

# GLG1 (Golgi Glycoprotein 1) (Marker for Human Cells) Antibody - With BSA and Azide Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone GLG1/970] **Catalog # AH11335**

## **Specification**

## GLG1 (Golgi Glycoprotein 1) (Marker for Human Cells) Antibody - With BSA and Azide -**Product Information**

**Application Primary Accession** Other Accession Reactivity Host Clonality

Isotype

Calculated MW

WB, IHC, IF, FC, ICC Q92896 <u>2734</u>, <u>109731</u> Human Mouse **Monoclonal** 

Mouse / IgG1, kappa

134kDa KDa

## GLG1 (Golgi Glycoprotein 1) (Marker for Human Cells) Antibody - With BSA and Azide -**Additional Information**

#### **Gene ID 2734**

## **Other Names**

Golgi apparatus protein 1, CFR-1, Cysteine-rich fibroblast growth factor receptor, E-selectin ligand 1, ESL-1, Golgi sialoglycoprotein MG-160, GLG1, CFR1, ESL1, MG160

### **Application Note**

- <span class ="dilution WB">WB~~1:1000</span><br \><span class</pre>
- ="dilution IHC">IHC $\sim$ 1:100 $\sim$ 500</span><br \><span class
- ="dilution IF">IF $\sim$ 1:50 $\sim$ 200</span><br \><span class
- ="dilution FC">FC~~1:10~50</span><br \><span class ="dilution ICC">ICC~~N/A</span>

## **Storage**

Store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months.

## **Precautions**

GLG1 (Golgi Glycoprotein 1) (Marker for Human Cells) Antibody - With BSA and Azide is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# GLG1 (Golgi Glycoprotein 1) (Marker for Human Cells) Antibody - With BSA and Azide -**Protein Information**

## Name GLG1

Synonyms CFR1, ESL1, MG160

#### **Function**

Binds fibroblast growth factor and E-selectin (cell-adhesion lectin on endothelial cells mediating the binding of neutrophils).





### **Cellular Location**

Golgi apparatus membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Golgi outpost {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q62638}. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q62638}. Note=Golgi medial cisternae. Localizes to the postsynaptic Golgi apparatus region, also named Golgi outpost, which shapes dendrite morphology by functioning as sites of acentrosomal microtubule nucleation. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q62638}

### **Tissue Location**

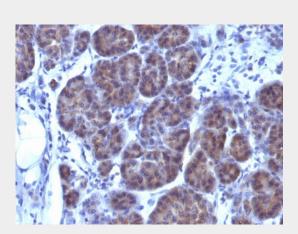
Widely expressed. Highest levels in pancreas, skeletal muscle, placenta, heart, testis and ovary. Also found in the kidney, liver, lung and brain.

# GLG1 (Golgi Glycoprotein 1) (Marker for Human Cells) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# GLG1 (Golgi Glycoprotein 1) (Marker for Human Cells) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Images

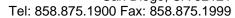


Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Pancreas stained with GLG1 Monoclonal Antibody (GLG1/970).

# GLG1 (Golgi Glycoprotein 1) (Marker for Human Cells) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Background

This MAb recognizes a protein of 134kDa, which binds fibroblast growth factor and E-selectin (cell-adhesion lectin on endothelial cells mediating the binding of neutrophils). Fucosylation is essential for binding to E-selectin. It contains sialic acid residues and 16 Cys-rich GLG1 repeats. This MAb can be used to stain the Golgi complex in cell or tissue preparations and can be used as a Golgi marker in subcellular fractions. It produces a diffuse staining pattern of the Golgi zone in normal and malignant cells. This MAb is an excellent marker for human cells in xenographic model research. It reacts specifically with human cells. The Golgi apparatus is an organelle present in all







eukaryotic cells that forms a part of the endomembrane system. The primary function of the Golgi apparatus is to process and package macromolecules synthesized by the cell for exocytosis or use within the cell. The Golgi is made up of a stack of flattened, membrane-bound sacs known as cisternae, with three functional regions: the cis face, medial region and trans face. Each region consists of various enzymes that selectively modify the macromolecules passing though them, depending on where they are destined to reside. Several spherical vesicles that have budded off of the Golgi are present surrounding the main cisternae. The Golgi tends to be more pronounced and numerous in cells that make and secrete many substances such as plasma B cells.

GLG1 (Golgi Glycoprotein 1) (Marker for Human Cells) Antibody - With BSA and Azide -References

Nakamura et. al. 1995. J. Cell Biol. 131:1715-26. | Nakamura et.al. 1997. Cell. 89(3):445-55