

Tyrosinase-Related Protein-1 (TYRP-1) (Melanoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone TA99 + TYRP1/807] Catalog # AH12487

Specification

Tyrosinase-Related Protein-1 (TYRP-1) (Melanoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype Calculated MW WB, IHC-F, IF, FC <u>P17643</u> <u>7306, 270279</u> Human, Mouse Mouse Monoclonal Mouse / IgG's 75kDa KDa

Tyrosinase-Related Protein-1 (TYRP-1) (Melanoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Additional Information

Gene ID 7306

Other Names

5, 6-dihydroxyindole-2-carboxylic acid oxidase, DHICA oxidase, 1.14.18.-, Catalase B, Glycoprotein 75, Melanoma antigen gp75, Tyrosinase-related protein 1, TRP, TRP-1, TRP1, TYRP1, CAS2, TYRP, TYRRP

Application Note WB~~1:1000<br \>IHC-F~~N/A<br \>IF~~1:50~200<br \>FC~~1:10~50

Storage

Store at 2 to 8°C.Antibody is stable for 24 months.

Precautions

Tyrosinase-Related Protein-1 (TYRP-1) (Melanoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Tyrosinase-Related Protein-1 (TYRP-1) (Melanoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protein Information

Name TYRP1 (HGNC:12450)

Function

Plays a role in melanin biosynthesis (PubMed:16704458, PubMed:22556244, PubMed:<a



href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23504663" target="_blank">23504663). Catalyzes the oxidation of 5,6- dihydroxyindole-2-carboxylic acid (DHICA) into indole-5,6-quinone-2carboxylic acid in the presence of bound Cu(2+) ions, but not in the presence of Zn(2+) (PubMed:28661582). May regulate or influence the type of melanin synthesized (PubMed:16704458, PubMed:22556244). Also to a lower extent, capable of hydroxylating tyrosine and producing melanin (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Melanosome membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P07147}; Single-pass type I membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P07147}. Note=Located to mature stage III and IV melanosomes and apposed endosomal tubular membranes. Transported to pigmented melanosomes by the BLOC-1 complex. Proper trafficking to melanosome is regulated by SGSM2, ANKRD27, RAB9A, RAB32 and RAB38 {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P07147}

Tissue Location Pigment cells.

Tyrosinase-Related Protein-1 (TYRP-1) (Melanoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- <u>Dot Blot</u>
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Tyrosinase-Related Protein-1 (TYRP-1) (Melanoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Images

Tyrosinase-Related Protein-1 (TYRP-1) (Melanoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Background

It reacts with a 75kDa melanocyte-specific gene product, identified as Tyrosinase-related protein-1 (TRP-1). It is involved in melanin synthesis. TRP1 is present on the melanosomal membranes of melanoma, normal melanocytes and nevi.ĀRecent evidence suggests that TRP-1 is involved in maintaining stability of tyrosinase protein and modulating its catalytic activity. TRP-1 is also involved in maintenance of melanosome ultrastructure and affects melanocyte proliferation and cell death.

Tyrosinase-Related Protein-1 (TYRP-1) (Melanoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - References

FASEB J. 2010;24(5):1616-29. | Clin Cancer Res. 2007;13:566-75. | Orlow, S.J., et al. 1994. High-molecular-weight forms of tyrosinase and the tyrosinase-related proteins: evidence for a melanogenic complex. J. Invest. Dermatol. 103: 196-201