

Gucy1b3 antibody - N-terminal region
Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # AI14628**Specification**

Gucy1b3 antibody - N-terminal region - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	O54865
Other Accession	NM_017469 , NP_059497
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Bovine, Guinea Pig, Dog
Predicted	Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Chicken, Guinea Pig
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	70kDa KDa

Gucy1b3 antibody - N-terminal region - Additional Information**Gene ID** 54195**Alias Symbol** GC-S-beta-1, GCbeta1**Other Names**

Guanylate cyclase soluble subunit beta-1, GCS-beta-1, 4.6.1.2, Guanylate cyclase soluble subunit beta-3, GCS-beta-3, Soluble guanylate cyclase small subunit, Gucy1b3

Format

Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.

Reconstitution & Storage

Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-Gucy1b3 antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at 20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Gucy1b3 antibody - N-terminal region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Gucy1b3 antibody - N-terminal region - Protein Information**Name** Gucy1b1**Synonyms** Gucy1b3**Function**

Mediates responses to nitric oxide (NO) by catalyzing the biosynthesis of the signaling molecule cGMP.

Cellular Location

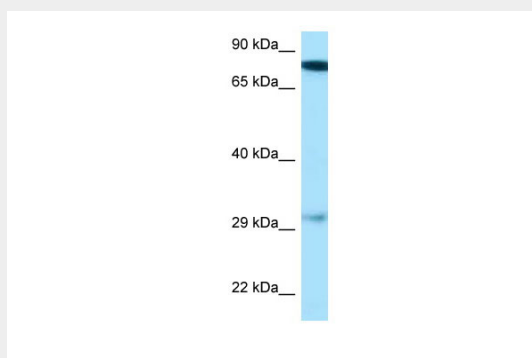
Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P16068}.

Gucy1b3 antibody - N-terminal region - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Gucy1b3 antibody - N-terminal region - Images



WB Suggested Anti-Gucy1b3 Antibody Titration: 1.0 µg/ml
Positive Control: Mouse Heart

Gucy1b3 antibody - N-terminal region - References

Ganseman Y., et al. Submitted (AUG-1997) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
Sharina I.G., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 97:10878-10883(2000).