

Dak antibody - N-terminal region
Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # AI13770**Specification**

Dak antibody - N-terminal region - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	Q8VC30
Other Accession	NM_145496 , NP_663471
Reactivity	Human, Bovine
Predicted	Mouse, Guinea Pig
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	64kDa KDa

Dak antibody - N-terminal region - Additional Information**Gene ID** 225913**Alias Symbol** BC021917, MGC28742**Other Names**

Bifunctional ATP-dependent dihydroxyacetone kinase/FAD-AMP lyase (cyclizing), ATP-dependent dihydroxyacetone kinase, DHA kinase, 2.7.1.28, 2.7.1.29, Glycerone kinase, Triokinase, Triose kinase, FAD-AMP lyase (cyclizing), 4.6.1.15, FAD-AMP lyase (cyclic FMN forming), FMN cyclase, Dak

Format

Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.

Reconstitution & Storage

Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-Dak antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at 20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Dak antibody - N-terminal region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Dak antibody - N-terminal region - Protein Information**Name** Tkfc {ECO:0000312|MGI:MGI:2385084}**Function**

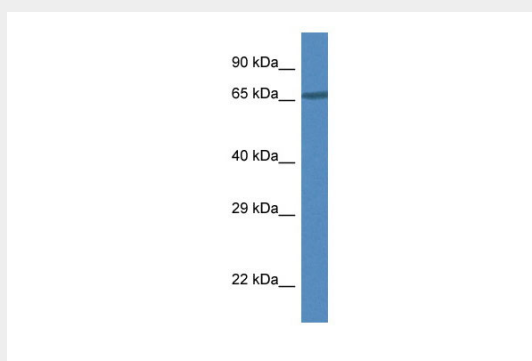
Catalyzes both the phosphorylation of dihydroxyacetone and of glyceraldehyde, and the splitting of ribonucleoside diphosphate-X compounds among which FAD is the best substrate. Represses IFIH1- mediated cellular antiviral response.

Dak antibody - N-terminal region - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Dak antibody - N-terminal region - Images



WB Suggested Anti-Dak Antibody Titration: 1.0 μ g/ml
Positive Control: Mouse Pancreas