

# KD-Validated Anti-CDK5RAP3 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Rabbit monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AGI2197

## **Specification**

## KD-Validated Anti-CDK5RAP3 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, FC Primary Accession Q96IB5

Reactivity Rat, Human, Mouse Clonality Monoclonal

Isotype Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW Predicted, 57 kDa, observed, 65 kDa KDa

Gene Name CDK5RAP3

Aliases

CDK5RAP3; CDK5 Regulatory Subunit
Associated Protein 3; IC53; LZAP;
OK/SW-Cl.114; MST016; HSF-27; C53;

LXXLL/Leucine-Zipper-Containing

**ARF-Binding Protein;** 

LXXLL/Leucine-Zipper-Containing

ARFbinding Protein; Ischemic Heart CDK5 Activator-Binding Protein C53; CDK5 Regulatory Subunit-Associated Protein 3; EL113660: CDK5 Regulatory Subunit

FLJ13660; CDK5 Regulatory Subunit Associated Protein IC53-2; CDK5 Activator-Binding Protein C53; Protein

HSF-27: PP1553

Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human

CDK5RAP3

## KD-Validated Anti-CDK5RAP3 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID **80279** 

**Other Names** 

CDK5 regulatory subunit-associated protein 3, CDK5 activator-binding protein C53, LXXLL/leucine-zipper-containing ARF-binding protein, Protein HSF-27 {ECO:0000312|EMBL:AAK69655.1}, CDK5RAP3 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:30635284, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:18673}

## KD-Validated Anti-CDK5RAP3 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name CDK5RAP3 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:30635284, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:18673}

#### **Function**

Substrate adapter of E3 ligase complexes mediating ufmylation, the covalent attachment of the ubiquitin-like modifier UFM1 to substrate proteins, and which is involved in various processes, such as ribosome recycling and reticulophagy (also called ER-phagy) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23152784" target="\_blank">23152784</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30635284" target="\_blank">30635284</a>, PubMed:<a



href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32851973" target=" blank">32851973</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36121123" target="blank">36121123</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36543799" target="blank">36543799</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37595036" target="\_blank">37595036</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38383785" target="\_blank">38383785</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38383789" target="blank">38383789</a>). As part of the UREL complex, plays a key role in ribosome recycling by promoting mono-ufmylation of RPL26/uL24 subunit of the 60S ribosome (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38383785" target=" blank">38383785</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38383789" target="\_blank">38383789</a>). Ufmylation of RPL26/uL24 occurs on free 60S ribosomes following ribosome dissociation: it weakens the junction between post-termination 60S subunits and SEC61 translocons, promoting release and recycling of the large ribosomal subunit from the endoplasmic reticulum membrane (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38383785" target=" blank">38383785</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38383789" target="blank">38383789</a>). Ufmylation of RPL26/uL24 and subsequent 60S ribosome recycling either take place after normal termination of translation or after ribosome stalling during cotranslational translocation at the endoplasmic reticulum (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32851973" target=" blank">32851973</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37595036" target=" blank">37595036</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38383785" target="blank">38383785</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38383789" target="blank">38383789</a>). Within the UREL complex, CDK5RAP3 acts as a substrate adapter that constrains UFL1 ligase activity to mono-ufmylate RPL26/uL24 at 'Lys-134' (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36121123" target=" blank">36121123</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38383785" target="\_blank">38383785</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38383789" target="blank">38383789</a>). The UREL complex is also involved in reticulophagy in response to endoplasmic reticulum stress by promoting ufmylation of proteins such as CYB5R3, thereby promoting lysosomal degradation of ufmylated proteins (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36543799" target=" blank">36543799</a>). Also acts as a regulator of transcription: negatively regulates NF-kappa-B-mediated gene transcription through the control of RELA phosphorylation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17785205" target=" blank">17785205</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20228063" target="\_blank">20228063</a>). Also regulates mitotic G2/M transition checkpoint and mitotic G2 DNA damage checkpoint (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15790566" target=" blank">15790566</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19223857" target="blank">19223857</a>). Through its interaction with CDKN2A/ARF and MDM2 may induce MDM2-dependent p53/TP53 ubiquitination, stabilization and activation in the nucleus, thereby promoting G1 cell cycle arrest and inhibition of cell proliferation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16173922" target=" blank">16173922</a>). May also play a role in the rupture of the nuclear envelope during apoptosis (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23478299" target=" blank">23478299</a>). May regulate MAPK14 activity by regulating its dephosphorylation by PPM1D/WIP1 (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21283629" target=" blank">21283629</a>). Required for liver development (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane. Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Note=Tethered to the endoplasmic reticulum membrane as part of the UFM1 ribosome E3 ligase (UREL) complex (PubMed:38383785, PubMed:38383789). Colocalizes and associates with microtubules (PubMed:23478299)

## **Tissue Location**

Ubiquitously expressed (PubMed:10721722, PubMed:12054757). Expressed in heart, brain, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney and pancreas. Isoform 3 is expressed in kidney, liver, skeletal muscle and placenta (PubMed:12737517)

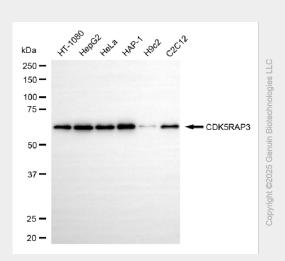


## KD-Validated Anti-CDK5RAP3 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

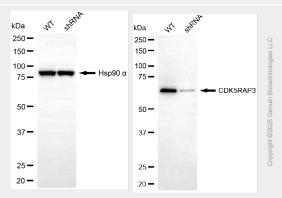
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## KD-Validated Anti-CDK5RAP3 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images

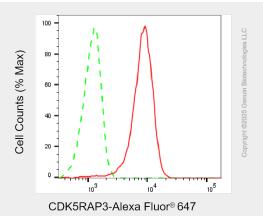


Western blotting analysis using anti-CDK5RAP3 antibody (Cat#AGI2197). Total cell lysates (30 µg) from various cell lines were loaded and separated by SDS-PAGE. The blot was incubated with anti-CDK5RAP3 antibody (Cat#AGI2197, 1:5,000) and HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody respectively.



Western blotting analysis using anti-CDK5RAP3 antibody (Cat#AGI2197). CDK5RAP3 expression in wild-type (WT) and CDK5RAP3 shRNA knockdown (KD) HT-1080 cells with 20  $\mu$ g of total cell lysates. Hsp90  $\alpha$  serves as a loading control. The blot was incubated with anti-CDK5RAP3 antibody (Cat#AGI2197, 1:5,000) and HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody respectively.





Flow cytometric analysis of CDK5RAP3 expression in HepG2 cells using anti-CDK5RAP3 antibody (Cat#AGI2197, 1:2,000). Green, isotype control; red, CDK5RAP3.