

# Interferon alpha-1 (IFNA1) Antibody - With BSA and Azide

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone 2.52]
Catalog # AH11499

## **Specification**

# Interferon alpha-1 (IFNA1) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Product Information

Application IF, FC Primary Accession P01562

Other Accession 3439, 37026, 533471

Reactivity Human
Host Mouse
Clonality Monoclonal

Isotype Mouse / IgG1, kappa

Calculated MW 16-27kDa KDa

# Interferon alpha-1 (IFNA1) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Additional Information

Gene ID 3439;3447

## **Other Names**

Interferon alpha-1/13, IFN-alpha-1/13, Interferon alpha-D, LeIF D, IFNA1

# **Application Note**

<span class ="dilution\_IF">IF $\sim$ 1:50 $\sim$ 200/span><br/>br \><span class ="dilution FC">FC $\sim$ 1:10 $\sim$ 50/span>

### Storage

Store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months.

#### **Precautions**

Interferon alpha-1 (IFNA1) Antibody - With BSA and Azide is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# Interferon alpha-1 (IFNA1) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protein Information

## Name IFNA1

### **Function**

Produced by macrophages, IFN-alpha have antiviral activities. Interferon stimulates the production of two enzymes: a protein kinase and an oligoadenylate synthetase.

# **Cellular Location**

Secreted.

### Interferon alpha-1 (IFNA1) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protocols





Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Interferon alpha-1 (IFNA1) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Images

Interferon alpha-1 (IFNA1) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Background

This MAb is specific for human interferon alpha 1 and does not cross react with human interferon alpha 2. Interferons are widely used therapeutic agents because of their anti-tumor and anti-viral effects and because of their modulatory effects on the immune system. These cytokines produce their effects by binding to the Type 1 Interferon- & Receptor (IFNAR1). Down regulation of this receptor plays a key role in determining the magnitude and duration of cytokine signaling. This down regulation is influenced by phosphorylation of Serine 535 and 539 in the IFNAR1.

# Interferon alpha-1 (IFNA1) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - References

Pestka S et al. Interferons and their actions. Annu Rev Biochem 1987, 56:727-777 | Sen GC et al.The interferon system. A bird's eye view of its biochemistry. J Biol Chem 1992, 267(8):5017-5020 | Capon DJ et al. Two distinct families of human and bovine interferon-alpha genes are coordinately expressed and encode functional polypeptides. Mol Cell Biol 1985, 5(4):768-779 | Kurane I et al. Induction of interferon alpha from human lymphocytes by autologous, dengue virus-infected monocytes. J Exp Med 1987, 166(4):999-1010 | Lepe-Zuniga JL et al. Production of interferon-alpha induced by dsRNA in human peripheral blood mononuclear cell cultures: role of priming by dsRNA-induced interferons-gamma and -beta. J Interferon Res 1989, 9(4):445-456 | Aman MJ et al. Interferon-alpha stimulates production of interleukin-10 in activated CD4+ T cells and monocytes. Blood 1996, 87(11):4731-473