

# WDFY3 antibody - C-terminal region

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # Al13240

#### Specification

## WDFY3 antibody - C-terminal region - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity

Predicted

Host Clonality Calculated MW WB <u>O8IZO1</u> <u>NM\_178583</u>, <u>NP\_848698</u> Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Horse, Bovine, Guinea Pig, Dog Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Chicken, Horse, Bovine, Guinea Pig, Dog Rabbit Polyclonal 90kDa KDa

## WDFY3 antibody - C-terminal region - Additional Information

Gene ID 23001

Alias Symbol ALFY, KIAA0993, MGC16461, ZFYVE25 Other Names WD repeat and FYVE domain-containing protein 3, Autophagy-linked FYVE protein, Alfy, WDFY3, KIAA0993

Format

Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.

#### **Reconstitution & Storage**

Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-WDFY3 antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at 20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** WDFY3 antibody - C-terminal region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## WDFY3 antibody - C-terminal region - Protein Information

Name WDFY3

Synonyms KIAA0993

Function

Required for selective macroautophagy (aggrephagy). Acts as an adapter protein by linking specific proteins destined for degradation to the core autophagic machinery members, such as the ATG5- ATG12-ATG16L E3-like ligase, SQSTM1 and LC3 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20417604" target="\_blank">20417604</a>). Along with



p62/SQSTM1, involved in the formation and autophagic degradation of cytoplasmic ubiquitin-containing inclusions (p62 bodies, ALIS/aggresome-like induced structures). Along with SQSTM1, required to recruit ubiguitinated proteins to PML bodies in the nucleus (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20168092" target="\_blank">20168092</a>). Important for normal brain development. Essential for the formation of axonal tracts throughout the brain and spinal cord, including the formation of the major forebrain commissures. Involved in the ability of neural cells to respond to guidance cues. Required for cortical neurons to respond to the trophic effects of netrin-1/NTN1 (By similarity). Regulates Wnt signaling through the removal of DVL3 aggregates, likely in an autophagy-dependent manner. This process may be important for the determination of brain size during embryonic development (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27008544" target=" blank">27008544</a>). May regulate osteoclastogenesis by acting on the TNFSF11/RANKL - TRAF6 pathway (By similarity). After cytokinetic abscission, involved in midbody remnant degradation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24128730" target=" blank">24128730</a>). In vitro strongly binds to phosphatidylinositol 3-phosphate (PtdIns3P) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15292400" target=" blank">15292400</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus membrane. Cytoplasm, cytosol. Nucleus, PML body. Membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side Perikaryon {ECO:000250|UniProtKB:Q6VNB8}. Cell projection, axon {ECO:000250|UniProtKB:Q6VNB8}. Note=Relocalization from the nucleus to the cytosol is stimulated by cellular stress, such as starvation or proteasomal inhibition. In the cytosol of starved cells, colocalizes with autophagic structures (PubMed:15292400, PubMed:20168092, PubMed:20417604, PubMed:20971078). This redistribution is dependent on p62/SQSTM1 (PubMed:20168092). When nuclear export is blocked by treatment with leptomycin B, accumulates in nuclear bodies, that completely or partially colocalize with promyelocytic leukemia (PML) bodies (PubMed:20168092). Localizes throughout neurons, including within axons. In neurons, enriched in the light membrane fraction along with the synaptosomal membrane protein synaptophysin and the membrane- bound form of LC3/MAP1LC3A/MAP1LC3B, called LC3-II, a classic marker for autophagic vesicles (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q6VNB8, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15292400, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20168092, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20417604, ECO:0000269|PubMed:2017078}

#### **Tissue Location**

Expressed in osteoclast and their mononuclear precursors (at protein level).

## WDFY3 antibody - C-terminal region - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

WDFY3 antibody - C-terminal region - Images





WB Suggested Anti-WDFY3 Antibody Titration: 0.2-1  $\mu\text{g/ml}$  Positive Control: Human brain

## WDFY3 antibody - C-terminal region - References

Simonsen A., et al.J. Cell Sci. 117:4239-4251(2004). Hillier L.W., et al.Nature 434:724-731(2005). Nagase T., et al.DNA Res. 6:63-70(1999). Nakajima D., et al.DNA Res. 9:99-106(2002). Ota T., et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).