10320 Camino Santa Fe, Suite G
San Diego, CA 92121
Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999

CD63 (Late Endosomes Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone NKI/C3 + LAMP3/968]
Catalog # AH12788

Specification

CD63 (Late Endosomes Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Product Information

Application	**IHC, IF, FC**
Primary Accession	P08962
Other Accession	967, 445570
Reactivity	**Human**
Host	**Mouse**
Clonality	**Monoclonal**
Isotype	**Mouse / IgG's**
Calculated MW	**26kDa (core protein); 30-60kDa (glycosylated) KDa**

CD63 (Late Endosomes Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Additional Information

Gene ID 967

Other Names
CD63 antigen, Granulophysin, Lysosomal-associated membrane protein 3, LAMP-3, Melanoma-associated antigen ME491, OMA81H, Ocular melanoma-associated antigen, Tetraspanin-30, Tspan-30, CD63, CD63, MLA1, TSPAN30

Application Note
IHC~~1:100~500<br \>IF~~1:50~200<br \>FC~~1:10~50

Storage
Store at 2 to 8°C.Antibody is stable for 24 months.

Precautions
CD63 (Late Endosomes Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

CD63 (Late Endosomes Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protein Information

Name CD63

Synonyms MLA1, TSPAN30

Function
Functions as a cell surface receptor for TIMP1 and plays a role in the activation of cellular signaling cascades. Plays a role in the activation of ITGB1 and integrin signaling, leading to the activation of AKT, FAK/PTK2 and MAP kinases. Promotes cell survival, reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton, cell adhesion, spreading and migration, via its role in the activation of AKT and FAK/PTK2. Plays a role in VEGFA signaling via its role in regulating the internalization of KDR/VEGFR2. Plays a role in

intracellular vesicular transport processes, and is required for normal trafficking of the PMEL luminal domain that is essential for the development and maturation of melanocytes. Plays a role in the adhesion of leukocytes onto endothelial cells via its role in the regulation of SELP trafficking. May play a role in mast cell degranulation in response to Ms4a2/FceRI stimulation, but not in mast cell degranulation in response to other stimuli.

Cellular Location
Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Lysosome membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Late endosome membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Endosome, multivesicular body. Melanosome. Secreted, extracellular exosome. Cell surface. Note=Also found in Weibel-Palade bodies of endothelial cells (PubMed:10793155). Located in platelet dense granules (PubMed:7682577). Detected in a subset of pre-melanosomes Detected on intralumenal vesicles (ILVs) within multivesicular bodies (PubMed:21962903).

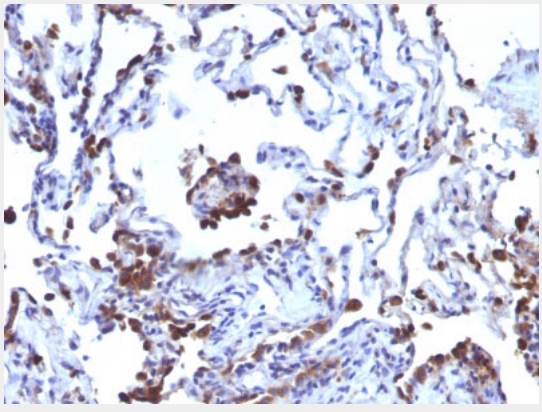
Tissue Location
Detected in platelets (at protein level). Dysplastic nevi, radial growth phase primary melanomas, hematopoietic cells, tissue macrophages.

CD63 (Late Endosomes Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

CD63 (Late Endosomes Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Images



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Melanoma metastasized to Lung stained with CD63 Monoclonal Antibody (NKI/C3 + LAMP3/968)

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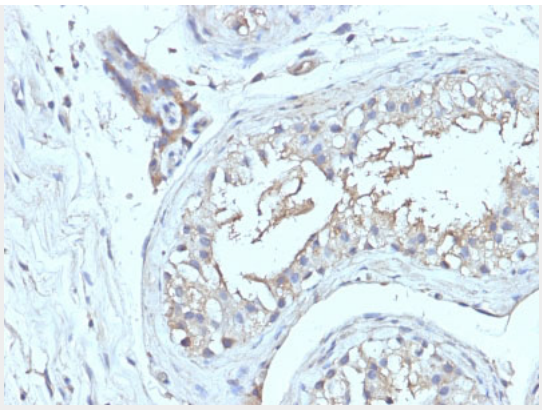
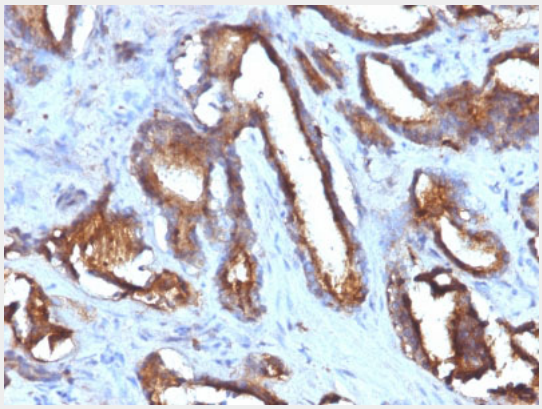


Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Testicular Carcinoma stained with CD63 Monoclonal Antibody (NKI/C3 + LAMP3/968)



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Prostate Carcinoma stained with CD63 Monoclonal Antibody (NKI/C3 + LAMP3/968)

CD63 (Late Endosomes Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Background

This MAb recognizes protein of 26kDa-60kDa, which is identified as CD63. The tetraspanins are integral membrane proteins expressed on cell surface and granular membranes of hematopoietic cells and are components of multi-molecular complexes with specific integrins. The tetraspanin CD63 is a lysosomal membrane glycoprotein that translocates to the plasma membrane after platelet activation. CD63 is expressed on activated platelets, monocytes and macrophages, and is weakly expressed on granulocytes, T cell and B cells. It is located on the basophilic granule membranes and on the plasma membranes of lymphocytes and granulocytes. CD63 is a member of the TM4 superfamily of leukocyte glycoproteins that includes CD9, CD37 and CD53, which contain four transmembrane regions. CD63 may play a role in phagocytic and intracellular lysosome-phagosome fusion events. CD63 deficiency is associated with Hermansky-Pudlak syndrome and is strongly expressed during the early stages of melanoma progression.

CD63 (Late Endosomes Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - References

Duffield, A., et al. 2003. The tetraspanin CD63 enhances the internalization of the H/K-ATPase β subunit. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 100: 15560-15565