

**Glra3 antibody - middle region**  
**Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog # AI10781****Specification****Glra3 antibody - middle region - Product Information**

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| Application       | WB  |
| Primary Accession | <a href="#">Q91XP5</a>  |
| Other Accession   | <a href="#">NM_080438</a> , <a href="#">NP_536686</a>         |
| Reactivity        | Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Zebrafish, Pig, Horse, Bovine, Dog |
| Predicted         | Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Zebrafish, Pig, Chicken, Bovine    |
| Host              | Rabbit  |
| Clonality         | Polyclonal  |
| Calculated MW     | 56kDa KDa   |

**Glra3 antibody - middle region - Additional Information****Gene ID** 110304**Other Names**

Glycine receptor subunit alpha-3, Glra3

**Format**

Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.

**Reconstitution & Storage**

Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-Glra3 antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at 20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

Glra3 antibody - middle region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**Glra3 antibody - middle region - Protein Information****Name** Glra3**Function**

Glycine receptors are ligand-gated chloride channels. Channel opening is triggered by extracellular glycine (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15131310" target="\_blank">15131310</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20978350" target="\_blank">20978350</a>). Channel characteristics depend on the subunit composition; heteropentameric channels display faster channel closure (By similarity). Plays an important role in the down-regulation of neuronal excitability. Contributes to the generation of inhibitory postsynaptic currents (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15131310" target="\_blank">15131310</a>). Contributes to increased pain perception in response to

increased prostaglandin E2 levels (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15131310" target="\_blank">15131310</a>). Plays a role in the regulation of breathing rhythm, especially of the duration of the postinspiratory phase (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20978350" target="\_blank">20978350</a>). Plays a role in cellular responses to ethanol (By similarity).

#### Cellular Location

Postsynaptic cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Synapse. Perikaryon. Cell projection, dendrite {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P24524}. Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Note=Partially colocalizes with GPHN that is known to mediate receptor clustering at postsynaptic membranes

#### Tissue Location

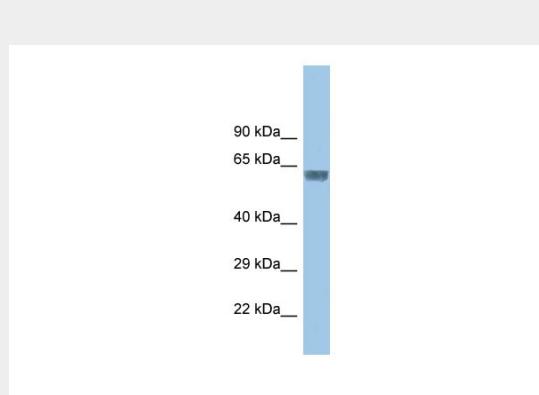
Detected in brainstem, also in neurons that control rhythmic breathing (PubMed:20978350). Detected in superficial laminae of the dorsal horn of the thoracic spinal cord (PubMed:15131310). Detected in dentate gyrus in hippocampus, especially in stratum granulare (PubMed:19723286). Detected in the inner plexiform layer in the retina (at protein level) (PubMed:12975813). Detected in midbrain, thalamus, brain cortex, hippocampus, and at lower levels in cerebellum (PubMed:19723286).

#### Glra3 antibody - middle region - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

#### Glra3 antibody - middle region - Images



WB Suggested Anti-Glra3 Antibody Titration: 1.0 µg/ml  
Positive Control: Mouse Small Intestine