

Anti-Factor XIIIa Antibody

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AH13210

Specification

Anti-Factor XIIIa Antibody - Product Information

Application ,1,14,3,4,10,
Primary Accession P00488

Other Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Monoclonal

Isotype Mouse / IgG2b, kappa

Calculated MW 83268

Anti-Factor XIIIa Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 2162

Other Names

Coagulation factor XIII A chain; Coagulation factor XIII A1 polypeptide; Coagulation factor XIIIa; F13A; F13a1; Factor XIIIA; Fibrin stabilizing factor, A subunit; Fibrinoligase; FSF, A subunit; Protein-glutamine gamma-glutamyltransferase A chain; TGase; Transglutaminase A chain; Transglutaminase. plasma

Format

200ug/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.

Storage

Store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months.

Precautions

Anti-Factor XIIIa Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Anti-Factor XIIIa Antibody - Protein Information

Name F13A1

Synonyms F13A

Function

Factor XIII is activated by thrombin and calcium ion to a transglutaminase that catalyzes the formation of gamma-glutamyl- epsilon-lysine cross-links between fibrin chains, thus stabilizing the fibrin clot. Also cross-link alpha-2-plasmin inhibitor, or fibronectin, to the alpha chains of fibrin.

Cellular Location



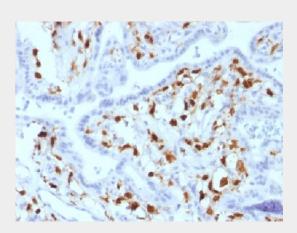
Cytoplasm. Secreted. Note=Secreted into the blood plasma. Cytoplasmic in most tissues, but also secreted in the blood plasma

Anti-Factor XIIIa Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Anti-Factor XIIIa Antibody - Images



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Placenta stained with Factor XIIIa Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (SPM180).

Anti-Factor XIIIa Antibody - Background

It recognizes a protein of 83kDa, which is identified as Factor XIIIa. It has been identified in platelets, megakaryocytes, and fibroblast-like mesenchymal or histiocytic cells in the placenta, uterus, and prostate, monocytes and macrophages and dermal dendritic cells. Anti-factor XIIIa has been found to be useful in differentiating between dermatofibroma (almost all cases are positive), dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans (-/+) and desmoplastic malignant melanoma (-). Anti-factor XIIIa positivity is also seen in capillary hemagioblastoma, hemangioendothelioma, hemangiopericytoma, xanthogranuloma, xanthoma, hepatocellular carcinoma, glomus tumor, and meningioma.