

Cdkn3 antibody - N-terminal region
Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # AI13589**Specification**

Cdkn3 antibody - N-terminal region - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	Q810P3
Other Accession	NM_028222 , NP_082498
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Horse, Guinea Pig, Dog
Predicted	Human, Mouse, Rat, Pig, Chicken, Horse, Guinea Pig
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	23kDa KDa

Cdkn3 antibody - N-terminal region - Additional Information**Gene ID** 72391**Alias Symbol** 2410006H10Rik**Other Names**

Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 3, Cdkn3 {ECO:0000312|MGI:MGI:1919641}

Format

Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.

Reconstitution & Storage

Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-Cdkn3 antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at 20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Cdkn3 antibody - N-terminal region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Cdkn3 antibody - N-terminal region - Protein Information**Name** Cdkn3 {ECO:0000312|MGI:MGI:1919641}**Function**

May play a role in cell cycle regulation. Dual specificity phosphatase active toward substrates containing either phosphotyrosine or phosphoserine residues. Dephosphorylates CDK2 at 'Thr-160' in a cyclin-dependent manner (By similarity).

Cellular Location

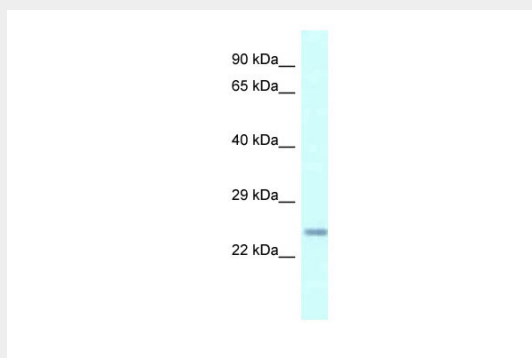
Cytoplasm, perinuclear region {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q16667}

Cdkn3 antibody - N-terminal region - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Cdkn3 antibody - N-terminal region - Images



WB Suggested Anti-Cdkn3 Antibody Titration: 1.0 µg/ml
Positive Control: Mouse Heart

Cdkn3 antibody - N-terminal region - References

Carninci P., et al. Science 309:1559-1563(2005).