

CD57 / B3GAT1 (Natural Killer Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone HNK-1 or Leu-7] Catalog # AH11296

Specification

CD57 / B3GAT1 (Natural Killer Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype Calculated MW IHC, IF <u>O9P2W7</u> 27087, <u>381050</u> Human Mouse Monoclonal Mouse / IgM, kappa ~110kDa KDa

CD57 / B3GAT1 (Natural Killer Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Additional Information

Gene ID 27087

Other Names Galactosylgalactosylxylosylprotein 3-beta-glucuronosyltransferase 1, 2.4.1.135, Beta-1, 3-glucuronyltransferase 1, Glucuronosyltransferase P, GlcAT-P, UDP-GlcUA:glycoprotein beta-1, 3-glucuronyltransferase, GlcUAT-P, B3GAT1, GLCATP

Application Note IHC~~1:100~500<br \>IF~~1:50~200

Storage Store at 2 to 8°C.Antibody is stable for 24 months.

Precautions

CD57 / B3GAT1 (Natural Killer Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

CD57 / B3GAT1 (Natural Killer Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protein Information

Name B3GAT1 (HGNC:921)

Synonyms GLCATP

Function

Involved in the biosynthesis of L2/HNK-1 carbohydrate epitope on glycoproteins. Can also play a role in glycosaminoglycan biosynthesis. Substrates include asialo-orosomucoid (ASOR), asialo-fetuin, and asialo-neural cell adhesion molecule. Requires sphingomyelin for activity:



stearoyl-sphingomyelin was the most effective, followed by palmitoyl-sphingomyelin and lignoceroyl- sphingomyelin. Activity was demonstrated only for sphingomyelin with a saturated fatty acid and not for that with an unsaturated fatty acid, regardless of the length of the acyl group.

Cellular Location [Isoform 1]: Golgi apparatus membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O35789}; Single-pass type II membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O35789}. Secreted {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O35789}

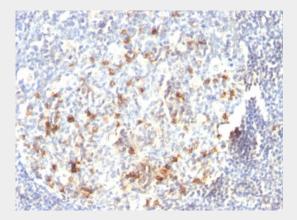
Tissue Location Mainly expressed in the brain.

CD57 / B3GAT1 (Natural Killer Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

CD57 / B3GAT1 (Natural Killer Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Images



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Tonsil stained with CD57 Monoclonal Antibody (HNK-1).

CD57 / B3GAT1 (Natural Killer Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Background

Anti-CD57 marks a subset of lymphocytes known as natural killer (NK) cells. Follicular center cell lymphomas often contain many NK cells within the neoplastic follicles. Anti-CD57 also stains neuroendocrine cells and their derived tumors, including carcinoid tumor and medulloblastoma. Anti-CD57 can also be useful in separating type B3 thymoma from thymic carcinoma when combined with a panel that includes antibodies against GLUT1, CD5, and CEA.

CD57 / B3GAT1 (Natural Killer Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - References



Abo T et. al. J Immunol, 1982, 129(4):1758-61. | Abo T et al. J Immunology, 1982, 129:1752-7