

gp100 / Melanosome / PMEL17 / SILV (Melanoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone HMB45 + PMEL/783 ] Catalog # AH12312

### **Specification**

## gp100 / Melanosome / PMEL17 / SILV (Melanoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Product Information

Application IHC, IF, FC **Primary Accession** P40967 6490, 95972 Other Accession Reactivity Human Host Mouse Clonality **Monoclonal** Isotype Mouse / IgG's Calculated MW 90-100kDa KDa

## gp100 / Melanosome / PMEL17 / SILV (Melanoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Additional Information

#### **Gene ID 6490**

### **Other Names**

Melanocyte protein PMEL, ME20-M, ME20M, Melanocyte protein Pmel 17, Melanocytes lineage-specific antigen GP100, Melanoma-associated ME20 antigen, P1, P100, Premelanosome protein, Silver locus protein homolog, M-alpha, 95 kDa melanocyte-specific secreted glycoprotein, P26, Secreted melanoma-associated ME20 antigen, ME20-S, ME20S, M-beta, PMEL, D12S53E, PMEL17, SILV

### **Application Note**

<span class ="dilution\_IHC">IHC~~1:100~500</span><br \> <span class
="dilution\_IF">IF~~1:50~200</span><br \> <span class = "dilution\_FC">FC~~1:10~50</span>

#### Storage

Store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months.

### **Precautions**

gp100 / Melanosome / PMEL17 / SILV (Melanoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### gp100 / Melanosome / PMEL17 / SILV (Melanoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protein Information

### **Name PMEL**

Synonyms D12S53E, PMEL17, SILV

### **Function**

Forms physiological amyloids that play a central role in melanosome morphogenesis and



pigmentation. The maturation of unpigmented premelanosomes from stage I to II is marked by assembly of processed amyloidogenic fragments into parallel fibrillar sheets, which elongate the vesicle into a striated ellipsoidal shape. In pigmented stage III and IV melanosomes, the amyloid matrix serves as a platform where eumelanin precursors accumulate at high local concentrations for pigment formation. May prevent pigmentation-associated toxicity by sequestering toxic reaction intermediates of eumelanin biosynthesis pathway.

### **Cellular Location**

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Golgi apparatus, cis-Golgi network membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endosome, multivesicular body. Melanosome Extracellular vesicle. Secreted. Note=Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV (PubMed:17081065) Localizes predominantly to intralumenal vesicles (ILVs) within multivesicular bodies. Associates with ILVs found within the lumen of premelanosomes and melanosomes and particularly in compartments that serve as precursors to the striated stage II premelanosomes (PubMed:11694580, PubMed:12643545). Sorted to stage I melanosomes following its processing in the ER and cis-Golgi (PubMed:15096515) Transiently expressed at the cell surface before targeting to early melanosomes (PubMed:16760433, PubMed:30988362). Colocalizes with BACE2 in stage I and II melanosomes (PubMed:23754390). Colocalizes with CD63 and APOE at exosomes and in intraluminal vesicles within multivesicular endosomes (PubMed:21962903, PubMed:26387950)

### **Tissue Location**

Normally expressed at low levels in quiescent adult melanocytes but overexpressed by proliferating neonatal melanocytes and during tumor growth. Overexpressed in melanomas. Some expression was found in dysplastic nevi.

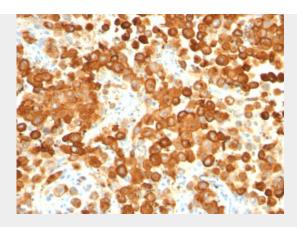
gp100 / Melanosome / PMEL17 / SILV (Melanoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

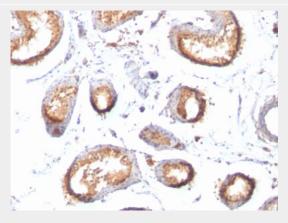
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

gp100 / Melanosome /	PMEL17 / SILV	(Melanoma	Marker)	Antibody -	With BS/	and A	Azide -
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Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Melanoma stained with gp100 / Melanosome Monoclonal Antibody (HMB45  $\pm$  PMEL/783).



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Testis stained with gp100 / Melanosome Monoclonal Antibody (HMB45 + PMEL/783).

# gp100 / Melanosome / PMEL17 / SILV (Melanoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Background

By immunohistochemistry, it specifically recognizes a protein in melanocytes and melanomas. This MAb reacts with junctional and blue nevus cells and variably with fetal and neonatal melanocytes. Intradermal nevi, normal adult melanocytes, and non-melanocytic cells are negative. It does not stain tumor cells of epithelial, lymphoid, glial, or mesenchymal origin. Metastatic amelanotic melanoma can often be confused with a variety of poorly differentiated carcinomas, large cell lymphomas, and sarcomas using H & E stains alone. It is also difficult to differentiate melanoma from spindle cell carcinomas and various types of mesenchymal neoplasms. This MAb stains fetal and neonatal melanocytes, junctional and blue nevus cells, and malignant melanoma. This MAb also stains Angiomyolipoma (PEComa).

# gp100 / Melanosome / PMEL17 / SILV (Melanoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - References

Gown AM, et. al. American Journal of Pathology, 1986, 123(2):195-203