

**SBDS antibody - N-terminal region**  
**Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog # AI12611****Specification**

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**SBDS antibody - N-terminal region - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q9Y3A5</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">NM_016038</a> , <a href="#">NP_057122</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Zebrafish, Pig, Horse, Bovine, Guinea Pig, Dog
Predicted	Human, Mouse, Rat, Zebrafish, Pig, Chicken, Bovine, Dog
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	28kDa KDa

**SBDS antibody - N-terminal region - Additional Information****Gene ID** 51119**Alias Symbol** CGI-97, FLJ10917, SDS, SWDS**Other Names**

Ribosome maturation protein SBDS, Shwachman-Bodian-Diamond syndrome protein, SBDS

**Format**

Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.

**Reconstitution & Storage**

Add 100 ul of distilled water. Final anti-SBDS antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at 20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

SBDS antibody - N-terminal region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**SBDS antibody - N-terminal region - Protein Information****Name** SBDS**Function**

Required for the assembly of mature ribosomes and ribosome biogenesis. Together with EFL1, triggers the GTP-dependent release of EIF6 from 60S pre-ribosomes in the cytoplasm, thereby activating ribosomes for translation competence by allowing 80S ribosome assembly and facilitating EIF6 recycling to the nucleus, where it is required for 60S rRNA processing and nuclear export. Required for normal levels of protein synthesis. May play a role in cellular stress resistance. May play a role in cellular response to DNA damage. May play a role in cell proliferation.

**Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Nucleus, nucleolus. Nucleus, nucleoplasm. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle.

Note=Primarily detected in the cytoplasm, and at low levels in nucleus and nucleolus (PubMed:17475909, PubMed:19602484). Detected in the nucleolus during G1 and G2 phase of the cell cycle, and diffusely distributed in the nucleus during S phase. Detected at the mitotic spindle. Colocalizes with the microtubule organizing center during interphase (PubMed:19759903).

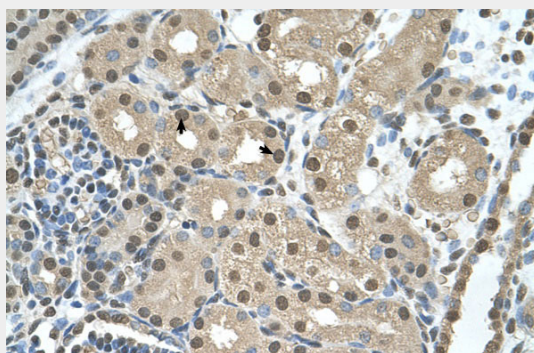
**Tissue Location**

Widely expressed.

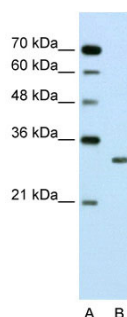
**SBDS antibody - N-terminal region - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

**SBDS antibody - N-terminal region - Images**

Human kidney



WB Suggested Anti-SBDS Antibody Titration: 2.5µg/ml  
Positive Control: Jurkat cell lysate

**SBDS antibody - N-terminal region - References**

Austin, K.M., (2005) Blood 106(4), 1253-1258 Reconstitution and Storage: For short term use, store at 2-8°C up to 1 week. For long term storage, store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles. Publications: Sezgin, G. et al. Impaired growth, hematopoietic colony formation, and ribosomal maturation in human cells depleted of Shwachman-Diamond syndrome protein SBDS. Pediatr. Blood Cancer 60, 281-6 (2013). WB, Dog, Pig, Mouse, Horse, Human, Guinea pig, Bovine, Rat, Rabbit, Zebrafish 22997148