

# PCNA (Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen) (G1- & S-phase Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone SPM350]
Catalog # AH10652

## **Specification**

## PCNA (Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen) (G1- & S-phase Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, IF, FC

Primary Accession P12004

Other Accession <u>5111</u>, <u>147433</u>, <u>728886</u>

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat, Zebrafish, Monkey,

Pig, Chicken, Yeast, Drosophila

Host Mouse Clonality Monoclonal

Isotype Mouse / IgG2a, kappa

Calculated MW 36kDa KDa

## PCNA (Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen) (G1- & S-phase Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Additional Information

### **Gene ID 5111**

### **Other Names**

Proliferating cell nuclear antigen, PCNA, Cyclin, PCNA

## **Application Note**

- <span class ="dilution WB">WB~~1:1000</span><br \><span class</pre>
- ="dilution IHC-P">IHC-P~~N/A</span><br \><span class
- ="dilution IF">IF $\sim$ 1:50 $\sim$ 200</span><br/><br/>span class ="dilution FC">FC $\sim$ 1:10 $\sim$ 50</span>

## **Format**

200ug/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.

### Storage

Store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months.

## **Precautions**

PCNA (Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen) (G1- & S-phase Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## PCNA (Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen) (G1- & S-phase Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protein Information

### Name PCNA

## **Function**



Auxiliary protein of DNA polymerase delta and epsilon, is involved in the control of eukaryotic DNA replication by increasing the polymerase's processibility during elongation of the leading strand (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35585232" target="\_blank">35585232</a>). Induces a robust stimulatory effect on the 3'-5' exonuclease and 3'-phosphodiesterase, but not apurinic-apyrimidinic (AP) endonuclease, APEX2 activities. Has to be loaded onto DNA in order to be able to stimulate APEX2. Plays a key role in DNA damage response (DDR) by being conveniently positioned at the replication fork to coordinate DNA replication with DNA repair and DNA damage tolerance pathways (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24939902" target="\_blank">24939902" target="\_blank">24939902</a>). Acts as a loading platform to recruit DDR proteins that allow completion of DNA replication after DNA damage and promote postreplication repair: Monoubiquitinated PCNA leads to recruitment of translesion (TLS) polymerases, while 'Lys-63'-linked polyubiquitination of PCNA is involved in error-free pathway and employs recombination mechanisms to synthesize across the lesion (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24695737" target=" blank">24695737</a>/a>).

### **Cellular Location**

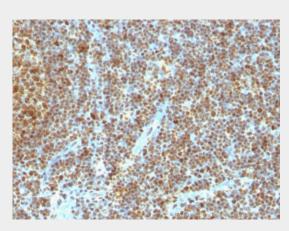
Nucleus. Note=Colocalizes with CREBBP, EP300 and POLD1 to sites of DNA damage (PubMed:24939902). Forms nuclear foci representing sites of ongoing DNA replication and vary in morphology and number during S phase (PubMed:15543136). Co-localizes with SMARCA5/SNF2H and BAZ1B/WSTF at replication foci during S phase (PubMed:15543136). Together with APEX2, is redistributed in discrete nuclear foci in presence of oxidative DNA damaging agents

## PCNA (Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen) (G1- & S-phase Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# PCNA (Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen) (G1- & S-phase Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Images



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Tonsil stained with PCNA Monoclonal Antibody (SPM350)



# PCNA (Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen) (G1- & S-phase Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Background

Recognizes a non-histone protein of 36kDa, which is identified as proliferating cell nuclear antigen (PCNA). It is also known as cyclin or polymerase delta auxiliary protein. Elevated expression of PCNA/cyclin has been shown in the nucleus during late G1 phase immediately before the onset of DNA synthesis, becoming maximal during S-phase and declining during G2 and M phases. This MAb is excellent for multiple applications.

PCNA (Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen) (G1- & S-phase Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - References

Waseem NH & Lane DP. 1990. J Cell Sci. 96:121-9. | Hall PA et al. 1990. J. Pathol. 162(4):285-94. | Landberg G & Roos G. 1991. Cancer Res. 51 (17):4570-4. | Woods AL et al. 1991. Histopathol. 19(1):21-7 | Yu,CC. et al. 1991. Histopathol. 19(1):29-33