

Gapdh Antibody - C-terminal region

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # Al11694

Specification

Gapdh Antibody - C-terminal region - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession P16858

Other Accession NM 008084, NP 032110

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Horse, Bovine,

Dog

Predicted Human, Mouse, Rat, Pig, Horse, Bovine

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 36kDa KDa

Gapdh Antibody - C-terminal region - Additional Information

Gene ID 14433

Alias Symbol Gapd, MGC102544, MGC102546,

MGC103190, MGC103191, MGC105239

Other Names

Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase, GAPDH, 1.2.1.12, Peptidyl-cysteine S-nitrosylase GAPDH, 2.6.99.-, Gapdh, Gapd

Format

Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.

Reconstitution & Storage

Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-Gapdh antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at 20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Gapdh Antibody - C-terminal region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Gapdh Antibody - C-terminal region - Protein Information

Name Gapdh

Synonyms Gapd

Function

Has both glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase and nitrosylase activities, thereby playing a role in glycolysis and nuclear functions, respectively (PubMed:<a

 $href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19903941"\ target="_blank">19903941).$

Glyceraldehyde-3- phosphate dehydrogenase is a key enzyme in glycolysis that catalyzes the first



step of the pathway by converting D-glyceraldehyde 3- phosphate (G3P) into 3-phospho-D-glyceroyl phosphate (PubMed: 19903941). Modulates the organization and assembly of the cytoskeleton (By similarity). Facilitates the CHP1-dependent microtubule and membrane associations through its ability to stimulate the binding of CHP1 to microtubules (By similarity). Component of the GAIT (gamma interferon- activated inhibitor of translation) complex which mediates interferongamma-induced transcript-selective translation inhibition in inflammation processes (PubMed: 23071094). Upon interferon-gamma treatment assembles into the GAIT complex which binds to stem loopcontaining GAIT elements in the 3'-UTR of diverse inflammatory mRNAs (such as ceruplasmin) and suppresses their translation (PubMed:23071094). Also plays a role in innate immunity by promoting TNF-induced NF-kappa-B activation and type I interferon production, via interaction with TRAF2 and TRAF3, respectively (By similarity). Participates in nuclear events including transcription, RNA transport. DNA replication and apoptosis. Nuclear functions are probably due to the nitrosylase activity that mediates cysteine S-nitrosylation of nuclear target proteins such as SIRT1, HDAC2 and PRKDC (By similarity).

Cellular Location

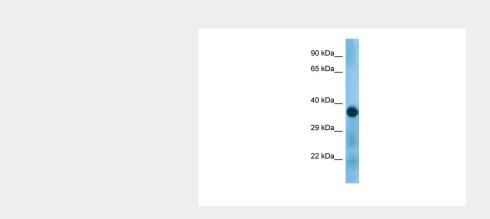
Cytoplasm, cytosol {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P04797}. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P04797}. Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P04797} Note=Translocates to the nucleus following S-nitrosylation and interaction with SIAH1, which contains a nuclear localization signal Colocalizes with CHP1 to small punctate structures along the microtubules tracks. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P04797}

Gapdh Antibody - C-terminal region - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

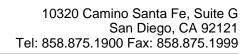
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Gapdh Antibody - C-terminal region - Images



Host: Rabbit

Target Name: Gapdh





Sample Tissue: Mouse Muscle lysates Antibody Dilution: $1.0\mu g/ml$