

GITR / Tnfrsf18 (mouse) Antibody - With BSA and Azide Rat Monoclonal Antibody [Clone DTA-1] Catalog # AH12852

Specification

GITR / Tnfrsf18 (mouse) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype Calculated MW IF, FC <u>O35714</u> <u>21936 (Mouse)</u>, <u>3180 (Mouse)</u>, <u>482508 (Mouse)</u> Mouse Rat Monoclonal Rat / IgG2b, lambda 66-70kDa (Homodimer) KDa

GITR / Tnfrsf18 (mouse) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Additional Information

Gene ID 21936

Other Names Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 18, Glucocorticoid-induced TNFR-related protein, CD357, Tnfrsf18, Gitr

Application Note IF~~1:50~200<br \>FC~~1:10~50

Storage Store at 2 to 8°C.Antibody is stable for 24 months.

Precautions GITR / Tnfrsf18 (mouse) Antibody - With BSA and Azide is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

GITR / Tnfrsf18 (mouse) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protein Information

Name Tnfrsf18

Synonyms Gitr

Function

Receptor for TNFSF18. Seems to be involved in interactions between activated T-lymphocytes and endothelial cells and in the regulation of T-cell receptor-mediated cell death. Mediated NF-kappa-B activation via the TRAF2/NIK pathway (By similarity).

Cellular Location

[Isoform A]: Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein [Isoform C]: Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein



Tissue Location

Preferentially expressed in activated T lymphocytes

GITR / Tnfrsf18 (mouse) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

GITR / Tnfrsf18 (mouse) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Images

GITR / Tnfrsf18 (mouse) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Background

GITR (glucocorticoid-induced TNFR-related gene) is a member of the TNF-receptor superfamily, also known as TNFRSF18. It is expressed at low levels on resting T lymphocytes and at high levels on CD25+ACD4+ATregs. The expression of GITR on T cells can be upregulated upon activation. Interaction of GITR with its ligand (GITRL) has been demonstrated to augment T cell activation, proliferation, cytokine production as well as MAPKs and NF-Irß activation, and abrogate the inhibitory function of ACD25+ACD4+ATregs. In vivoAactivation of GITR causes development of autoimmune diseases and restores the suppressed immune response.

GITR / Tnfrsf18 (mouse) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - References

Stephens GL, et al. 2004. J. Immunol. 173:5008. | Tone M, et al. 2003. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 100:15059