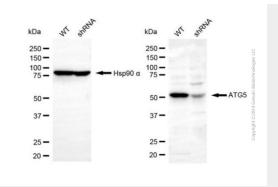
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

KD-Validated Anti-ATG5 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody - Images



Western blotting analysis using anti-ATG5 antibody (Cat#AGI2155). Total cell lysates (30 μ g) from various cell lines were loaded and separated by SDS-PAGE. The blot was incubated with anti-ATG5 antibody (Cat#AGI2155, 1:1,000) and HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody respectively.





Western blotting analysis using anti-ATG5 antibody (Cat #AGI2155). ATG5 expression in wild-type (WT) and ATG5 shRNA knockdown (KD) HeLa cells with 30 μ g of total cell lysates. Hsp90 α serves as a loading control. The blot was incubated with anti-ATG5 antibody (Cat #AGI2155, 1:1,000) and HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody respectively.