

**gp100 / Melanosome / PMEL17 / SILV (Melanoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide**  
**Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone PMEL/783 ]**  
**Catalog # AH12309**

**Specification**

**gp100 / Melanosome / PMEL17 / SILV (Melanoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide**  
**- Product Information**

Application	IHC, IF, FC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P40967</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">6490</a> , <a href="#">95972</a>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Mouse / IgG1, kappa
Calculated MW	90-100kDa KDa

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**- Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 6490

**Other Names**

Melanocyte protein PMEL, ME20-M, ME20M, Melanocyte protein Pmel 17, Melanocytes lineage-specific antigen GP100, Melanoma-associated ME20 antigen, P1, P100, Premelanosome protein, Silver locus protein homolog, M-alpha, 95 kDa melanocyte-specific secreted glycoprotein, P26, Secreted melanoma-associated ME20 antigen, ME20-S, ME20S, M-beta, PMEL, D12S53E, PMEL17, SILV

**Application Note**

IHC~~1:100~500  
IF~~1:50~200  
FC~~1:10~50

**Storage**

Store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months.

**Precautions**

gp100 / Melanosome / PMEL17 / SILV (Melanoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

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**- Protein Information**

**Name** PMEL

**Synonyms** D12S53E, PMEL17, SILV

**Function**

Forms physiological amyloids that play a central role in melanosome morphogenesis and

pigmentation. The maturation of unpigmented premelanosomes from stage I to II is marked by assembly of processed amyloidogenic fragments into parallel fibrillar sheets, which elongate the vesicle into a striated ellipsoidal shape. In pigmented stage III and IV melanosomes, the amyloid matrix serves as a platform where eumelanin precursors accumulate at high local concentrations for pigment formation. May prevent pigmentation-associated toxicity by sequestering toxic reaction intermediates of eumelanin biosynthesis pathway.

#### **Cellular Location**

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Golgi apparatus, cis-Golgi network membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endosome, multivesicular body. Melanosome Extracellular vesicle. Secreted. Note=Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV (PubMed:17081065) Localizes predominantly to intraluminal vesicles (ILVs) within multivesicular bodies. Associates with ILVs found within the lumen of premelanosomes and melanosomes and particularly in compartments that serve as precursors to the striated stage II premelanosomes (PubMed:11694580, PubMed:12643545). Sorted to stage I melanosomes following its processing in the ER and cis-Golgi (PubMed:15096515) Transiently expressed at the cell surface before targeting to early melanosomes (PubMed:16760433, PubMed:30988362). Colocalizes with BACE2 in stage I and II melanosomes (PubMed:23754390). Colocalizes with CD63 and APOE at exosomes and in intraluminal vesicles within multivesicular endosomes (PubMed:21962903, PubMed:26387950)

#### **Tissue Location**

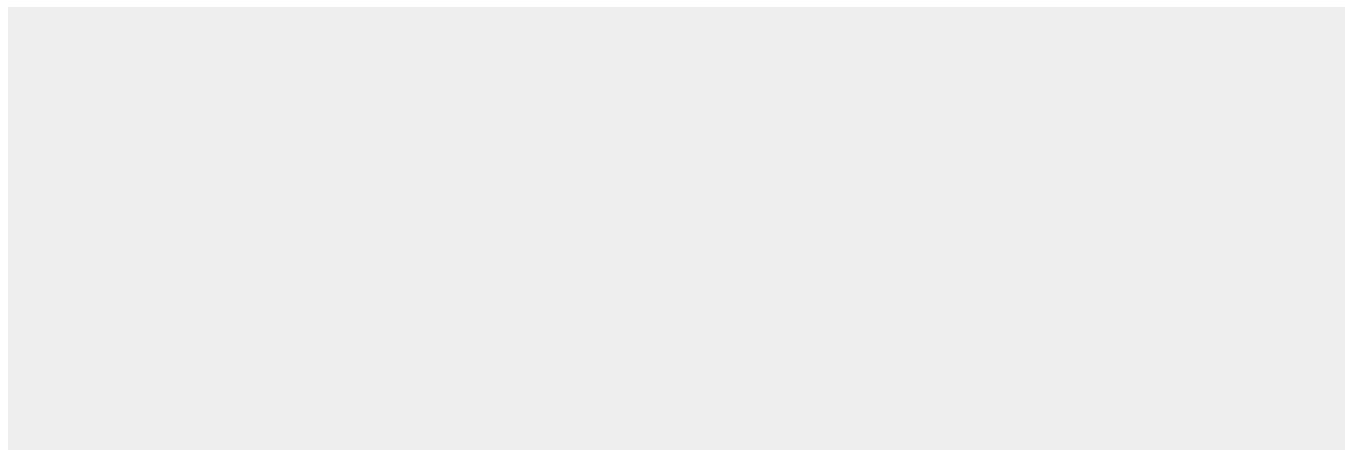
Normally expressed at low levels in quiescent adult melanocytes but overexpressed by proliferating neonatal melanocytes and during tumor growth. Overexpressed in melanomas. Some expression was found in dysplastic nevi.

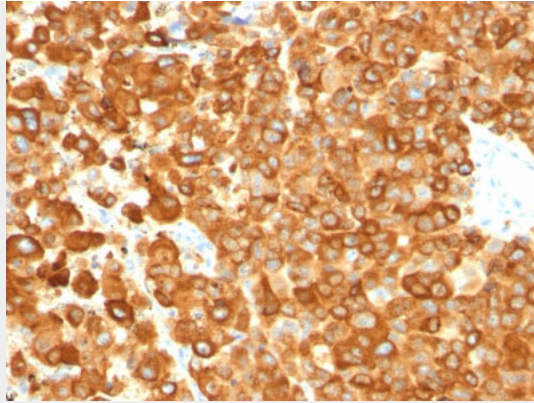
#### **gp100 / Melanosome / PMEL17 / SILV (Melanoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

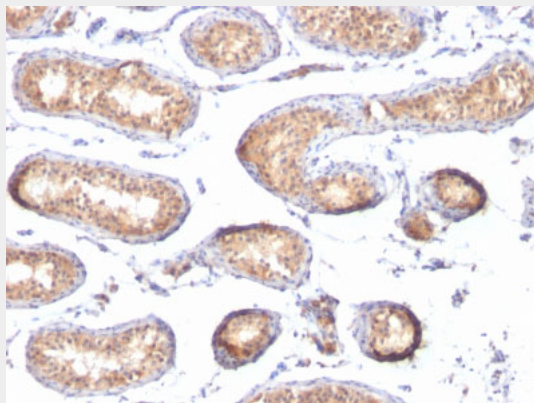
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

#### **gp100 / Melanosome / PMEL17 / SILV (Melanoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Images**





Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Melanoma stained with gp100 / Melanosome Monoclonal Antibody (PMEL/783).



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Testis stained with gp100 / Melanosome Monoclonal Antibody (PMEL/783).

#### **gp100 / Melanosome / PMEL17 / SILV (Melanoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Background**

Cytotoxic T lymphocytes (CTLs) recognize melanoma-associated antigens, which belong to three main groups. These groups include tumor-associated testis-specific antigens, melanocyte differentiation antigens and mutated or aberrantly expressed antigens, which are routinely used as markers to identify melanomas based on their binding to specific monoclonal antibodies. gp100, also designated ME20-M, ME20-S and PMEL 17, is classified as a melanocyte differentiation antigen and is expressed at low levels in normal cell lines and tissues, but is upregulated in melanocytes. gp100 is a highly glycosylated protein. It is also the product of proteolytic cleavage, which results in a secreted protein.

#### **gp100 / Melanosome / PMEL17 / SILV (Melanoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - References**

Adema, G.J., et al. 1994. Molecular characterization of the melanocyte lineage-specific antigen gp100. J. Biol. Chem. 269: 20126-20133